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ON

PUBLIC INSTRUCTION IN BENGAL

FOR

1918-19.



CALCUTTA :

THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT BOOK DEPÔT.

1920.

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REPORT

ON

PUBLIC INSTRUCTION IN BENGAL

FOR

1918-19.

CHAPTER I.

Introductory.

1. The total number of all classes of institutions, both public and private, increased from 50,887 to 51,701, or by 814 ; while that of pupils attending them decreased from 1,965,273 to 1,931,535, or by 33,738. The increase of 814 institutions is the net result of a loss of 106 in the number of private institutions and a gain of 920 in that of public institutions. Public institutions increased from 48,303 to 49,223, while private institutions decreased from 2,584 to 2,478. A decrease in the number of pupils is recorded in the case of both public and private institutions. The number of pupils in public institutions decreased from 1,892,951 to 1,862,326, or by 30,625 ; and that of pupils in private institutions from 72,322 to 69,209, or by 3,113. The decrease was due to adverse economic conditions, failure of crops and the prevalence of influenza and other diseases. Of the total number of pupils in all classes of schools, 1,605,646 were males and 325,889 were females as compared with 1,648,078 and 317,195, respectively, in the preceding year.

Total number of institutions and pupils.

2. The number of public institutions, returned on the 31st March 1919, included 53 arts and professional colleges, 847 high schools, 1,966 middle schools, 44,925 primary and 1,432 special schools. The corresponding figures for the previous year were 52 ; 767 ; 2,019 ; 44,111 and 1,354, respectively. Classified according to management 412 of these institutions were under the direct management of Government and 2,976 under that of district boards and municipalities, while 38,671 were aided and 7,164 unaided. The corresponding figures for the preceding year were 416 ; 2,954 ; 37,096 and 7,837, respectively.

Different classes of public institutions.

3. The total expenditure on public instruction increased during the year from Rs. 25,493,539 in 1917-18 to Rs. 27,757,635, or by Rs. 2,264,096. Of this amount Rs. 19,427,078 represented direct and Rs. 8,330,557 indirect expenditure as compared with Rs. 18,478,285 and Rs. 7,015,254, respectively, in the previous year. The expenditure incurred from different sources during the years 1917-18 and 1918-19 is shown below :—

Total expenditure on public instruction.

Head.	1918-19.	1917-18.	Difference—increase.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Provincial revenues ...	8,627,261	8,246,905	380,356
2. District funds ...	1,336,207	1,249,821	86,386
3. Municipal funds ...	194,703	187,082	7,621
4. Fees ...	12,664,883	11,395,876	1,269,007
5. Other private sources ...	4,934,581	4,413,855	520,726
Total ...	27,757,635	25,493,539	2,264,096

The above table shows an all round increase of expenditure during the year, the most marked increases having been under the heads of "Provincial revenues" and "Fees" and "Other private sources." The increase under "Provincial revenues" was almost entirely due to the Imperial grants. The enhanced fee receipts testify to the ever-increasing popular demand for certain grades of education—a demand which persists in spite of economic distress.

CHAPTER II.

Controlling Agencies.

Indian
Educational
Service.

4. The strength of the Indian Educational Service cadre on the 31st March 1919 was the same as at the close of the year 1917-18, viz.—49 permanent posts on ordinary rates of pay, 4 on special rates of pay and 1 temporary post on the ordinary rate of pay.

Provincial
Educational
Service.

5. On the 31st March 1918 the Provincial Educational Service cadre contained 162 appointments : 161 permanent and 1 temporary. Eleven posts—10 permanent and 1 temporary—were added during the year under review. The cadre thus contained 173 appointments—171 permanent and 2 temporary—at the close of the year 1918-19. Among the additions during the year 3 appointments were created for certain secondary schools for girls, 2 for additional assistant inspectresses of schools and 6 for professors in colleges.

Subordinate
Educational
Service.

6. The Subordinate Educational Service cadre consisted of 809 appointments at the close of the year 1917-18. During the year under review 92 posts were added. Of these 53 appointments were created in consequence of the permanent provincialization of the four high schools at Jhalakati, Bhola and Perojpur in the district of Bakarganj and at Jamalpur in the district of Mymensingh. The remaining 39 posts were created to improve the staff of certain colleges and secondary schools. The strength of the service on the 31st March 1919 was thus 901 posts.

Lower
Subordinate
Educational
Service.

7. On the 31st March 1919, the number of appointments in the Lower Subordinate Educational Service was 728 as against 733 on the corresponding date of the preceding year, 16 posts having been abolished and 11 added during the year.

Officers not
within the
classified lists.

8. The number of posts outside the graded educational services was 485 on the 31st March 1919, against 527 at the close of the previous year. During the year 9 posts were created and 51 abolished. Of the officers 32 drew salaries of Rs. 200 a month or more and 453 salaries ranging from Rs. 15 to Rs. 175. Besides these there were 393 additional appointments for teachers of *guru*-training schools (including *muallim* training schools) and model girls' schools carrying salaries ranging from Rs. 6 to Rs. 30 a month.

Direction.

9. During the year under review the Assistant Director of Public Instruction for Muhammadan Education returned from military duty.

Inspecting
Agency.

10. The subjoined table shows the strength of the inspecting agency on the 31st March 1919 :—

DIVISION.	Inspectors and 2nd Inspectors.	Assistant Inspectors.	Deputy Inspectors.	Sub- Inspectors.	Assistant Sub- Inspectors.	Assistant Inspect- resses.	Inspect- resses.
Burdwan ... / ...	3	5	21	73	19	2	1
Presidency (excluding Calcutta.)	3	4	11	44	9	2	
Calcutta	1	...	2	3	...	1	1
Dacca	3	4	18	54	7	3	
Chittagong ...	2	3	9	34	2	1	1
Rajshahi ...	1	3	14	41	2	2	
Total ...	13	19	75	249	39	12	2

In addition to the above 409 officers there were 10 assistant sub-inspectors and 146 inspecting *pandits* (including inspecting *maulvis* and *munshis*) or *guru* instructors.

11. During the year under review 7 officers were permitted to join the Indian Army Reserve of Officers and 11 returned from military duty. Their names are given below :—

Officers permitted to join the I. A. R. O.

- (1) Mr. E. E. Biss.
- (2) „ T. T. Williams.
- (3) „ J. M. Bottomley.
- (4) „ W. A. Jenkins.
- (5) „ M. P. West.
- (6) „ T. G. Barker.
- (7) „ J. J. Elliot.

Officers returned from military duty.

- (1) Mr. W. Saunders.
- (2) „ J. A. Taylor.
- (3) „ E. E. Biss.
- (4) „ J. M. Bottomley.
- (5) „ M. P. West.
- (6) „ W. A. Jenkins.
- (7) „ P. M. O'Riordan.
- (8) „ J. V. Francies.
- (9) „ H. Landeman.
- (10) „ G. R. Ballantine.
- (11) „ A. Gabriel.

Indian Army
Reserve of
Officers.

CHAPTER III.

Collegiate Education.

Arts Colleges.

12. The number of arts colleges for males and females, returned on the 31st March 1919, stood at 36 against 34 returned on the corresponding date of the preceding year. Attendance at, and expenditure on, those institutions increased from 20,479 to 20,780 and from Rs. 19,98,661 to Rs. 21,07,604, respectively. Of the total number of arts colleges 8 were under Government management, 1 under municipal management, 13 aided and 14 unaided. During the year the average cost of an arts college was Rs. 58,545 and that of educating a student was Rs. 101-12-6 of which Rs. 32-2-7 came from provincial revenues.

General
statistics.

Arts Colleges for Indian Males.*

13. In the year under review two new colleges teaching up to the intermediate standard were established, one at Faridpur and the other at Bagerhat. Thus the number of arts colleges for Indian males was 33. Of these Government maintained seven, a municipal body one and private associations twenty-five.

Number of
colleges.

14. The number of students rose from 20,318 to 20,616. Of these 18,160 were Hindus and 2,076 Muhammadans, while 380 belonged to other communities. The corresponding figures for the preceding year were 17,901, 2,051 and 366, respectively.

Number of
students.

15. The total expenditure on arts colleges for males, which amounted to Rs. 20,38,827, showed an increase of Rs. 1,02,754 over the expenditure of the preceding year. The table below gives the details of the expenditure for the two years :—

Expenditure.

			1917-18.	1918-19.
			Rs.	Rs.
Provincial revenues	...	...	6,25,622	6,17,069
Municipal funds	...	...	209	54
Fees	...	...	11,23,766	12,35,310
Endowments	...	...	57,411	1,30,539
Other sources	...	...	1,29,065	55,855
Total	...	...	19,36,073	20,38,827

16. A grant of Rs. 40,000 was paid to the Carmichael College, Rangpur, for the construction of hostels and other buildings. Serampore College received a grant of one lakh of rupees for the general improvement of the institution.

Special non-
recurring
grants.

* Arts Colleges for Indian females are dealt with in Chapter VIII.

**Government colleges—
(1) Presidency College.**

17. On the 31st March 1919 there were 927 students on the rolls of the college against 1,035 of the previous year. This number included 788 Hindus, 133 Muhammadans, while 6 students belonged to other communities. The total expenditure on the college was Rs. 3,51,831 towards which Provincial revenues contributed Rs. 2,15,487. The average cost of educating a student was Rs. 368-6-7, of which Government paid Rs. 225-10-3.

The new system of post-graduate studies considerably decreased the number of post-graduate students in the college. The *seminars* which had hitherto been worked only with the post-graduate students were thrown open, as an experimental measure, to the B.A. honours students.

Proposals for the extension of affiliation in botany to the intermediate standard were placed before the Government of India. This proposal was sanctioned after the close of the year. The provision for excursions, previously confined to geology students, was extended to the students of botany. Chemistry students paid a number of visits to factories of various kinds.

An attempt was made to increase the space available for games by levelling a fairly large plot of ground near the Baker Laboratory. The college sports which had not been held for a good many years were revived. Discipline in the college and the hostel was satisfactory throughout the year.

(2) Dacca College.

18. The Dacca College returned 800 students on the last day of the year 1918-19, against 943 in the previous year. Of the total number of students 614 were Hindus, 185 Muhammadans and 1 Christian. Government spent Rs. 1,91,262 on the college and received Rs. 57,810 from fees, the net cost to Provincial revenues being Rs. 1,33,452. The gross cost of educating a student was Rs. 216-9-8, of which Provincial revenues met Rs. 151-2-2. Discipline was satisfactory.

(3) Hooghly College.

19. The number of students in the Hooghly College increased from 247 to 249. The total direct expenditure on the college amounted to Rs. 53,933 towards which Government contributed Rs. 34,800. The average cost per student was Rs. 229-8, of which Government provided Rs. 148-1-4.

The college applied for affiliation in economics and philosophy up to the B.A. pass standard.

(4) Sanskrit College.

20. There were 168 students on the rolls of the college on the 31st March 1919, against 184 on the same date of the preceding year. The gross expenditure on the college and the net cost to Government were Rs. 28, 216 and Rs. 15,772, respectively. Every student, on the average, cost Rs. 147-11-8 towards which Government contributed Rs. 82-9-3.

(5) Krishnagar College.

21. On the 31st March 1919 the college had 264 students on its rolls, against 234 on the corresponding date of the previous year. The total direct expenditure was Rs. 67,487. The cost to Government of the college during the year and the cost of educating each student were Rs. 42,982 and Rs. 171-11-8, respectively.

During the year the affiliation of the college was extended in English to the B.A. honours, in mathematics to the B.A. and B.Sc. honours, and in philosophy to the B.A. pass standard. Many structural improvements were effected and extensions were made to the new annexe buildings. Increased accommodation was provided for the practical work of the intermediate chemistry classes.

(6) Chittagong College.

22. The college returned 370 students against 311 in the previous year. The number of Muhammadan students increased from 93 to 115. The total direct expenditure amounted to Rs. 43,368 towards which Provincial revenues contributed Rs. 13,130. The annual average cost per scholar was Rs. 123-8-10, of which Government paid Rs. 37-6-6. The college received affiliation in logic up to the intermediate standard, in English to the B.A. honours, and in political economy and political philosophy to the B.A. pass standard.

There were several cases of breach of discipline. In one case the student concerned was expelled.

23. The number of pupils on the 31st of March 1919 was 760, against 786 of the preceding year. Of these 617 were Hindus and 143 were Muhammadans. The total expenditure on the institution was Rs. 95,361, the cost to Government being Rs. 27,238. The cost of educating a student was Rs. 128-5-7, of which the net cost to Provincial revenues was Rs. 36-10-7.

(7) **Rajshahi College.**

24. The Midnapore College is the only college managed by a municipal board. In addition to the annual grant of Rs. 7,848 for the maintenance of the college, Government paid Rs. 6,428 for the improvement of its buildings. The college had 223 students on its rolls of whom 209 were Hindus and 14 Muhammadans. The total expenditure of the college amounted to Rs. 18,858 and the average cost of educating a student was Rs. 86-1-9.

Municipal College.

25. The number of "aided", private colleges during the year was the same as in 1917-18, viz., 12. The number on the rolls of those colleges was 6,412 of whom 5,601 were Hindus, 648 Muhammadans, while 163 came from other communities. Government contributed Rs. 1,25,227 towards the total expenditure of Rs. 5,81,802 during the year. The corresponding figures for the previous year were Rs. 1,24,135 and Rs. 5,36,336, respectively. The average cost of educating a student in aided colleges was Rs. 91-8-1 towards which Government contributed Rs. 19-11-2.

Aided Colleges.

CHAPTER IV.

Secondary Education.

26. The total number of secondary schools of all types and grades showed an increase of 27 only, viz., from 2,786 to 2,813. The number of pupils declined from 413,162 to 404,469, that is by 8,693. The gross direct expenditure increased from Rs. 91,77,686 to Rs. 96,27,419. The average cost of a secondary school was Rs. 3,422-7-7 and the cost of educating a pupil Rs. 24-7-1.

General statistics.

Secondary Education for Indian Boys.*

27. During the year under review there was an increase of 35 schools in the total number of secondary schools for Indian boys. The high schools increased from 731 to 812, or by 81, while middle schools decreased from 1,942 to 1,896 or by 46. The decrease of 26 in the number of middle English schools was mainly due to the raising of a number of those institutions to the high school status. The fall of 20 in the number of middle vernacular schools requires no explanation. There is now little demand for these institutions.

Schools and pupils.

In spite of the increase in the number of schools, the number of pupils under instruction during the year fell from 396,465 to 388,038. The loss of 8,427 pupils was the net result of a gain of 8,532 pupils in high schools and a fall of 16,959 pupils in middle schools.

28. The total expenditure on secondary schools for Indian boys was Rs. 80,42,831. Towards this amount public funds contributed Rs. 9,65,937 and private sources Rs. 70,76,894. A comparison with the corresponding figures for 1917-18 reveals an increase in expenditure of Rs. 28,668 from public funds and of Rs. 3,59,748 from private sources. High schools cost Rs. 58,69,488, middle English schools Rs. 19,95,716 and middle vernacular schools Rs. 1,77,627. The corresponding figures for the previous year were Rs. 54,33,861, Rs. 20,37,483 and Rs. 1,83,071. The increase in expenditure was, therefore, due to the increased number of high schools.

Expenditure.

29. During the year under review proposals for the improvement of Government middle English schools and of high schools under municipal management were given effect to at an increased annual cost of Rs. 18,192. The main scheme of which these formed a part is still under the consideration of the Government of India.

Improvements.

30. The number of high schools is increasing rapidly. In 1916-17 the number of such schools was 698, in 1917-18 it was 731 and in 1918-19 it rose to 812. Thus during the course of two years the number of high schools increased by 114, or by more than 16 per cent. The rise in the number of pupils has not been commensurate with that of the number of

High schools.

* The secondary education of Indian girls and Europeans is dealt with in the respective chapters.

schools. In 1916-17 there were 2,18,070 pupils in high schools, in 1917-18—223,944 and in 1918-19—232,476. Thus during the course of the last two years the number of pupils under instruction in high schools increased by 14,406 only, or by 6·6 per cent. A remark which occurs in the report of the Inspector of Schools, Chittagong Division, viz., that in his area rival high schools are springing up at the detriment of efficiency and discipline would seem to be not without bearing on this disproportionate growth of schools and pupils.

31. The school had 48 pupils on its rolls on the 31st of March 1919. Of these 24 were boarders and the rest day scholars. The gross income from school fees was Rs. 37,064, and the expenditure Rs. 49,231, the deficit of Rs. 12,167 being met from Provincial revenues. The question of the permanent retention of this school is under consideration.

32. During the year under review manual instruction classes were conducted in 9 Government and 11 aided high schools and in one middle English school. The experiment has proved a success and Government sanction was obtained for the permanent retention of those classes.

CHAPTER V.

Primary Education.

33. The total number of primary schools for boys and girls rose from 44,111 to 44,925, while the number of pupils fell from 1,409,316 to 1,384,201. The expenditure rose from Rs. 46,66,615 to Rs. 48,02,756. The average cost of a primary school and of educating a pupil in it during the year was Rs. 106-14-6 and Rs. 3-9-9, respectively.

Primary Education of Indian Boys.*

34. The number of primary schools for Indian boys increased from 34,074 to 34,271, that is, by 197. Of these 3,138 were returned as upper primary and 31,133 as lower primary schools. The corresponding figures for the previous year were 3,174 and 30,900. A comparison of these figures shows that upper primary schools decreased by 36 while lower primary schools increased by 233. The table below compares the numbers of these schools in each division for 1917-18 and 1918-19 :—

		1917-18.		1918-19.	
		Upper Primary Schools.	Lower Primary Schools.	Upper Primary Schools.	Lower Primary Schools.
Burdwan Division	...	1,085	7,743	1,066	7,390
Presidency Division	(excluding Calcutta).	690	5,206	669	5,256
Calcutta	...	21	327	22	358
Dacca Division	...	551	7,704	545	7,793
Chittagong	„	265	3,954	267	4,102
Rajshahi	„	562	5,966	569	6,234
Total	...	3,174	30,900	3,138	31,133

35. The number of pupils attending primary schools for Indian boys on the 31st March 1919 was returned as 1,144,383 as against 1,182,660 on the same date of the preceding year, these figures showing a decrease of 38,277 pupils. Of the total number of pupils 148,914 were in upper primary and 995,469 in lower primary schools. The corresponding figures for the

* Primary education of Indian girls and Europeans is dealt with in the respective chapters.

previous year were 156,982 and 1,025,678. On comparison of these figures it is noticed that there was a decrease of 8,068 in the number of pupils attending upper primary schools and of 30,209 in that of the pupils attending lower primary schools, the net loss being 38,277. The decrease in the number of pupils was shared by all the divisions in the Presidency, Calcutta alone showing an increase and that of 405 pupils only. The loss of pupils is attributed to the rise in the cost of living, failure of crops and also to the ravages of epidemic diseases. The figures quoted above refer to primary schools only; they do not take into account the pupils reading in primary classes of secondary schools. The number of such pupils was 179,647. The total number, therefore, of pupils in the primary stages of instruction was 1,324,030. The figure for the preceding year was 1,372,959 of whom 190,299 were in secondary schools and 1,182,660 were in primary schools. These figures show a decrease of 48,929 in the total number of pupils in the primary stages of instruction in secondary and primary schools for Indian boys.

36. Of the total enrolment in primary schools for Indian boys Hindus contributed 539,164 and Muhammadans 584,917 pupils. The corresponding figures for the preceding year were respectively 563,459 and 598,443. Thus the number of Hindu pupils fell by 24,295 or by 4·3 per cent. and of Muhammadan pupils by 13,526 or 2·3 per cent. Of the total male Hindu population 5·11 per cent. were in primary schools and of the Muhammadans 4·78 per cent. The percentages for 1917-18 stood at 5·34 and 4·89, respectively.

Progress of education among Hindus and Muhammadans.

37. In spite of the fall in the number of pupils in primary schools the total direct expenditure on these institutions increased, during the year under review, from Rs. 39,68,560 to Rs. 40,24,826. Of this amount Rs. 19,88,397, or 49·4 per cent. came from public funds and Rs. 20,36,429, or 50·6 per cent. from private sources. In the preceding year public funds contributed 45·6 per cent. and other sources 54·4 per cent. of the total expenditure. Almost one-half of the entire cost of primary education for Indian boys is now met from public funds. The figures in the table below show the gradual rise in the cost to public revenues on account of primary education :—

Expenditure.

YEAR.			Percentage of total cost for primary education for Indian boys met from public funds.	Percentage of total cost for primary education for Indian boys met from private funds.
1916-17	...	...	43·4	56·6
1917-18	...	...	45·6	54·4
1918-19	...	...	49·4	50·6

The increase in the proportion of the expenditure from public funds is almost entirely due to the additional contributions received from time to time from the Imperial Government. A short description of these grants is given below.

38. The entire assignment was spent during the year through the district and municipal boards, the allotments for various objects remaining the same as in the year previous.

Imperial grants—
(i) The Durbar grant of Rs. 600,000.
(ii) The grant of Rs. 3,65,000.

Of the Imperial recurring grant of Rs. 3,65,000, a sum of Rs. 1,63,524 was permanently made over with effect from 1917-18 to district boards and municipalities for the maintenance of board primary schools and for the increase of the pay of the trained teachers employed in the aided primary schools and *maktabs*. The entire allotment of Rs. 1,63,524 was spent during the year under review by the boards. In addition to these disbursements a sum of Rs. 1,03,651 was spent during the year on various recurring and non-recurring objects. A portion of the grant of Rs. 3,65,000 has also been set apart for the provision of improved staffs for the *guru*-training schools. Proposals in regard to this much-needed improvement are still under the consideration of the Government of India.

The entire amount of this special Imperial recurring grant was made over to district boards for expenditure on specified objects.

(iii) The special Imperial grant of Rs. 2,85,000 for Eastern Bengal districts.

(iv) The grant
of Rs. 4,50,000.

Out of the grant of Rs. 4,50,000 the aggregate expenditure during the year amounted to Rs. 2,87,665 as detailed below :—

	Rs.
(a) Special grant to the Midnapore District Board	15,000
(b) Enhancement of pay of trained teachers in aided primary schools and <i>maktabs</i> ...	1,83,365
(c) Increase of pay of teachers in girls' primary schools	34,800
(d) Increased stipends to <i>guru</i> pupils ...	37,000
(e) Construction of <i>guru</i> -training schools ...	17,500
Total ...	2,87,665

(v) The grant
of Rs. 5,50,000.

During the year under review Bengal received a fresh Imperial recurring grant of Rs. 5,50,000 for the development of primary education. About two-thirds of this grant has been devoted to the improvement of primary education for boys and the balance to that for girls. During the year the following expenditure was sanctioned :—

	Rs.
(a) Increase of pay of teachers in primary schools for girls	41,640
(b) Equipment grant to girls' primary schools ...	2,280
(c) Increased grants to girls' primary schools ...	34,000
(d) Establishment of <i>panchayat</i> i union schools ...	1,49,000
(e) Acquisition of site for model girls' school at Bankura	2,074
(f) Strengthening the female inspecting staff ...	12,134
(g) Education of daughters of Indian midwives ...	5,400
(h) Increased grants to <i>maktabs</i>	52,021
(i) Increase of pay of teachers in aided primary schools	48,371
(j) Sonthali education in Dinajpur	3,924
(k) Grants to the society for the improvement of backward classes	8,000
(l) Construction of buildings for <i>guru</i> -training schools	5,206
Total ...	3,64,050

Improve-
ments
effected.

39. The new grant of Rs. 5,50,000 enabled the Education Department to proceed with the *panchayat*i union school scheme, progress in which had long been held up for want of funds. One hundred and nineteen board primary schools for boys and 30 such schools for girls were established during the year. The provision made under this head will ensure similar progress every year and in a few years every union in the Presidency will be provided with a comparatively effective primary school. The income of untrained teachers in aided primary schools from public funds has been raised to a minimum rate of Rs. 2 per mensem. The district boards have been provided with funds which will enable them to increase their grants to *maktabs* to 50 per cent. in excess of the grants paid to the ordinary primary schools.

Curricula.

40. Two distinct curricula still remained in force in Eastern and Western Bengal, respectively. A co-ordinated curriculum for the whole Presidency was drawn up during the year. It is now under the consideration of Government.

Primary
Education Act
of 1919.

41. The Primary Education Bill introduced in the Legislative Council by the Hon'ble Babu Surendra Nath Ray was passed into law in February 1919. The object of the Act is to secure a gradual extension of facilities for primary education in municipal and other selected areas. If local bodies can take advantage of this Act, the condition of primary education should benefit materially.

42. The Imperial recurring grants which amount to Rs. 22,50,000 have made it possible to start some useful schemes. But the number of primary schools is still hopelessly inadequate—there are areas and communities still practically untouched; the provision for training elementary school teachers is insufficient and their remuneration is below the minimum which efficiency demands; the housing of schools is bad and their equipment is poor. In short, the provision of an adequate system of elementary education for the masses is still one of the many unsolved problems of the Bengal Presidency. Large additional resources are an essential condition of any real advance.

Conclusion.

CHAPTER VI.

The Training of Male Teachers for Indian Schools.

43. On the 31st March 1919 there were 125 institutions for the training of masters for Indian schools and their attendance stood at 2,563. The corresponding figures for the previous year were 128 and 2,634, respectively. The decline in the number of institutions was due to the discontinuance of a small training class at Bhowanipur, conducted by the London Missionary Society, to the abolition of the Kola *guru*-training school in the district of Jessore and to the amalgamation of the two *guru*-training schools at Agla and Dacca for the establishment, at the latter place, of a training school of the improved type. Of the total number of training institutions 2 are training colleges, 6 normal schools and 117 *guru*, *muallim* and special training institutions.

Number of institutions and pupils.

44. Both the training colleges in Bengal are affiliated to the University of Calcutta for the degree of Bachelor of Teaching and for the Licence in Teaching. The courses prescribed for those examinations require thorough revision. They are far too comprehensive for a one-year course and are to a large extent divorced from the actual conditions of school work.

Training College.

45. The David Hare Training College opened an L. T. class for the first time during the year under review. There were on the rolls on the 31st of March, 1919, 42 students, 26 in the B. T. and 16 in the L. T. class. Of these 2 were Indian Christians, 31 Hindus and 9 Muhammadans. Twenty-six candidates appeared in the B. T. examination of whom 18 passed, 8 being placed in the first division. The number of passes in the L. T. examination was 9 out of 16 examinees. The direct expenditure on the college amounted to Rs. 37,741. The average cost for training each student was Rs. 898-9-6, the entire amount being met from Provincial revenues.

(i) David Hare Training College.

The year under review witnessed various improvements, the most important of which were the extension of affiliation, the appointment of an additional professor, the creation of a number of stipends for the training of intending teachers, the provision of allowances for teachers under-training from aided high schools and the inauguration of a scheme for the payment of honoraria to the headmasters and certain selected trained teachers in the practising schools with a view to improving the arrangements for the practical work of the students. The college continued in its old premises and the question of accommodation still remains unsolved.

46. At the close of the year the Dacca Training College had 56 students on its rolls. Of these one was an Indian Christian, 37 were Hindus and 18 Muhammadans. The session opened with 61 students, 28 in the B. T. and 33 in the L. T. class, but one B. T. student withdrew owing to a breakdown in health and three L. T. students retired before the completion of the course; one student died of small-pox. Three of the B. T. students came on deputation from the Government of His Exalted Highness the Nizam of Hyderabad. Twenty-five students sat for the B. T. examination of whom 21 passed, 13 obtaining first classes. Of 26 candidates who appeared at the L. T. examination 22 were successful, one gaining distinction. The total direct expenditure on the college was Rs. 60,549, of which Provincial revenues met Rs. 59,199 and private sources the balance of Rs. 1,350. The average cost of training each student was Rs. 1,026-4-1.

(ii) The Dacca Training College.

The practical work of the college was carried on in the Dacca Collegiate, the Moslem High and the Armenitola High School. As in the case of its

sister institution in Calcutta, honoraria were paid to certain members of the staff of the practising schools for their assistance in the practical work of the students.

Training
Schools for
Vernacular
teachers—
(1) General
statistics.

47. The number of these schools continued to be the same as before, viz., 6, five of which are managed by Government, and one, an aided institution, by the Church Missionary Society. These schools had 509 pupils on the 31st of March 1919, as compared with 513 on the same date of the preceding year. The expenditure on them increased from Rs. 83,021 in 1917-18 to Rs. 87,051 in 1918-19 of which as much as Rs. 82,125 came from Provincial revenues. The number of trained teachers turned out from these institutions was 134 against 136 in the year before.

(ii) Improve-
ments effected.

48. During the year under review the Muhammadan hostel of the Dacca Normal School, which occupied a portion of the school building, was removed to a rented house and in the room, set free, a practising school was formed by the transfer of one section of each of the lower forms of the Collegiate School. Thus the training school has now been provided with a practising school on its own premises. The sanitary arrangements of the Chittagong Normal School were improved. The practising school attached to the Rangpur Normal School was raised to the status of a middle English school. A special capital grant was made to the Calcutta Training School for the provision of books and appliances for the improved teaching of geography.

The accommodation of the Rangpur and Calcutta Schools remains unsatisfactory. The question is mainly one of funds and the question of providing both with better quarters is under consideration.

Guru-Training
schools.

49. The number of *guru*-training schools and special training classes returned on the 31st March 1919 was 117, of which 112 were Government and 5 were aided institutions. During the year under review, the number of Government schools decreased by 2. This was due to the abolition of one school in the Presidency Division and the amalgamation of two schools in the Dacca Division. The number of schools reserved for the training of Moslem teachers remained the same as in the previous year, viz., 6. The number of *gurus* and *muallims* under-training on the last date of the year was 1,956 against 2,014 in 1917-18. Out of 1,352 candidates 954 were successful in the final examination. The maintenance charges of all the institutions amounted to Rs. 2,35,500 towards which Provincial revenues contributed Rs. 2,10,873.

A sum of Rs. 1,50,000 was made available during the year from the Imperial grants of Rs. 9,00,000 and Rs. 5,50,000 for the provision of improved buildings for *guru*-training schools. With this money the work of construction was started in connection with two building schemes, one for the *guru*-training school at Bankura the other for the *muallim* training school at Hooghly and building operations, begun in the previous year, at Thakurgaon and Kurigram were continued.

CHAPTER VII.

Professional and Technical Education.

Law colleges
and classes.

50. The institutions for the study of law were, during the year, the University Law College, Calcutta, and the law classes attached to the arts colleges at Hooghly, Krishnagar, Dacca, Rajshahi, Chittagong, Midnapore, Berhampore and the Ripon College, Calcutta. Of these 9 institutions the law classes at the Hooghly College remained closed for want of students. The total number of law students returned on the 31st of March 1919 was 3,148 against 3,054 on the corresponding date of the year previous. Of these 2,878 were Hindus, 257 Muhammadans, while 13 came from other sections of the community against 2,820; 224 and 10, respectively, in the preceding year. The total direct expenditure on law institutions amounted during the year to Rs. 2,73,006, of which Rs. 30,000 was paid from Provincial revenues. At the B. L. Final Examination 1,131 candidates appeared of whom 493 passed.

51. The short training classes at Dacca and Sibpur continued. Out of 8 registered candidates 3 appeared at the examination held in February 1919 and one passed.

Pleaders' Survey Examination Board.

During the year the board formulated a scheme for teaching pleaders the uses and relative values of the old and new revenue maps and plans by a series of lectures. The matter is now under the consideration of Government. The question of the training of an agency to execute Civil Court Commissions was also considered by the board.

52. The first examination under the auspices of the board was held in September 1918. The number of candidates appearing in the examination was 59 of whom 48 passed. The cost of the examination amounted to Rs. 758 inclusive of the travelling allowances of the touring examiner in practical surveying.

Amin Examination Board.

53. The number of students attending the engineering department of the college was 91, being an increase of 5 over the figure in the previous year. In the apprentice department the number of students was 237 against 214 in the preceding year. The artizan classes had 58 pupils against 53 in the year before. Of the total number of students 310 were Hindus, 20 Muhammadans, 54 Christians, 1 Buddhist and 1 Parsee. The total net expenditure on the college amounted to Rs. 2,30,096, of which Rs. 2,02,561 came from Provincial revenues. The corresponding figures for the previous year were, respectively, Rs. 2,16,076 and Rs. 1,93,477. The average cost of educating a student was Rs. 707-15-9, of which Rs. 623-4-3 came from public funds. The total value of the work turned out in the college workshops aggregated to Rs. 17,931.

Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.

During the year Government appointed a committee to work out the scheme propounded by the governing body of the college for recruiting students for the mechanical engineering classes from amongst those apprentices who had completed 4 years of their apprenticeship at the Eastern Bengal Railway workshop at Kanchrapara. The scheme is to be capable of extension to other railway workshops. A proposal to secure the services of practising engineers and other experts to deliver courses of special lectures in various subjects to the students of the college was submitted to Government, and sanction was obtained to the appointment of a visiting lecturer in architecture. The appointment of such lecturers in other subjects has been sanctioned by Government since the close of the period under review. The college rules were revised during the year.

54. The school had 275 pupils on its rolls as compared with 252 in the previous year. The artizan classes had 81 students, of whom 15 completed the course during the year. This department is becoming popular. The total expenditure on the school amounted to Rs. 58,757 against Rs. 52,613 for the previous year. The total value of the work turned out was Rs. 3,092 for outside work, and Rs. 2,983 for work done to the school and its workshops. The discipline on the whole was satisfactory.

Dacca School of Engineering.

A scheme for the general improvement of the Dacca School of Engineering was submitted to Government during the year under report and is under consideration. It has been decided to reserve annually from the next session five places in the sub-overseer classes and one in the first-year overseer class for qualified candidates from Assam. The three-year course for the overseer department, sanctioned by Government, was introduced from the beginning of the session on an experimental basis for three years. Rules for the artizan department of the school were revised during the year.

55. In the artizan classes the total number of students was 91, of whom 43 passed out. Of these, 28 are working at their own homes on fly-shuttle looms, 8 have taken employment in hand-loom factories or under Government and the remaining 7 left the institute before the completion of their course. The higher classes had 31 students during the year. The course for these classes has been extended with effect from the year under report from 2 to 3 years. Also the course of the outlying district schools has been extended from 6 months to 1 year. Dyeing classes have been opened during the year. The total direct expenditure on the institute amounted to Rs. 26,718, of which Government met Rs. 26,254.

Serampore Weaving Institute and Outlying Centres.

The following statement furnishes particulars regarding the outlying centres :—

CENTRE.	Total expenditure of Government.	Number of students under-training in 1918-19.	Number passed.	HOW EMPLOYED.		
				Working at home on fly-shuttle looms.	Opened factory.	Taken service.
	Rs.					
Pabna	1,845	40	29	28	1	...
Tangail	1,667	61	33(a)	28	...	...
Malda	1,751	60	24(b)	18	...	...
Bankura	1,778	40	40	38	...	2
Cox's Bazar	1,449	28	20	20	...	...

(a) Three passed students joined the Serampore Weaving Institute for further training, and the present occupation of 2 others is not known.

(b) Three joined the Serampore Weaving Institute and the present occupation of the other 3 is not known.

Government have sanctioned the establishment of six peripatetic centres of instruction in weaving at Bankura, Pabna, Tangail, Malda, Dacca and Khulna. The instructors were directed to make a survey of their districts and to ascertain the actual condition of the hand-loom weaving industry before they began operations. This they have now done.

56. The number of pupils who joined the day classes was 61 in the first year and 10 in the second year, and the students in the evening classes totalled 89, the great majority of whom took shorthand, typewriting and book-keeping. No class could be formed during the year either in banking and currency or in annuities and insurance. At the final examination 4 candidates passed out of 10, and at the special examinations 38 passed out of 79. The total expenditure during the year was Rs. 24,320 and the income Rs. 4,475. Sanction has been obtained to the creation of a special post outside the Indian Educational Service for the Principal of the institute.

57. The total number of students on the 31st March 1919 was 246 against 267 in the previous year. The decrease was mainly due to the influenza epidemic, on account of which the school was practically closed for three months. The elementary, industrial, draftsman, fine art and teachers' departments had 102 ; 46 ; 35 ; 59 and 4 pupils, respectively. The modelling section of the industrial department undertook a few useful outside commissions, which were successfully executed. Of the total number of students 143 were Hindus, 11 Muhammadans, 6 Christians, 1 Buddhist and 85 belonged to other communities. In the hostel there were 38 boarders. During the year the direct expenditure on the institution aggregated Rs. 32,780, of which Rs. 28,232 came from Provincial revenues. A number of passed students secured employment on salaries ranging from Rs. 20 to Rs. 150 per month.

58. There were two sub-overseer examinations in the year under review, the first in July 1918 and the second in March 1919. The first was a supplementary examination for the candidates from Sibpur who commenced the course in November 1917. The total number of candidates at the two examinations was 167 of whom 90 passed, the percentage of passes being 53·9 against 60 in the year before. In the overseer examination 58 passed out of 71, or 81·7 per cent. against 70 per cent. in the previous year. The figures for the overseer examination include 16 candidates appearing in mechanical and electrical branch of whom 13 were successful. The numbers appearing in this branch are increasing. The syllabuses of the overseer and sub-overseer courses, as well as the rules for these examinations were revised during the year.

The figures in this paragraph include the candidates from Bihar and Orissa.

59. During the year under review the Mining Education Advisory Board controlled the three centres at Deshergarh, Jamuria and Raniganj in Bengal, besides the two centres at Jharia and Sijua in Bihar and Orissa. Out of 107

Government
Commercial
Institute,
Calcutta.

Government
School of Art,
Calcutta.

Joint Technical
Examination
Board.

Mining
Instruction in
the Coal
Fields.

students eligible for the sessional examination from the five centres only 43 appeared, of whom 26 passed. The number on the rolls of those classes aggregated 288 against 312 in the previous year. The vernacular classes under Babu Hemanta Kumar Sen had an average attendance of 79.

The scheme for the practical training in mine surveying at collieries of passed students of the survey school at Mainamati was given effect to during the year under report. One student of the school was posted for training at the Ghersick colliery.

60. Forty-three candidates appeared in textile subjects and an equal number in other subjects. The numbers are increasing steadily. Thirty-one passed in the textile subjects and 11 in non-textile subjects. As in the year before, special examinations in domestic subjects were held in November 1918 at Kurseong and Calcutta. Thirty-five appeared in these examinations of whom 30 passed. An examination in practical cookery was held for the first time. Encouraging and instructive reports were received from London on the results of these domestic examinations.

City and Guilds
London
Institute
Technological
examinations.

61. At the school final examination of "B" class held in 1919, 44 candidates appeared and 24 passed. These figures do not include candidates from Bihar and Orissa. The corresponding figures for the preceding year were 52 and 34, respectively.

"B" Classes.

62. The original proposals of 1913 for the establishment of a Technological Institute in Calcutta were reconsidered by the department during the year and a reduced scheme was submitted to Government.

Technological
Institute,
Calcutta.

63. The Bengal Technical Institute rendered valuable assistance in the manufacture of munitions by placing its machinery at the disposal of Government.

The Bengal
Technical
Institute.

64. During the year under review State scholarships of the annual value of £150 for the promotion of technical training were awarded to Mr. Jatindra Mohan Das and Mr. E. C. Burlow, for iron-smelting and leather tanning, respectively.

State
Technical
Scholarships.

CHAPTER VIII.

Education of Indian Girls and Women.

65. The number of public institutions of all classes for Indian girls returned on the 31st of March 1919 was 10,811 against 10,189 on the corresponding date of the previous year. Of these 3 were arts colleges, 2 training colleges, 13 high schools, 48 middle schools, 10,636 primary schools, 9 training schools and 100 other special schools. The corresponding figures for the year before were, respectively, 3 ; 2 ; 14 ; 54 ; 10,020 ; 9 and 87. The Gardner Memorial School, Calcutta, was permanently closed during the year and this accounts for the loss of a high school. The fall in the number of middle schools was not a real loss. Five such schools were returned as primary schools for want of pupils in the secondary stages. Only one aided middle vernacular school in the Rajshahi Division was closed. The primary schools increased by 616 ; this is a hopeful feature considering the economic stress through which the country passed during the year.

Institutions.

66. The number of pupils including those reading in mixed schools increased from 299,558 to 307,773 or by 8,215. Of the total number of girls and women 148,859 were Hindus, 151,084 were Muhammadans and 7,830 belonged to other communities. It is to be noticed that while the number of Hindu girls declined by 1,635 that of the Muhammadans increased by 9,948.

Pupils.

67. During the year under review the female inspecting agency was strengthened by the addition of 2 assistant inspectresses for work in the eastern part of the Presidency. The total strength of the female inspecting staff now comprises 2 inspectresses and 12 assistant inspectresses.

Controlling
Agency.

68. The Bethune College still occupies the same building as the collegiate school and suffers from lack of accommodation. The removal of the old stables and the erection of an airy and convenient block of laboratories would relieve the pressure on the existing botanical laboratory. But no further improvements or extension of the college are possible in its present site. The

Collegiate
Education—
Arts
Colleges.

Principal reports that for want of affiliation in mathematics and botany up to the B. A. standard and in history up to the honours standard the college is losing some of its best students.

During the year under review a Company of Girl Guides was established as a result of a course of lectures on first-aid delivered to the ladies of the staff by Lady Stewart.

The college had 85 students on its rolls against 81 on the same date of the year before. The total direct expenditure on the college amounted to Rs. 46,663 towards which Government contributed Rs. 41,750. The gross average cost of educating a student was Rs. 536-5-8, of which Rs. 479-14-2 came from Provincial revenues. The library grant of the college was raised from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,000 per annum.

In addition to the Bethune College there are two other arts colleges for Indian girls; viz., the Diocesan College and the Loreto House. The former had 68 pupils on its rolls and the latter 11.

**Secondary
Education—
(1) High
Schools.**

69. Of the 13 high schools for Indian girls 4 are under Government management and 9 are aided. They had 2,356 scholars on the rolls against 2,339 in the previous year. The loss of one school has not, therefore, reduced the number of pupils. As in the previous year the Secretary to the St. John's Ambulance Association delivered a course of lectures in first-aid to the staff of the Eden High School, Dacca. Five teachers and 7 pupils went in for the first-aid examination and gained certificates.

**(2) Middle
schools.**

70. Of the total number of middle schools returned on the 31st of March 1919, 5 were under public management and 43 were aided institutions. There were 5,475 pupils in them against 5,626 in the preceding year. Twenty-four schools were of the middle English status and an equal number taught the middle vernacular course.

**Primary
Education.**

71. With the help of the allotments from the Imperial recurring grants of Rs. 9,00,000 and Rs. 5,50,000 it was possible to effect the following improvements in the primary education for girls:—

- (a) The pay of whole-time teachers working in primary schools for girls which were in receipt of aid from local bodies was increased by Rs. 2 per mensem.
- (b) The grant-in-aid allotments of the inspectresses were increased by Rs. 34,000 per annum for new and enhanced grants to schools.
- (c) Provision was made for the extension of the scheme of *panchayati* schools for girls. Funds were allotted during the year under review for the construction of 30 such schools and it is hoped to build same number of schools every year until the scheme is complete. These schools work under the direct control of district boards, necessary funds for both capital and recurring expenditure being provided by Government.
- (d) A scheme for educating the daughters of indigenous midwives was inaugurated during the year. The object of the scheme is to attract such girls into ordinary primary schools for girls and also to induce teachers to take them in. It was introduced, in the first instance, on an experimental basis, in the Presidency and Dacca divisions only.
- (e) Provision was made for the improvement of buildings of model primary schools for girls. The scheme which was given effect to in 1918-19 contemplates the provision of improved accommodation for two model girls' schools every year.
- (f) A scheme for the establishment in Calcutta of a training class for Muhammadan women teachers has been sanctioned by Government.
- (g) The number of assistant inspectresses of schools in the eastern part of the Presidency was increased by two. This has tended to improve and stimulate education throughout the circle.
- (h) Provision was made for certain minor schemes which included, among others, the grant of an increased number of stipends to the Ballyganj Training School and the establishment of a training class attached to the Brahmo Girls' School, Calcutta.

72. During the year 64 zanana teachers worked in the Presidency. Except in a few centres the work was reported to be unsatisfactory, the main cause being the prevalence of epidemics. Many teachers frequently went on medical leave and many centres remained closed for want of suitable teachers. The zanana central gatherings, however, worked well. These gatherings are ordinarily intended for primary work, but at the central gathering at Krishnagar an interesting experiment was made in secondary as well as primary work. Miss Brock reports on this class as follows :—

Zanana Education.

“The class is composed of young married girls and women for the most part of good family and an education is being given them in both English and Bengali. The work is managed by a committee of educated Indian ladies and is in a most satisfactory condition. Such classes could be started in any large town if any cultivated and energetic Indian woman could be found for this pioneer work.”

73. The annually increasing number of girls under instruction is a sure indication of the increasing demand for the education of girls. The greatest obstacle to progress is the lack of competent trained women teachers. The proposed Muhammadan female training class in Calcutta is urgently needed.

Education of Muhammadan girls.

74. With the exception of the training classes attached to the Diocesan College there is no college in Bengal for the training of women teachers for secondary schools. It has not yet been possible to give effect to the proposed secondary training college scheme already approved by Government. The establishment of a training college is urgently needed.

**Training of teachers—
(a) Secondary training.**

75. The number of training institutions for teachers of primary schools for girls remained the same as in the year before, viz., 9. Two of these are managed by Government and the remaining 7 are conducted on an aided basis. In Western Bengal 10 girls passed the senior examination and 40 the junior. At the Dacca departmental examination 13 passed the teachers' test.

(b) Primary training.

76. The number of industrial and technical schools for girls and women increased from 24 to 29, and that of pupils attending them from 714 to 820. All these institutions are doing good work. The most important of them are the Industrial School at Kalimpong, the Industrial Home at Baranagar and the Industrial School at Berhampore.

Industrial and Technical education.

77. The peripatetic needle-work teaching scheme is proving a success and it is proposed to extend its scope.

Needle work.

78. Physical education is, as a rule, neglected. A few high schools teach drill, but the teachers are not competent. This is one of the most important questions to which extended training facilities must be directed.

Physical education.

79. During the year the progress of girls' education was in many respects very satisfactory. Much, however, remains to be done especially in the matter of training women teachers. The supply of trained women teachers lags far behind the demand which grows daily more insistent.

Conclusion.

CHAPTER IX.

Education of Europeans.

80. The number of European schools in Bengal working in accordance with the code of regulations remained the same as in the year before, viz., 80. Of these 62 were for general instruction and 18 for special. Of the institutions for general instruction 14 are graded as higher secondary, 8 as secondary, 17 as higher elementary and 23 as elementary schools.

Schools.

81. On the 31st of March 1919 there were 10,005 pupils under instruction; the figure for the corresponding date of the previous year was 10,046. Of the total number of pupils 3,772 were in higher secondary schools, 1,045 in secondary schools and 4,737 in elementary and higher elementary schools. The corresponding figures for the previous year were 3,659; 1,185 and 4,823, respectively. Special schools had 451 pupils as against 379 in 1917-18.

Pupils.

The total number of European and Anglo-Indian pupils was 9,259 as compared with 9,561 in the preceding year. Of these 4,947 were boys and

4,312 girls. The corresponding figures for the last year were 5,242 and 4,319, respectively. The number of non-European pupils was 746, of whom 614 were boys and 132 girls.

Expenditure.

82. The total direct expenditure on the education of European and Anglo-Indian children for the year 1918-19 was returned at Rs. 13,20,512 as compared with Rs. 12,27,915 for the preceding year. The money spent was derived from the following sources :—

	Rs.
(a) Provincial revenues	5,33,228
(b) Municipal funds	12,510
(c) Fees	5,30,001 and
(d) Subscriptions, endowments, etc.	2,44,773

The corresponding figures for the year before were, respectively, Rs. 4,96,142 ; Rs. 19,031 ; Rs. 5,12,130 and Rs. 2,00,562.

Scholarships.

83. The total value of scholarships and stipends paid during the year was Rs. 33,665 as against Rs. 28,689 during 1917-18. Besides the scholarships paid from Provincial revenues, 10 scholarships at rates varying from Rs. 10 to Rs. 20 a month were awarded from the Doveton Trust Fund.

A generous gift of Rs. 10,00,000 was received in 1918-19 from a European citizen of Calcutta. The scheme of management of the fund was drawn up during the year under review. Among other objects the trust provides for the creation of a number of scholarships for European and Anglo-Indian boys and girls for both general and professional education either in India or in the United Kingdom. The operations of the trust began after the close of the year under review.

Teachers.

84. There were 626 teachers in European schools against 630 in the previous year. Of these 285 were trained and 341 untrained. The figures for the preceding year were 284 and 346, respectively. There was one teacher employed on an average for every 16 pupils. This is satisfactory numerically, but the quality of the personnel leaves much to be desired from the point of view of training and of pedagogic and academic attainments.

Training of teachers.

85. During the year under review the Inspector of European Schools conducted a survey of the European teaching profession in Bengal and submitted his report to the Director.

There is only one recognised institution for the training of European teachers in Bengal, viz., the training class for women attached to the Dow Hill School, Kurseong. There were 16 students in residence during the year. The annual examination held by the Inspector of European Schools, Bengal, and the Inspectress of schools, Presidency and Burdwan divisions, was satisfactory in its results.

The training classes held at the Young Women's Christians Association by the Diocesan Board worked throughout the year. The syllabuses for these classes were revised.

Vocational training.

86. The number of higher elementary schools with a class or classes following the recognised supplementary courses was 11. Of these five were for boys and six for girls. The number of pupils on the rolls on the 31st of March 1919 was 135 (89 boys and 46 girls).

There were 57 students on the rolls of the commercial and technical classes attached to the Young Women's Christian Association, Calcutta. During the year these classes were affiliated to the Government Commercial Institute. Of the 57 students, 25 were learning shorthand and the remaining 32 typewriting. The staff consisted of two whole-time and two part-time teachers. The Bengal-Nagpur Railway Apprentices' Night School at Kharagpur had 45 students on its rolls. Towards the total maintenance cost of this school which amounted to Rs. 2,898 Government contributed Rs. 470. The sessions of the Calcutta Technical School were held in the premises of the Government School of Art. There were 178 students learning mathematics, building construction, mechanics, steam, electricity, etc. The cost of maintaining the school during the year was Rs. 7,593 including the Government grant of Rs. 2,000. A class for

teaching telegraphy was started at the St. Andrew's Colonial Homes as an experimental measure. The Government Telegraph Department provided the apparatus and the instructor.

87. The Dow Hill School and St. Helen's Convent held classes in domestic science subjects during the year. These classes had 14 students undergoing special training. The Entally Convent and the St. Andrew's Colonial Homes continued to hold special classes for probationary sick nurses. Special classes for children's nurses were held at the Calcutta Free School, Kidderpore House and at the St. Andrew's Colonial Homes, Kalimpong.

Domestic training.

At the City and Guilds examinations held in November 1918, 35 candidates appeared, 11 in plain needlework, 21 in plain cookery and 3 in dress-making. In needlework 9 passed; 3 obtaining prizes. In cookery 20 candidates were successful of whom 11 won prizes. In dress-making only one candidate passed.

88. The Cambridge Examination Syndicate agreed during the year to accept modern Indian vernacular languages in lieu of French and Latin in the senior Cambridge examination. Syllabuses in Hindi, Urdu and Bengali were drawn up by the Inspector of European Schools and approved by the Syndicate. This change is consistent with the wishes of the Government of India and the findings of the Calcutta University Commission.

Examination.

The Calcutta University decided that the Cambridge senior local examination should be accepted as equivalent to the matriculation, and the higher school certificate examination as equivalent to the intermediate arts or science examination.

89. Mr. G. D'O. Maclear, the permanent Inspector of European Schools, Bengal, who joined the Indian Army Reserve of Officers in 1915, died in London on the 29th January 1919. He was a man of the highest character and attainments. His premature death is deeply regretted.

Controlling Agency.

Mr. A. Mercer officiated as the Inspector of European Schools, Bengal, throughout the year.

CHAPTER X.

Muhammadan Education.

90. The total number of Muhammadan pupils in institutions of all kinds for the education of Indians decreased from 899,679 to 891,118, or by 8,561. The loss is due to the causes which led to the general decline in the school population during the year under report. In spite of this falling off the proportion of Muhammadan pupils to the total number of pupils increased from 46.0 per cent. to 46.4 per cent. The proportion of Moslem students in arts colleges remained the same as in the year before, viz., 10 per cent., in professional colleges it rose from 7.2 per cent. to 8.0 per cent., in primary schools from 50.6 per cent. to 51.4 per cent. and in special schools from 64.4 per cent. to 64.6 per cent., while it declined in high schools from 20.2 per cent. to 20.1 per cent., and in middle schools from 32.1 per cent. to 31.1 per cent. It thus appears that it is in primary schools only that the Muhammadans have made any real advance. Their proportion in those institutions approximates the proportion of Muhammadans in the total population, viz., 52.7 per cent. In secondary schools their progress is far from satisfactory. In those institutions the number of Moslem pupils fell from 103,038 to 97,396, or by 5,642. However, the number of Moslem pupils in professional colleges increased from 349 to 403 and in medical, engineering and surveying, technical and industrial and commercial schools from 753 to 764.

Statistics of Muhammadan pupils.

91. Of the total number of Muhammadan pupils, returned on the 31st March 1919 by public and private institutions for Indians, 729,966 were males and 161,152 were females. The corresponding figures for the previous year were 747,982 and 151,697, respectively. Thus the Muhammadans gained during the year 9,455 female scholars, while they lost 18,016 male scholars, their net loss being 8,561 pupils only. In 1917-18 the Hindus returned 1,020,314 scholars of whom 867,347 were males and 152,967 were females. During the year under review the number of Hindu pupils totalled 995,461

Number of Hindu and Muhammadan pupils compared.

of whom 843,481 were males and 151,980 were females. The Hindus, therefore, lost during the year 23,866 male scholars and 987 female scholars, their gross loss amounting to 24,853 scholars. On examining these figures it is found that in the year 1918-19 the Muhammadans lost less than 1 per cent. of their total school population; their loss in male scholars constituted 2·4 per cent., while their gain in female scholars amounted to 6·2 per cent. of their total numbers of male and female scholars, respectively. The Hindus have sustained a considerable decrease in the number of pupils. They lost 2·4 per cent. of their total strength in all kinds of institutions. The number of male Hindu scholars decreased by 2·8 per cent. and that of female scholars by 6 per cent. Comparatively speaking, therefore, the loss to the Muhammadan community on account of the general fall in the number of pupils was not great.

Madrassas.

92. The returns show that on the 31st March 1919 there were 273 madrassas—13 senior and 260 junior—with an enrolment of 22,792. The corresponding figures for the previous year were 260 and 21,222. In madrassas, therefore, the number of pupils increased by 1,570 or by a little more than 7 per cent. Towards the total expenditure on these institutions amounting to Rs. 4,31,790, public funds contributed Rs. 1,92,715. The entire additional grant of Rs. 25,000 was utilized during the year. The courses of studies for the junior department of madrassas were revised.

Proposals for the establishment of Islamic intermediate classes attached to the Dacca Madrassa were sanctioned by Government during the year under report. The scheme provides for—

- (1) the establishment of an Islamic matriculation examination with effect from 1919;
- (2) the establishment of an Islamic intermediate examination from 1921;
- (3) the constitution of an advisory board to assist the Education Department in conducting those examinations;
- (4) the establishment of Islamic intermediate classes in the Dacca Madrassa; and
- (5) the appointment of 3 additional professors in the Dacca Madrassa for the proposed intermediate classes.

Regulations for the conduct of the Islamic matriculation and the intermediate examinations were also approved by Government.

Maktabs.

93. The number of *maktabs* (recognised and unrecognised) increased from 9,502 to 11,120 of these 8,312 were for boys and 2,808 were for girls. The number of pupils attending those institutions increased from 274,267 to 310,044. Of these 236,808 were boys and 73,236 were girls, as against 214,482 and 59,785 in the preceding year. The total expenditure on *maktabs* rose from Rs. 6,54,868 to Rs. 7,91,129. Contributions from public funds increased from Rs. 2,98,004 to Rs. 4,15,742. The increase in expenditure from public funds was due to the additional grants sanctioned during the year. The purpose of these additional grants was to enable district funds to aid *maktabs* at a 50 per cent. higher rate than that at which ordinary primary schools are aided.

CHAPTER XI.

Education of Special Classes.

Education of Chiefs and Nobles.

94. The special provision for teaching the boys of the Nizam family in the Nawab Bahadur's Institution at Murshidabad was continued; 26 boys of the family were being educated in this way during the year.

Education of aborigines and other backward races.

95. During the year under review Government approved a scheme for the improvement and expansion of education among the Santals in the district of Dinajpur and assigned a sum of Rs. 3,924 per annum for its introduction. The scheme proceeds on the same lines as the one already introduced in the Burdwan Division. In the Chittagong Division the Government Middle School at Bandarban had 46 pupils on its rolls, all of whom

were Maghs. Primary schools for Tipras in the district of Tippera and for the Arrakanese-Magh settlers in the Cox's Bazar subdivision totalled 11.

In the Dacca Division the District Boards of Bakarganj and Mymensingh maintained 22 primary schools for the education of Maghs and aboriginal classes.

In the Burdwan Division the Sarenga Mission continued their activities and the number of primary schools for aborigines under their control was 164.

In the Presidency Division no special facilities worth record exist. But a large number of pupils belonging to the backward classes resort to the ordinary primary schools.

The society for the improvement of backward classes maintain a number of institutions for the education of children of the various poorer communities and sects. To encourage the educational activities of this association Government sanctioned during the year an annual grant of Rs. 3,000 and a non-recurring grant of Rs. 5,000.

96. The schools for the deaf and dumb and the blind in Calcutta are the most important institutions for the education of the physically defective. At the end of the year the Calcutta Deaf and Dumb School had 85 pupils on its rolls. A printing press was started in connection with this school, Government making a grant of Rs. 1,110 for the purpose. The deaf-mutes work in the press as compositors and printers.

Education of
the defective.

The Calcutta Blind School had 33 pupils on its rolls on the 31st of March 1919. Of the total expenditure during the year amounting to Rs. 23,150, a sum of Rs. 3,800 was met from public funds. Besides the ordinary primary school course the school teaches cane-work, basket-making and music.

97. There were 106 schools, 41 in the Jalpaiguri District and 65 in the Darjeeling District, for the education of children of labourers employed in tea gardens. Of these 5 schools in the district of Jalpaiguri are managed by Government. The total number of pupils in these schools was 2,083. The total cost to Government for tea garden schools amounted to Rs. 5,386, against the gross expenditure of Rs. 8,412.

Education of
children in
tea gardens.

98. The school established at Tittagarh for educating the children of operatives in the local mills is reported to have done good work during the year.

Education of
factory
children.

CHAPTER XII.

Private Institutions.

99. The purely indigenous education of the country is carried on in unrecognised *tôls*, *Quoran* schools, *Kyauungs* or monastic schools conducted by Buddhist teachers and other schools not conforming to any recognized system of public instruction. The number and attendance of those institutions are subject to fluctuation as most of them are opened and closed spasmodically. From the divisional reports it appears that there is a tendency among institutions of this class to adopt standards recognised by the department; this is the main cause of the gradual decrease in the number of private institutions. During the year under review the number of private schools declined from 2,584 to 2,478 and that of the pupils attending them from 72,322 to 69,209. Of the total number of attendance 17,125 were Hindus and 50,084 Muhamadans, while the rest belonged to other communities.

CHAPTER XIII.

Physical and Moral Training.

100. The number of hostels and boarding houses for boys increased from 775 to 809 and of boarders from 22,629 to 22,896. Besides these there were 70 boarding houses for girls with 4,594 inmates. With the exception of hostels and messes attached to Government institutions and to a few of the aided and unaided institutions the general condition of boarding houses leaves much to be desired both in respect of sanitary arrangements and in the matter of control and supervision.

Hostels.

The boarding allowances paid in the hostels attached to the high schools for girls at Mymensingh, Chittagong and Dacca were revised during the year.

Messes.

101. In Calcutta and Dacca the same arrangements continued for the accommodation of students in messes as were mentioned in the previous report.

Physical training.

102. During the year under report, the Advisor in Physical Education visited a number of institutions, inspected their hygienic and sanitary conditions, examined the work of the drill master and demonstrated to pupils and teachers certain types of physical training and games. He also lectured in the two training colleges in Calcutta and Dacca on personal and school hygiene. The scheme for the appointment of a whole-time Advisor in Physical Education is still under consideration.

It appears from divisional reports that though physical training receives increasing attention, it is practically neglected in many unaided schools. Some of these institutions run football and cricket teams, but the large majority of the boys have no games provided for them. In many places the lack of adequate playing-fields is keenly felt.

Drill continues to be taught under the system introduced by Dr. Grey and Dr. Segard. The subject forms a part of the curriculum of most schools but competent drill instructors are rare. As in previous years a number of drill masters were given a special course of training for six weeks under Dr. Segard at the Young Men's Christian Association, Calcutta. The scheme is an excellent one but its scope needs wide extension if it is to do more than touch the fringe of the problem.

Discipline.

103. During the year under review a few cases of breach of discipline were reported. Some students were arrested in Rajshahi, Chittagong, Calcutta and Khulna under the Defence of India Act. The number of national schools remained the same as in the previous year, viz., 4, but their attendance increased from 322 to 369. No unfavourable report was received against any teacher or pupil in them.

CHAPTER XIV.

Conferences.

104. No conference of educational officers was held during the year under the presidency of the Director of Public Instruction. Conferences of inspecting officers and teachers were held at divisional headquarters and various educational topics of interest and importance were discussed. Many of the district deputy inspectors also held conferences at district headquarters to discuss educational matters relating to their respective areas. In the Chittagong Division many sub-inspectors of schools held conferences of primary school teachers.

CHAPTER XV.

Text-book Committees.

105. There are still two separate Text-book Committees in the Presidency, one at Calcutta and the other at Dacca. During the year under report the Calcutta Committee received 591 books of which 177 were approved, 198 were rejected, 201 are under consideration and the remaining 15 were sent to this office for disposal. The Dacca Committee examined 846 books of which 615 were approved.

W. W. HORNEILL,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

EDUCATION—GENERAL TABLES.
1918-19.

EDUCATION—GENERAL TABLE I.

Abstract statement of Colleges, Schools and Scholars in the Presidency of Bengal at the end of the official year 1918-19.

(For details see General Table III)

AREA AND POPULATION.				Particulars.	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.										PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS.			GRAND TOTAL.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF TOWNS AND VILLAGES SERVED BY—				PERCENTAGE TO POPULATION OF SCHOLARS IN—	
1	2	3	4		5	6	University Education.		School Education, General.			School Education, Special.		Total.	Advanced.	Elementary.	Total.		Public Institutions.	Public and Private Institutions.	Public Institutions.	Public and Private Institutions.		
							Arts Colleges.	Professional Colleges.	Secondary Schools.	Primary Schools.	Total.	Training Schools.	All other schools.											
Total area in square miles.	Number of towns and villages.	Population.																						
78,699	Towns— 119	Males— 23,365,225	{ Institutions. }	{ For Males For Females }	33	15	2,727	34,278	37,005	123	1,189	38,365	179	1,926	2,105	40,470	3.12	2.96	...	...		
	Villages— 119,732	Females— 22,117,852			3	2	86	10,647	10,733	10	110	10,858	...	373	373	11,231	11.04	10.67	...	...		
	Total ... 119,851	Total 45,483,077	Total	...	36	17	2,813	44,925	47,738	133	1,299	49,223	179	2,299	2,478	51,701	2.43	2.32	...	...		
			{ Scholars }	{ Males Females }	20,614	5,004	392,987	1,086,897	1,479,884	2,464	42,143	1,550,109	7,435	48,102	55,537	1,605,646	...	...	6.63	6.87		
					166	20	11,482	297,304	308,786	156	3,089	312,217	18	13,654	13,672	325,889	...	...	1.41	1.47		
			Total	...	20,780	5,024	404,469	1,384,201	1,788,670	2,620	45,232	1,862,326	7,453	61,758	69,209	1,931,535	...	...	4.09	4.25		

EDUCATION—GENERAL

Abstract statement of expenditure on public instruction

(For details see

1	TOTAL DIRECT EXPENDITURE ON PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.					
	UNIVERSITY EDUCATION.		SCHOOL EDUCATION, GENERAL.		SCHOOL EDUCATION, SPECIAL.	
	Arts Colleges.	Colleges for professional training.	Secondary Schools.	Primary Schools.	Training Schools.	All other Special Schools.
2	3	4	5	6	7	
1. Institutions—	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
For Males	20,38,827	11,37,154	86,89,704	40,63,090	3,22,551	12,52,709
For Females	68,777	8,122	9,37,715	7,39,666	76,489	92,274
Total ...	21,07,604	11,45,276	96,27,419	48,02,756	3,99,040	13,44,983
2. (a) Percentages of Provincial expenditure included in columns 2—16 to total Provincial expenditure on Public Instruction.	7.72	8.45	15.84	19.25	4.08	6.59
(b) Percentages of Local Fund expenditure included in columns 2—16 to total Local Fund expenditure on Public Instruction.	...	...	16.88	56.25	...	5.46
(c) Percentages of Municipal expenditure included in columns 2—16 to total Municipal expenditure on Public Instruction.	.03	...	24.50	52.38	.21	10.37
(d) Percentages of total expenditure in columns 2—16 to total expenditure on Public Instruction.	7.59	4.13	34.68	17.30	1.44	4.85
3. AVERAGE ANNUAL COST OF EDUCATING EACH PUPIL IN—	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
<i>Government Institutions—</i>						
Cost to Provincial Revenues ...	142 4 7	167 9 1	25 12 3	13 9 0	135 11 1	104 10 0
Cost to Local and Municipal Funds.	...	...	...	0 0 11	...	1 0 7
Total cost ...	237 15 6	255 12 5	52 14 11	14 5 0	139 7 1	127 14 1

TABLE II.

In the Presidency of Bengal for the official year 1918-19.

General Table IV.)

TOTAL INDIRECT EXPENDITURE ON PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.								Total Expenditure on Public Instruction.
Total.	University.	Direction.	Inspection.	Scholarships.	Buildings, furniture and apparatus.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1,75,04,035	18,37,065	1,28,800	9,48,891	4,24,455	28,07,421	21,83,925	83,30,557	2,77,57,635
19,23,043								
1,94,27,078	18,37,065	1,28,800	9,48,891	4,24,455	28,07,421	21,83,925	83,30,557	2,77,57,635
61.93	1.60	1.49	10.37	3.35	12.49	8.77	38.07	100
78.59	...	...	3.93	4.29	10.04	3.15	21.41	100
87.49	...	...	.67	1.27	6.12	4.45	12.51	100
69.99	6.62	.46	3.42	1.53	10.11	7.87	30.01	100
Rs. A. P.								
66 9 5								
0 1 10								
100 12 2								

EDUCATION—GENERAL

Abstract statement of expenditure on public instruction

(For details see

	TOTAL DIRECT EXPENDITURE ON PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.					
	UNIVERSITY EDUCATION.		SCHOOL EDUCATION, GENERAL.		SCHOOL EDUCATION, SPECIAL.	
	Arts Colleges.	Colleges for professional training.	Secondary Schools.	Primary Schools.	Training Schools.	All other Special Schools.
	2	3	4	5	6	7
1						
3. AVERAGE ANNUAL COST OF EDUCATING EACH PUPIL IN—	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
<i>Local Fund and Municipal Board Schools—</i>						
Cost to Provincial Revenues ...	35 13 4	...	2 0 11	2 11 9	...	16 14 1
Cost to Local and Municipal Funds.	0 3 11	...	6 3 9	0 8 3	...	89 11 4
Total cost ...	86 1 9	59 9 7	18 11 9	4 8 9	...	153 6 6
<i>Aided Institutions—</i>						
Cost to Provincial Revenues ...	20 9 9	149 8 6	5 5 3	1 2 7	157 12 4	6 6 2
Cost to Local and Municipal Funds.	...	...	1 3 6	0 11 9	1 15 3	1 13 4
Total cost ...	93 5 4	228 1 11	26 5 0	3 11 0	344 10 0	22 3 4
<i>Unaided Institutions—</i>						
Total cost ...	58 12 11	50 15 9	20 10 8	1 6 5	...	18 8 4
<i>All Institutions—</i>						
Cost to Provincial Revenues ...	32 2 7	145 3 9	3 7 6	1 4 0	137 7 9	13 0 8
Cost to Local and Municipal Funds.	...	...	0 11 1	0 10 3	0 2 6	2 2 1
Total cost ...	101 12 6	228 3 0	24 7 1	3 9 9	155 14 0	30 13 3

TABLE II.
In the Presidency of Bengal for the official year 1918-19.
(General Table IV.)

TOTAL INDIRECT EXPENDITURE ON PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.								
Total.	University.	Direction.	Inspection.	Scholarships.	Buildings, furniture and apparatus.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	Total expenditure on Public Instruction.
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Rs. A. P.								
2 12 7								
1 2 11								
6 4 11								
2 0 3								
0 13 3								
7 12 10								
14 6 8								
2 15 7								
0 10 10								
10 13 0								

EDUCATION—

Return of Colleges, Schools and Scholars In

PUBLIC										
CLASS OF INSTITUTIONS.	UNDER PUBLIC MANAGEMENT.								UNDER PRIVATE	
	Managed by Government.				Managed by Local Funds and Municipal Boards.				Aided by Government or Municipal	
	Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on 31st March 1919.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on 31st March 1919.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on 31st March 1919.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
UNIVERSITY EDUCATION.										
Arts Colleges—										
English	For males	7	3,538	3,608	3,098	1	223	219	207	12
	For females	1	85	87	78	...	...	...	...	1
Oriental	For males	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	For females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Colleges of Professional Training—										
Law	For males	6	2,450	2,467	2,401	1	9	10	9	...
	For females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Medicine	For males	1	953	1,038	1,033	...	...	...	...	1
	For females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	267
Engineering	For males	1	386	325	296	...	...	...	...	...
	For females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Teaching	For males	2	98	101	94	...	...	...	...	...
	For females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Agriculture	For males	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	For females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Veterinary	For males	1	165	171	153	...	...	...	...	...
	For females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Commercial	For males	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	For females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Forestry	For males	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	For females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	19	7,675	7,797	7,153	2	232	229	216	15
SCHOOL EDUCATION, GENERAL.										
Secondary Schools—										
High Schools for males		42	14,193	13,217	11,226	4	2,228	2,065	1,717	277
Middle Schools	English	6	697	680	560	46	4,287	4,194	3,273	911
	Vernacular	1	46	49	37	42	2,240	2,292	1,748	226
High Schools for females		5	991	923	753	...	...	...	...	20
Middle Schools	English	2	272	242	190	1	87	68	48	34
	Vernacular	1	124	121	112	1	70	75	58	22
Total	...	57	16,323	15,232	12,878	94	8,912	8,694	6,844	1,490
Primary Schools—										
For males		123	4,326	4,370	3,241	2,846	117,024	113,389	87,070	27,609
For females		68	2,780	2,577	1,889	28	929	896	672	8,645
Total	...	191	7,106	6,947	5,130	2,874	117,953	114,285	87,742	36,254
SCHOOL EDUCATION, SPECIAL.										
Training Schools	For males	117	2,346	2,294	2,042	...	...	...	...	6
	For females	3	62	61	59	...	...	...	...	7
Schools of Art	For males	1	246	244	229	...	...	...	...	2
	For females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Law Schools	For males	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	For females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Medical Schools	For males	3	844	831	705	...	...	...	...	...
	For females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Engineering and Surveying Schools.	For males	2	327	330	256	...	...	...	...	...
	For females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Technical and Industrial Schools.	For males	9	304	312	267	6	376	372	301	23
	For females	2	12	12	12	...	...	...	...	22
Commercial Schools.	For males	1	160	192	120	...	...	...	...	4
	For females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
Agricultural Schools.	For males	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	For females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Reformatory Schools.	For males	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	For females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other Schools	For males	7	1,686	1,590	1,276	...	...	...	...	778
	For females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	67
Total	...	145	5,987	5,866	4,966	6	376	372	301	912
Total of Colleges and Schools of Public Instruction.	...	412	37,091	35,842	30,127	2,976	127,473	123,580	95,103	38,671

the Presidency of Bengal for the official year 1918-19.

5 A

EDUCATION—GENERAL TABLE III—*concl'd.*

Class of Institution.	Grand Total of Institu- tions.	Grand Total of scholars on 31st March 1919.	NUMBER OF SCHOLARS ON 31ST MARCH 1919, LEARNING—			Number of girls in boys' schools.	Number of boys in girls' schools.
			English.	A classical language.	A vernacular language.		
—	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS.							
1. <i>Advanced teaching—</i>							
(a) Arabic or Persian	For males ...	157	7,244	77	7,198	376	18
	For females	...	...	...	...	...	...
(b) Sanskrit	For males ...	22	209	...	209	...	...
	For females	...	...	...	...	...	...
(c) Any other Oriental Classic.	For males ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	For females	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. <i>Elementary teaching—</i>							
(a) Vernacular only or mainly.	For males ...	166	3,294	74	94	3,294	456
	For females	37	944	...	...	944	...
(b) The Koran only ...	For males ...	1,281	29,822	...	29,822	37	4,513
	For females	262	4,070	...	4,070	...	501
3. <i>Other schools not conform- ing to departmental standards.</i>	For males ...	479	19,835	6,946	3,232	19,397	427
	For females	74	3,791	347	332	3,791	46
Total of Private Institutions ...	2,478	69,209	7,444	44,957	27,839	5,414	547
Grand Total of all Institutions	For males ...	40,470	1,668,413	365,972	394,467	1,609,239	68,009
	For females	11,231	263,122	9,485	60,188	253,247	5,242
Total ...	51,701	1,931,535	375,457	454,655	1,862,486	68,009	5,242

EDUCATION—GENERAL TABLE IIIA.

Number of scholars on 31st March 1919 in the Presidency of Bengal, classified according to sex, race or creed.

—	1	2	3	HINDUS—		6	7	8	9	10
				Brahmans.	Non-Brahmans.					
		Europeans and Anglo-Indians.	Indian Christians.			Muham- madans.	Buddhists.	Parsis.	Others.	Total.
UNIVERSITY EDUCATION.										
<i>Arts Colleges—</i>										
English	...	3	145	6,354	11,804	2,076	72	5	155	20,614
	{ Males ...	14	36	23	86	2	...	1	4	166
Oriental	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	{ Females ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Colleges for Professional training—</i>										
Law	...	1	6	1,266	1,612	257	3	...	3	3,148
	{ Males ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Medicine	...	27	6	340	768	53	10	3	...	1,207
	{ Females ...	10	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	13
Engineering	...	53	1	91	219	20	1	1	...	386
	{ Males ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Teaching	...	...	3	32	36	27	...	...	...	98
	{ Females ...	...	5	...	2	...	...	...	...	7
Agriculture	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	{ Males ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Veterinary	...	...	6	19	90	46	3	...	1	165
	{ Females ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Commercial	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	{ Males ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Forestry	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	{ Females ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	103	209	8,125	14,618	2,481	89	11	163	25,804
SCHOOL EDUCATION (GENERAL).										
<i>Secondary Schools—</i>										
<i>For males—</i>										
High Schools	...	2,331	1,077	52,843	130,209	47,241	912	68	493	235,174
	{ Males ...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	2
Middle Schools—	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
English	...	1,304	675	19,883	74,746	43,434	699	3	184	140,928
	{ Males ...	349	12	28	85	13	1	...	...	488
Vernacular	...	...	318	1,392	7,537	6,352	60	...	137	15,796
	{ Females ...	...	20	12	44	...	...	...	...	76
<i>For females—</i>										
High Schools	...	342	25	29	53	4	2	4	...	459
	{ Females ...	1,884	643	301	1,260	46	15	10	...	4,159
Middle Schools—	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
English	...	306	23	55	59	8	...	11	3	465
	{ Females ...	1,497	592	536	1,615	258	10	55	9	4,572
Vernacular	...	...	86	19	44	6	...	...	10	165
	{ Females ...	...	572	468	1,014	101	...	...	30	2,185
Total	...	8,014	4,043	75,566	216,667	97,463	1,699	151	866	404,469

EDUCATION—GENERAL TABLE IIIA—*contd.*

Number of scholars on 31st March 1919 in the Presidency of Bengal, classified according to sex, race or creed—*contd.*

		Europeans and Anglo- Indians.	Indian Christians.	HINDUS—		Muham- madans.	Buddhists.	Parsis.	Others.	Total.	
				Brahmans.	Non- Brahmans.						
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
SCHOOL EDUCATION (GENERAL)— <i>concl'd.</i>											
Primary Schools—											
For males	...	Males ...	382	3,149	46,254	457,736	560,060	4,689	...	11,183	1,083,453
		Females	148	662	5,644	29,530	24,857	187	...	404	61,432
For females	...	Males ...	167	222	232	1,104	1,641	20	...	58	3,444
		Females	347	2,743	21,073	86,524	123,996	918	...	271	235,872
Total		...	1,044	6,776	73,203	574,894	710,554	5,814	...	11,916	1,384,201
SCHOOL EDUCATION (SPECIAL).											
Training Schools	{	Males ...	...	88	277	961	1,106	15	...	17	2,464
		Females	16	105	9	22	3	1	...	...	156
Schools of Art	...	Males ...	...	6	110	159	23	1	...	85	384
		Females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Law Schools	...	Males ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Medical Schools	{	Males ...	...	4	324	771	58	1	...	...	1,158
		Females	2	14	...	3	...	...	...	...	19
Engineering and Surveying Schools.	{	Males ...	...	1	102	250	49	...	...	...	402
		Females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Technical and In- dustrial Schools.	{	Males ...	173	263	196	1,077	509	16	1	11	2,246
		Females	51	358	28	258	53	107	...	...	855
Commercial Schools	{	Males ...	63	4	275	539	97	...	2	...	980
		Females	99	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	100
Agricultural Schools.	{	Males ...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	4
		Females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Reformatory Schools.	{	Males ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other Schools	...	Males ...	1	211	6,277	3,497	26,950	32	...	1	36,969
		Females	6	35	111	205	1,758	...	...	...	2,115
Total		...	411	1,089	7,709	7,746	30,606	173	3	115	47,852
Total of Colleges and Schools of Public Instruction.			9,577	12,117	164,603	813,925	841,104	7,775	165	13,060	1,862,326

EDUCATION—GENERAL TABLE IIIA—concl'd.

Number of scholars on 31st March 1919 in the Presidency of Bengal, classified according to sex, race or creed—concl'd.

1	2	3	HINDUS—		6	7	8	9	10
			Brahmans.	Non-Brahmans.					
	Europeans and Anglo-Indians.	Indian Christians.			Muhammadians.	Buddhists.	Parsis.	Others.	Total.
PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS.									
<i>Advanced teaching—</i>									
(a) Arabic or { Males ...	...	...	...	...	7,226	...	...	...	7,226
Persian. { Females ...	...	...	...	...	18	...	...	...	18
(b) Sanskrit ... { Males ...	...	...	190	19	...	...	...	...	209
{ Females ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(c) Any other { Males ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oriental { Females ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Classic. { Females ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Elementary teaching—(a) A vernacular only or mainly—</i>									
For males ... { Males ...	...	9	115	982	1,692	33	...	7	2,838
{ Females ...	...	...	22	220	207	6	...	1	456
For females ... { Males ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{ Females ...	...	2	13	153	776	...	...	...	944
<i>(b) The Koran only—</i>									
For males ... { Males ...	...	...	...	...	25,309	...	...	...	25,309
{ Females ...	...	...	...	...	4,513	...	...	...	4,513
For females ... { Males ...	...	...	...	...	501	...	...	...	501
{ Females ...	...	...	...	...	3,569	...	...	...	3,569
<i>Other schools not conforming to departmental standards.</i>									
For males ... { Males ...	...	128	2,123	10,534	5,283	1,076	1	263	19,408
{ Females ...	...	15	57	175	170	10	...	...	427
For females ... { Males ...	...	...	3	38	5	...	...	...	46
{ Females ...	3	416	624	1,857	815	...	...	30	3,745
Total of Private Institutions ...	3	570	3,147	13,978	50,084	1,125	1	301	69,209
Grand total of all Institutions ...	9,580	12,687	167,750	827,903	891,188	8,900	166	13,361	1,931,535

EDUCATION—GENERAL

Return of European Colleges, Schools and Scholars in the

CLASS OF INSTITUTION.	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.											
	MANAGED BY GOVERNMENT.				UNDER PRIVATE MANAGEMENT.							
	Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Aided by Government, by Local Funds, or Municipal Boards.				Unaided			
					Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
SCHOOL EDUCATION— GENERAL.												
Secondary Schools—												
High Schools for males ...	1	177	186	180	6	1,623	1,156	1,045	3	900	837	751
Middle Schools for males— English.	...	...	...	...	9	1,726	1,654	1,553	...	...	...	...
High Schools for females ...	1	106	109	101	11	2,156	2,170	1,933	...	...	...	...
Middle Schools for females— English.	...	...	...	...	13	1,912	1,891	1,783	...	...	...	...
Total ...	2	283	295	281	39	7,417	6,871	6,264	3	900	837	751
Primary Schools—												
For males ...	...	...	...	...	7	502	533	448	...	...	...	...
For females ...	...	...	...	...	11	452	434	374	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	...	...	...	18	954	967	822	...	...	...	...
SCHOOL EDUCATION— SPECIAL.												
Training Schools { for males ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{ for females ...	1	16	18	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Schools of Art { for males ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{ for females ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Law Schools ... { for males ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{ for females ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Medical Schools { for males ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{ for females ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Engineering and { for males ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Surveying Schools. { for females ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Technical and { for males ...	...	...	...	...	3	249	217	142	...	...	...	...
Industrial Schools { for females ...	1	2	2	2	5	34	34	32	...	...	...	...
Commercial Schools. { for males ...	...	...	...	...	4	63	46	46	...	...	...	...
{ for females ...	...	...	...	...	3	83	68	53	...	...	...	...
Agricultural Schools. { for males ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{ for females ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Reformatory Schools. { for males ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{ for females ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other Schools ... { for males ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{ for females ...	...	...	...	...	1	4	4	4	...	...	...	...
Total ...	2	18	20	20	16	433	369	277	...	...	...	...
Grand Total of all Institutions ...	4	301	315	301	73	8,804	8,207	7,363	3	900	837	751

Presidency of Bengal for the official year 1918-19.

6

EDUCATION—GENERAL

Expenditure on Public Instruction

OBJECTS OF EXPENDITURE.	PUBLIC					
	UNDER PUBLIC					
	Managed by					
	Provincial Revenues.	Local Funds.	Municipal Funds.	Fees.	Endowments.	Subscriptions and other sources.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
DIRECT EXPENDITURE.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
UNIVERSITY EDUCATION.						
Arts Colleges—						
English—						
For males	4,83,994	...	...	3,32,041	13,650	2,956
„ females	41,750	...	...	4,913	...	...
Oriental—						
For males	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ females	...	...	...	...	...	...
Colleges for Professional Training—						
Law—						
For males	30,000	...	...	2,10,941	...	...
„ females	...	...	...	...	...	...
Medicine—						
For males	2,15,767	...	...	1,21,838	...	...
„ females	...	...	...	...	...	...
Engineering—						
For males	2,02,561	...	...	24,833	...	2,702
„ females	...	...	...	...	...	...
Teaching—						
For males	96,940	...	...	...	...	1,350
„ females	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agriculture	...	...	...	...	...	...
For males	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ females	...	...	...	...	...	...
Veterinary—						
For males	1,42,091	...	...	170	...	...
„ females	...	...	...	...	...	...
Commercial—						
For males	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ females	...	...	...	...	...	...
Forestry—						
For males	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ females	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	12,13,103	...	...	6,94,736	13,650	7,008
SCHOOL EDUCATION, GENERAL.						
Secondary Schools—						
High schools for males	2,70,442	...	...	3,67,841	1,588	1,158
Middle schools for males—						
English	15,582	...	...	4,458	...	2
Vernacular	2,239	...	...	2	...	4
High schools for females	89,383	...	...	36,055	...	600
Middle schools for females—						
English	10,433	...	...	1,374	...	160
Vernacular	4,378	...	...	412	...	143
Total	3,92,457	...	...	4,10,142	1,588	2,067

TABLE IV.

In the Presidency of Bengal for the official year 1918-19.

INSTITUTIONS.									
MANAGEMENT.								UNDER PRIVATE MANAGEMENT.	
Government.	Managed by Local Funds and Municipal Boards.							Aided by Government or by Local or Municipal Boards.	
Total.	Provincial Revenues.	Local Funds.	Municipal Funds.	Fees.	Endowments.	Subscriptions and other sources.	Total.	Provincial revenues.	Local funds.
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
8,32,641	7,848	...	54	8,849	1,847	260	18,858	1,25,227	...
46,663	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	7,200	...
...
...
2,40,941	...	...	...	596	...	...	596	...	...
...
3,37,605	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	34,370	...
...
2,30,096	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...
98,290	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,200	...
...
...
1,42,261	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...
...
...
...
...
19,23,497	7,848	...	54	9,445	1,847	260	19,454	1,73,997	...
6,41,029	15,725	...	1,702	40,021	...	...	57,448	3,91,234	4,493
20,042	349	24,474	1,825	36,498	...	1,944	65,090	2,13,217	1,57,743
2,245	...	24,139	...	10,291	...	921	35,351	35,882	13,982
1,26,038	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,71,799	...
11,967	1,432	...	1,282	159	...	397	3,270	1,26,305	...
4,933	371	...	778	497	...	50	1,696	17,804	...
8,06,254	17,877	48,613	5,587	87,466	...	3,312	1,62,855	9,56,241	1,76,218

EDUCATION—GENERAL

Expenditure on Public Instruction

OBJECTS OF EXPENDITURE.	PUBLIC					
	UNDER PRIVATE					
	Aided by Government or by Local or Municipal Boards.					Un-
	Municipal Funds.	Fees.	Endowments.	Subscriptions and other sources.	Total.	Fees.
	18	19	20	21	22	23
DIRECT EXPENDITURE.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
UNIVERSITY EDUCATION.						
Arts Colleges—						
English—						
For males	...	3,26,346	94,339	35,890	5,81,802	5,68,074
„ females	...	4,644	...	6,130	17,974	1,260
Oriental—						
For males	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ Females	...	...	...	...	...	...
Colleges for Professional Training—						
Law—						
For males	...	...	...	...	...	31,469
„ females	...	...	...	...	...	...
Medicine—						
For males	...	21,526	...	...	55,896	...
„ females	...	...	...	...	...	...
Engineering—						
For males	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ females	...	...	...	...	...	...
Teaching—						
For males	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ females	...	322	...	...	7,522	120
Agriculture—						
For males	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ females	...	...	...	...	...	...
Veterinary—						
For males	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ females	...	...	...	...	...	...
Commercial—						
For males	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ females	...	...	...	...	...	...
Forestry—						
For males	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ females	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	3,52,838	94,339	42,020	6,63,194	6,00,923
SCHOOL EDUCATION, GENERAL.						
Secondary Schools—						
High Schools for males	10,772	16,95,937	50,728	1,77,222	23,30,386	28,95,861
Middle Schools for males—						
English	14,102	7,69,564	20,070	2,99,332	14,74,028	4,27,906
Vernacular	48	51,614	629	24,725	1,26,880	6,555
High Schools for females	3,549	2,17,774	20,000	69,956	4,83,078	...
Middle Schools for females—						
English	11,379	54,939	8,183	51,680	2,52,486	...
Vernacular	2,178	5,930	594	27,741	54,247	...
Total	42,028	27,95,758	1,00,204	6,50,656	47,21,105	33,30,322

TABLE IV—*contd.*

In the Presidency of Bengal for the official year 1918-19.

INSTITUTIONS.			TOTAL EXPENDITURE FROM—							GRAND TOTAL.
MANAGEMENT.			Provincial Revenues.	Local Funds.	Municipal Funds.	Fees.	Endowments.	Subscriptions and other sources.		
aided.										
Endowments.	Subscriptions and other sources.	Total.								
24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
20,703	16,749	6,05,526	6,17,069	...	54	12,35,310	1,30,539	55,855	20,38,827	
...	2,880	4,140	48,950	...	...	10,817	...	9,010	68,777
...	
...	
...	...	31,469	30,000	...	...	2,43,006	...	...	2,73,006
...	
...	...	...	2,50,137	...	...	1,43,364	...	...	3,93,501
...	
...	...	...	2,02,561	...	...	24,833	...	2,702	2,30,096
...	
...	...	...	96,940	...	...	...	...	1,350	98,290
...	480	600	7,200	...	...	442	...	480	8,122
...	
...	
...	...	...	1,42,091	...	...	170	...	...	1,42,261
...	
...	
...	
...	
...	
20,703	20,109	6,41,735	13,94,948	...	54	16,57,942	1,30,539	69,397	32,52,880	
1,20,484	(a) 2,76,290	32,92,635	6,77,401	5,233	12,474	49,99,660	1,72,800	4,53,930	63,21,498	
22,009	(b) 1,81,504	6,31,419	2,29,148	1,82,217	16,015	12,38,426	42,079	4,82,694	21,90,579	
603	5,993	13,151	38,121	38,121	48	68,462	1,232	31,643	1,77,627	
...	...	...	2,61,182	...	3,549	2,53,829	20,000	70,556	6,09,116
...	...	...	1,38,170	...	12,661	56,472	8,183	52,237	2,67,723
...	...	...	22,553	...	2,956	6,839	594	27,934	60,876
1,43,096	4,63,787	39,37,205	13,66,575	2,25,571	47,703	66,23,688	2,44,888	11,18,994	96,27,419	

(a) Includes Rs. 740 paid to some unaided high schools from District Fund.

(b) Includes Rs. 83 paid to some unaided Middle English Schools from Municipal Fund.

EDUCATION—GENERAL

Expenditure on Public Instruction

OBJECTS OF EXPENDITURE.	PUBLIC					
	UNDER PUBLIC					
	Managed by					
	Provincial Revenues.	Local Funds.	Municipal Funds.	Fees.	Endowments.	Subscriptions and other sources.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
DIRECT EXPENDITURE— <i>concl'd.</i>	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
SCHOOL EDUCATION, GENERAL— <i>concl'd.</i>						
Primary School—						
For males	68,372	...	...	2,947	...	158
„ females	25,835	358	24	841	105	774
Total	94,207	358	24	3,788	105	932
SCHOOL EDUCATION, SEPCIAL.						
Training Schools—						
For males	2,78,115	...	...	8,589	...	92
„ females	41,501	...	...	95	...	...
Schools of Art—						
For males	28,232	...	...	4,548	...	...
„ females ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
Law Schools—						
For males ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ females ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
Medical Schools—						
For males	1,01,257	..	...	32,663	...	...
„ females ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
Engineering and Surveying Schools—						
For males	54,426	...	...	8,972	...	3,596
„ females ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
Technical and Industrial Schools—						
For males	61,134	2,650	...	1,290	...	12,510
„ females	4,620	1,000	...	...	...	...
Commercial Schools —						
For males	19,845	...	...	4,475	...	...
„ females ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agricultural Schools—						
For males ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ females ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
Reformatory Schools—						
For males ... ..	...	...	...	...	..	...
„ females ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other Schools—						
For males	97,824	...	...	9,451	490	...
„ females ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	6,86,954	3,650	...	70,083	490	16,198
Total direct expenditure ..	23,86,721	4,008	24	11,78,749	15,833	26,205

TABLE IV—*contd.*

In the Presidency of Bengal for the official year 1918-19.

INSTITUTIONS.									
MANAGEMENT.								UNDER PRIVATE MANAGEMENT.	
Government.	Managed by Local Funds and Municipal Boards.							Aided by Government or by Local or Municipal Boards.	
Total.	Provincial Revenues.	Local Funds.	Municipal Funds.	Fees.	Endowments.	Subscriptions and other sources.	Total.	Provincial Revenues.	Local Funds.
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
71,477	3,08,432	55,366	1,865	1,55,846	30	12,635	5,34,174	9,58,267	5,47,164
27,937	4,097	1,036	481	...	...	...	5,617	2,95,464	1,47,751
99,414	3,12,529	56,402	2,349	1,55,846	30	12,635	5,39,791	12,53,731	6,94,915
2,86,796	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14,883	...
41,596	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17,460	...
32,780	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,800	300
...
...
1,33,920	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...
66,994	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...
77,584	6,280	33,236	135	4,724	1,377	11,315	57,067	16,108	...
5,620	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	14,935	...
24,320	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,920	...
...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	4,385	...
...
...
...
1,07,765	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,49,001	34,412
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,188	1,348
7,77,375	6,280	33,236	135	4,724	1,377	11,315	57,067	2,27,680	36,060
36,11,540	3,44,534	1,38,251	8,125	2,57,481	3,254	27,522	7,79,167	26,11,649	9,07,193

EDUCATION—GENERAL

Expenditure on Public Instruction

OBJECTS OF EXPENDITURE.	PUBLIC					
	UNDER PRIVATE					
	Aided by Government or by Local or Municipal Board.					Un-
	Municipal Funds.	Fees.	Endowments.	Subscriptions and other sources.	Total.	Fees.
	18	19	20	21	22	23
DIRECT EXPENDITURE— concl'd.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
SCHOOL EDUCATION, GENERAL— concl'd.						
<i>Primary Schools—</i>						
For males	70,222	14,62,077	6,091	2,48,128	32,91,949	1,29,799
„ females	29,391	49,605	4,766	1,60,234	6,87,211	3,569
Total ...	99,613	15,11,682	10,857	4,08,362	39,79,160	1,33,368
SCHOOL EDUCATION, SPECIAL.						
<i>Training Schools—</i>						
For males ... ..	...	167	10,266	10,439	35,755	...
„ females	400	4,264	...	12,769	34,893	...
<i>Schools of Art—</i>						
For males	500	1,368	...	6,471	10,439	120
„ females ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Law Schools—</i>						
For males ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ females ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Medical Schools—</i>						
For males ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	5,077
„ females ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Engineering and Surveying Schools—</i>						
For males ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	416
„ females ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Technical and Industrial Schools—</i>						
For males	5,219	10,124	4,473	52,616	88,540	...
„ females	800	3,393	9,665	34,374	63,167	...
<i>Commercial Schools—</i>						
For males ... ..	...	2,286	...	1,685	5,891	17,746
„ females ... ..	...	1,062	312	...	5,759	...
<i>Agricultural Schools</i>						
For males ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ females ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Reformatory Schools—</i>						
For males ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
„ females ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Other Schools—</i>						
For males	12,510	99,966	29,872	1,53,203	4,78,964	50,208
„ females	1,028	4,522	...	2,518	16,604	...
Total ...	20,457	1,27,152	54,588	2,74,075	7,40,012	73,567
Total direct expenditure ...	1,62,098	47,87,430	2,59,988	13,75,113	1,01,03,471	41,38,180

TABLE IV—*contd.*

In the Presidency of Bengal for the official year 1918-19.

INSTITUTIONS.			TOTAL EXPENDITURE FROM—						GRAND TOTAL.
MANAGEMENT.			Provincial Revenues.	Local Fund.	Municipal Funds.	Fees.	Endowments.	Subscriptions and other sources.	
aided.									
Endowments.	Subscriptions and other sources.	Total.							
24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
574 2,851	35,117 12,481	1,65,490 18,901	13,35,071 3,25,396	6,02,530 1,49,145	72,087 29,899	17,50,669 54,015	6,695 7,722	2,96,038 1,73,489	40,63,090 7,39,666
3,425	47,598	1,84,391	16,60,467	7,51,675	1,01,986	18,04,684	14,417	4,69,527	48,02,756
...	...	...	2,92,998 58,961	...	... 400	8,756 4,359	10,266 ...	10,531 12,769	3,22,551 76,489
2,124 ...	... ...	2,244 ...	30,032 ...	300 ...	500 ...	6,036 ...	2,124 ...	6,471 ...	45,463 ...
...
...
...	...	5,077	1,01,257	...	...	37,740	...	...	1,38,997
...
...	...	416	54,426	...	...	9,388	...	3,596	67,410
...
3,950 1,052	398 ...	4,348 1,052	83,522 19,555	35,886 1,000	5,354 800	16,138 3,393	9,800 10,717	76,839 34,374	2,27,539 69,839
...	2,248	19,994	21,765 4,385	...	...	24,507 1,062	... 312	3,933 ...	50,205 5,759
...	185	185	...	...	...	...	...	185	185
...
...
18,425 ...	67,548 72	1,36,181 72	2,46,825 7,188	34,412 1,348	12,510 1,028	1,59,625 4,522	48,787 ...	2,20,751 2,590	7,22,910 16,676
25,551	70,451	1,69,569	9,20,914	72,946	20,592	2,75,526	82,006	3,72,039	17,44,023
1,92,775	6,01,945	49,32,900	53,42,904	10,50,192	1,70,335	1,03,61,840	4,71,850	20,29,957	1,94,27,078

EDUCATION—GENERAL

Expenditure on Public Instruction

OBJECTS OF EXPENDITURE.	PUBLIC					
	UNDER PUBLIC					
	Managed by					
	Provincial Revenues.	Local Funds.	Municipal Funds.	Fees.	Endowments.	Subscriptions and other sources.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
INDIRECT EXPENDITURE—	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Buildings, furniture and apparatus	4,31,915	267	...	2,545	...	6,884
University ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
Direction ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
Inspection ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
{ Arts Colleges ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{ Medical Colleges ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{ Other Professional	...	...	...	...	...	...
Colleges.						
Secondary Schools	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scholarships { Primary Schools ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
held in— { Medical Schools ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{ Technical and Indus-	...	...	...	...	...	...
trial Schools.						
Other Special	...	...	...	...	...	...
Schools.						
Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Indirect Expenditure ...	4,31,915	267	...	2,545	...	6,884
Total Expenditure on Public Instruc-	28,18,636	4,275	24	11,81,294	15,833	33,089
tion.						

in the Presidency of Bengal for the official year 1918-19.

MANAGEMENT.								UNDER PRIVATE MANAGEMENT.	
Government.		Managed by Local Funds and Municipal Boards.						Aided by Government or by Local or Municipal Boards.	
Total.	Provincial Revenues.	Local Funds.	Municipal Funds.	Fees.	Endowments.	Subscriptions and other sources.	Total.	Provincial Revenues.	Local Funds.
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
4,41,611	1,15,228	59,462	4,951	2,716	...	16,591	1,98,948	4,85,414	42,822
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4,41,611	1,15,228	59,462	4,951	2,716	...	16,591	1,98,948	4,85,414	42,822
40,53,151	4,59,762	1,97,713	13,076	2,60,197	3,254	44,113	9,78,115	30,97,063	9,50,015

EDUCATION—GENERAL

Expenditure on Public Instruction

OBJECTS OF EXPENDITURE.	PUBLIC					
	UNDER PRIVATE					
	Aided by Government or by Local or Municipal Boards.					Un-
	Municipal Funds.	Fees.	Endowments.	Subscriptions and other sources.	Total.	Fees.
	18	19	20	21	22	23
INDIRECT EXPENDITURE.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Buildings, furniture and apparatus	6,924	1,72,073	59,799	5,05,982	12,73,014	62,840
University ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
Direction ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
Inspection ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
[Arts Colleges ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
[Medical Colleges ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
[Other Professional Colleges.	...	...	...	...	...	...
[Secondary Schools	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scholarships { Primary Schools ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
held in— { Medical Schools ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
[Technical and Industrial Schools.	...	...	...	...	...	...
[Other Special Schools.	...	...	...	...	...	...
[Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Indirect Expenditure ...	6,924	1,72,073	59,799	5,05,982	12,73,014	62,840
Total Expenditure on Public Instruction.	1,69,022	49,59,503	3,19,787	18,81,095	1,13,76,485	42,01,020

TABLE IV—concl'd.

In the Presidency of Bengal for the official year 1918-19.

INSTITUTIONS.			TOTAL EXPENDITURE FROM—						
MANAGEMENT.			Provincial Revenues.	Local Funds.	Municipal Funds.	Fees.	Endowments.	Subscriptions and other sources.	GRAND TOTAL.
aided.									
Endowments.	Subscriptions and other sources.	Total.							
24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
72,009	7,58,999*	8,93,848	10,76,418	1,34,114	11,925	2,40,174	1,31,808	12,12,982	28,07,421
...	1,38,571	...	...	12,38,602	4,00,365	59,527	18,37,065
...	1,28,800	...	...	...	...	...	1,28,800
...	8,94,648	52,542	1,308	...	...	393	9,48,891
...	1,07,669	394	...	537	38,228	11,262	1,58,090
...	33,321	817	...	...	6,691	...	40,829
...	30,904	14,844	131	1,656	2,053	...	49,588
...	75,184	22,593	1,448	578	4,111	3,314	1,07,228
...	2,371	6,053	225	...	...	225	8,874
...	7,624	130	...	492	1,071	...	9,317
...	12,214	6,315	445	...	...	447	19,421
...	20,149	6,094	230	1,395	2,452	788	31,108
...	7,56,484	42,119	8,656	8,19,609	1,10,309	4,46,748	21,83,925
72,009	7,58,999	8,93,848	32,84,357	2,86,015	24,368	23,03,043	6,97,088	17,35,686	83,30,557
2,64,784	13,60,944	58,26,748	86,27,261	13,36,207	1,94,703	1,26,64,883	11,68,938	37,65,643	2,77,57,635

* Includes Rs. 50 paid from Municipal Fund, Rs. 31,563 paid from District Fund and Rs. 48,861 paid from the Provincial Revenues to some unaided institutions.

EDUCATION—GENERAL

Return of Expenditure on Public Instruction in European Schools

OBJECTS OF EXPENDITURE.	PUBLIC									
	UNDER PUBLIC MANAGEMENT.					UNDER PRIVATE				
	Managed by Government.					Aided by Government or by Local or Municipal				
	Provincial Revenues.	Fees.	Endowments.	Subscriptions and other sources.	Total.	Provincial Revenues.	Local Funds.	Municipal Funds.	Fees.	Endowments.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
SCHOOL EDUCATION—GENERAL.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
SECONDARY SCHOOLS.										
High Schools for males ...	8,830	32,435	...	...	41,265	1,06,607	...	...	1,45,810	27,741
Middle Schools for males { English...	...	...	...	...	...	1,12,098	...	5,306	16,710	4,769
{ Vernacular	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
High Schools for females ...	21,080	21,023	...	...	42,103	1,19,739	...	438	1,59,445	20,000
Middle Schools for females { English...	...	...	...	...	...	84,734	...	4,832	39,402	4,349
{ Vernacular	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total for Secondary Schools ...	29,910	53,458	...	...	83,368	4,23,178	...	10,576	3,61,367	56,859
PRIMARY SCHOOLS.										
For Males ...	...	...	...	...	...	20,825	...	466	9,810	1,274
For Females ...	...	...	...	...	...	21,403	...	1,418	9,208	1,147
Total for Primary Schools ...	...	...	...	...	...	42,228	...	1,884	19,018	2,421
SCHOOL EDUCATION, SPECIAL.										
Training Schools { For males	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{ For females	17,885	...	...	...	17,885	...	...	...	...	...
Technical and Industrial { For males	...	...	...	...	...	4,030	...	...	6,532	...
Schools. { For females	3,351	...	...	...	3,351	4,691	...	50	2,701	821
Commercial Schools { For males	...	...	...	...	...	1,920	...	...	2,286	...
{ For females	...	...	...	...	...	4,385	...	...	1,062	312
Other Schools { For males	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{ For females	...	...	...	...	...	1,659	...	...	3,281	...
Total for Special Schools ...	21,236	...	...	...	21,236	16,676	...	50	15,862	1,133
Total Direct Expenditure ...	51,146	53,458	...	...	1,04,604	4,82,082	...	12,510	3,96,247	60,413
Buildings, furniture and apparatus ...	14,152	...	...	...	14,152	1,51,646	...	200	1,41,316	56,427
Inspection ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{ Arts Colleges	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{ Medical Colleges	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{ Other Professional	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scholarships held in— { Colleges	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{ Secondary Schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{ Primary Schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{ Technical and Industrial	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{ Schools.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{ Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Indirect Expenditure ...	14,152	...	...	...	14,152	1,51,646	...	200	1,41,316	56,427
Total Expenditure on Public Instruction.	65,298	53,458	...	...	1,18,756	6,33,728	...	12,710	5,37,563	1,16,840

TABLE IV-A.

In the Presidency of Bengal for the official year 1918-19.

INSTITUTIONS.						TOTAL EXPENDITURE FROM—							GRAND TOTAL.
MANAGEMENT.													
Boards.		Unaided.											
Subscriptions and other sources.	Total.	Fees.	Endow- ments.	Subscrip- tions and other sources.	Total.	Provincial Revenues.	Local Funds.	Municipal funds.	Fees.	Endow- ments.	Subscriptions and other sources.		
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
34,250	3,14,408	80,296	12,340	3,701	96,337	1,15,437	...	...	2,58,541	40,081	37,951	4,52,010
55,980	1,94,863	...	...	...	...	1,12,098	...	5,306	16,710	4,769	55,980	1,94,863
...	
28,774	3,28,396	...	...	...	...	1,40,819	...	438	1,80,468	20,000	28,774	3,70,499
23,825	1,57,142	...	...	...	...	84,734	...	4,832	39,402	4,349	23,825	1,57,142
...	
1,42,829	9,94,809	80,296	12,340	3,701	96,337	4,53,088	...	10,576	4,95,121	69,199	1,46,530	11,74,514	
...	
5,889	38,264	...	...	...	...	20,825	...	466	9,810	1,274	5,889	38,264
15,380	48,556	...	...	...	...	21,403	...	1,418	9,208	1,147	15,380	48,556
21,269	86,820	...	...	...	...	42,228	...	1,884	19,018	2,421	21,269	86,820
...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	17,885	...	...	...	...	...	17,885
1,309	11,871	...	...	...	...	4,030	...	...	6,532	...	1,309	11,871
1,227	9,490	...	...	...	...	8,042	...	50	2,701	821	1,227	12,841
1,685	5,891	...	...	...	...	1,920	...	...	2,286	...	1,685	5,891
...	5,759	...	...	...	...	4,385	...	...	1,062	312	...	5,759
...	
...	4,931	...	...	...	...	1,650	...	...	3,281	...	...	4,931
4,221	37,942	...	...	...	...	37,912	...	50	15,862	1,133	4,221	59,178
1,68,319	11,19,571	80,296	12,340	3,701	96,337	5,33,228	...	12,510	5,30,001	72,753	1,72,020	13,20,512	
...	
1,63,155	5,12,744	18,619	3,560	3,716	25,895	1,65,798	...	200	1,59,935	59,987	1,66,871	5,52,791	
...	...	...	...	...	...	16,577	...	...	...	...	...	16,577
...	...	...	...	...	...	1,210	...	...	...	...	...	1,210
...	...	...	...	...	...	330	...	...	...	...	...	330
...	...	...	...	...	...	790	...	...	...	...	...	790
...	...	...	...	...	...	26,753	...	...	...	...	...	26,753
...	...	...	...	...	...	30	...	...	...	...	...	30
...	...	...	...	...	...	4,552	...	...	...	...	...	4,552
...	...	...	...	...	...	2,63,356	...	...	5,47,898	79,703	3,24,638	12,15,596
1,63,155	5,12,744	18,619	3,560	3,716	25,895	4,79,396	...	200	7,07,835	1,39,690	4,91,509	18,18,628	
3,31,474	16,32,315	98,915	15,900	7,417	1,22,232	10,12,624	...	12,710	12,37,834	2,12,443	6,63,529	31,39,140	

EDUCATION—GENERAL

Stages for instruction of pupils in public schools for general educa-

CLASS OF SCHOOL.		Number of schools.	Number of pupils on the rolls on 31st March.	HIGH STAGE.		
				Comprising all pupils who have passed beyond the Lower Secondary (middle) stage, but have not passed the Matriculation examination.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.
1		2	3	4	5	6
SECONDARY SCHOOLS.						
<i>For Males.</i>						
Government	{ English ...	48	14,890	8,931	...	8,931
	{ Vernacular ...	1	46	...	...	...
Local Fund	{ English ...	41	3,460	...	...	...
	{ Vernacular ...	42	2,240	...	...	...
Municipal Fund	{ English ...	9	3,055	1,214	...	1,214
	{ Vernacular ...	...	...	...	...	...
Aided	{ English ...	1,188	159,219	36,812	2	36,814
	{ Vernacular ...	226	12,093	...	...	...
Unaided	{ English ...	1,147	195,968	64,875	...	64,575
	{ Vernacular ...	25	1,493	...	...	...
Total	...	2,727	392,464	111,832	2	111,834
<i>For Females</i>						
Government	{ English ...	7	1,263	...	215	215
	{ Vernacular ...	1	124	...	...	...
Local Fund	{ English ...	...	...	...	...	...
	{ Vernacular ...	...	...	...	...	...
Municipal Fund	{ English ...	1	87	...	...	...
	{ Vernacular ...	1	70	...	...	...
Aided	{ English ...	54	8,305	...	679	679
	{ Vernacular ...	22	2,156	...	...	...
Unaided	{ English ...	...	...	...	...	...
	{ Vernacular ...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	86	12,005	...	894	894
Total Secondary Schools	...	2,813	404,469	111,832	896	112,728
PRIMARY SCHOOLS.						
<i>For Males.</i>						
Government	...	123	4,326	...	...	...
Local Fund	...	2,839	116,565	...	...	...
Municipal Fund	...	7	459	...	...	...
Aided	...	27,609	918,107	...	...	...
Unaided	...	3,700	105,428	...	...	...
Total	...	34,278	1,144,885	...	...	...
<i>For Females.</i>						
Government	...	68	2,780	...	...	...
Local Fund	...	26	844	...	...	...
Municipal Fund	...	2	85	...	...	...
Aided	...	8,645	197,757	...	...	...
Unaided	...	1,906	37,850	...	...	...
Total	...	10,647	239,316	...	...	...
Total Primary Schools	...	44,925	1,384,201	...	...	...
Grand Total	...	47,738	1,788,670	111,832	896	112,728

TABLE V

tion in the Presidency of Bengal at the end of the official year 1918-19.

MIDDLE STAGE.			TOTAL SECONDARY STAGE.			UPPER PRIMARY STAGE.		
Comprising all pupils who have passed beyond the Upper Primary stage, but have not passed beyond the Lower Secondary (middle) stage.						Comprising all pupils who have passed beyond the Lower Primary stage, but have not passed beyond the Upper Primary stage.		
Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
3,150	...	3,150	12,081	...	12,081	1,895	...	1,895
2	...	2	2	...	2	3	...	3
805	...	805	805	...	805	1,184	...	1,184
410	...	410	410	...	410	427	...	427
771	...	771	1,985	...	1,985	566	...	566
...
40,345	62	40,407	77,157	64	77,221	38,140	87	38,227
2,506	1	2,507	2,506	1	2,507	2,535	1	2,536
49,818	...	49,818	114,693	...	114,693	38,591	6	38,597
316	...	316	316	...	316	249	...	249
98,123	63	98,186	209,955	65	210,020	83,590	94	83,684
...	231	234	...	449	449	...	194	194
...	8	8	...	8	8	...	10	10
...
...
...	2	2	...	2	2	...	7	7
...	4	4	...	4	4	...	3	3
10	1,131	1,141	10	1,810	1,820	57	1,522	1,579
...	101	101	...	101	101	1	229	230
...
...
10	1,480	1,490	10	2,374	2,384	58	1,965	2,023
98,133	1,543	99,676	209,965	2,439	212,404	83,648	2,059	85,707
...	...	...	...	...	...	578	...	578
...	...	...	...	...	...	1,311	7	1,318
...	...	...	...	...	...	35	...	35
2	...	2	2	...	2	19,448	172	19,620
...	...	...	...	...	...	659	...	659
2	...	2	2	...	2	22,031	179	22,210
...	6	6	...	6	6	1	60	61
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	8
1	51	52	1	51	52	14	827	841
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	51	51
1	57	58	1	57	58	15	947	962
3	57	60	3	57	60	22,046	1,126	23,172
98,136	1,600	99,736	209,968	2,496	212,464	105,694	3,185	108,879

EDUCATIONAL—GENERAL

Stages for instruction of pupils in public schools for general educa-

CLASS OF SCHOOL.			LOWER PRIMARY					
			Comprising all pupils who have not passed beyond the					
			Reading printed books.			Not reading printed books.		
			Males.	Females.	Total	Males.	Females.	Total.
			16	17	18	19	20	21
SECONDARY SCHOOLS.								
<i>For Males.</i>								
Government	...	{ English ...	896	...	896	18	...	18
	...	{ Vernacular ...	19	...	19	22	...	22
Local Fund	...	{ English ...	1,317	3	1,320	148	3	151
	...	{ Vernacular ...	984	12	996	406	1	407
Municipal Fund...	...	{ English ...	478	...	478	26	...	26
	...	{ Vernacular ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Aided	...	{ English ...	40,832	281	41,113	2,643	15	2,658
	...	{ Vernacular ...	5,092	28	5,120	1,900	30	1,930
Unaided	...	{ English ...	41,088	29	41,117	1,559	2	1,561
	...	{ Vernacular ...	520	3	523	405	...	405
Total	...		91,226	356	91,582	7,127	51	7,178
<i>For Females.</i>								
Government	...	{ English ...	3	601	604	...	16	16
	...	{ Vernacular ...	...	58	58	...	48	48
Local Fund	...	{ English ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	{ Vernacular ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Municipal Fund...	...	{ English ...	...	70	70	...	8	8
	...	{ Vernacular ...	...	39	39	...	24	24
Aided	...	{ English ...	788	3,435	4,223	66	617	683
	...	{ Vernacular ...	126	1,110	1,236	38	551	589
Unaided	...	{ English ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	{ Vernacular ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...		917	5,313	6,230	104	1,264	1,368
Total Secondary Schools	...		92,143	5,669	97,812	7,231	1,315	8,546
PRIMARY SCHOOLS.								
<i>For Males.</i>								
Government	...	...	2,572	13	2,585	1,153	10	1,163
Local Fund	...	...	54,482	704	55,186	58,247	1,814	60,061
Municipal Fund	...	...	299	3	302	122	...	122
Aided	...	...	483,878	22,515	506,393	363,033	29,059	392,092
Unaided	...	...	47,404	1,987	49,391	50,230	5,148	55,378
Total	...		588,635	25,222	613,857	472,785	36,031	508,816
<i>For Females.</i>								
Government	...	...	8	1,522	1,530	4	1,179	1,183
Local Fund	...	...	...	262	262	...	581	581
Municipal Fund	...	...	...	66	66	...	11	11
Aided	...	...	1,509	78,167	79,676	1,350	115,838	117,188
Unaided	...	...	165	10,144	10,309	392	27,098	27,490
Total	...		1,682	90,161	91,843	1,746	144,707	146,453
Total Primary Schools	...		590,317	115,383	705,700	474,531	180,738	655,269
Grand Total	...		682,460	121,052	803,512	481,762	182,053	663,815

TABLE V.

tion in the Presidency of Bengal at the end of the official year 1918-19.

STAGE.			TOTAL PRIMARY STAGE.			GRAND TOTAL.		
Lower Primary stage.								
Total.			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Males.	Females.	Total.						
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
914	...	914	2,809	...	2,809	14,890	...	14,890
41	...	44	44	...	44	46	...	46
1,465	6	1,471	2,649	6	2,655	3,454	6	3,460
1,390	13	1,403	1,817	13	1,830	2,227	13	2,240
504	...	504	1,070	...	1,070	3,055	...	3,055
...
43,475	296	43,771	81,615	383	81,998	158,772	447	159,219
6,992	58	7,050	9,527	59	9,586	12,033	60	12,093
42,647	31	42,678	81,238	37	81,275	195,931	37	195,968
925	3	928	1,174	3	1,177	1,490	3	1,493
98,353	407	98,760	181,943	501	182,444	391,838	566	392,464
3	617	620	3	811	814	3	1,260	1,263
...	106	106	...	116	116	...	124	124
...
...
...	78	78	...	85	85	...	87	87
...	63	63	...	66	66	...	70	70
854	4,052	4,906	911	5,574	6,485	921	7,384	8,305
164	1,661	1,825	165	1,890	2,055	165	1,991	2,156
...
...
1,021	6,577	7,598	1,079	8,542	9,621	1,089	10,916	12,005
99,374	6,984	106,358	183,022	9,043	192,065	392,987	11,482	404,469
3,725	23	3,748	4,303	23	4,326	4,303	23	4,326
112,729	2,518	115,247	114,040	2,525	116,565	114,040	2,525	116,565
421	3	424	456	3	459	456	3	459
845,911	51,574	893,485	866,359	51,746	918,105	866,361	51,746	918,107
97,634	7,135	104,769	98,293	7,135	105,428	98,293	7,135	105,428
1,061,420	61,253	1,122,673	1,083,451	61,432	1,144,883	1,083,453	61,432	1,144,885
12	2,701	2,713	13	2,761	2,774	13	2,767	2,780
...	843	843	...	844	844	...	844	844
...	77	77	...	85	85	...	85	85
2,859	194,005	196,864	2,873	194,832	197,705	2,874	194,883	197,757
557	37,242	37,799	557	37,293	37,850	557	37,293	37,850
3,428	234,868	238,296	3,443	235,815	239,258	3,444	235,872	239,316
1,064,848	296,121	1,360,969	1,086,894	297,247	1,384,141	1,086,897	297,304	1,384,201
1,164,222	303,105	14,67,327	1,269,516	306,290	1,576,206	14,79,884	308,786	1,788,670

EDUCATION—GENERAL TABLE V-A.

Table showing the number of pupils in each stage of instruction, classified according to sex, race or creed, in the Presidency of Bengal at the end of the official year 1918-19.

		Europeans and Anglo-Indians.	Indian Christians.	HINDUS—		Muham- madians.	Buddhists.	Parsis.	Others.	Total of columns 2-9.	Depressed classes.	Total of columns 10-11.
				Brahmins.	Non-Brahmins.							
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
College Stage	{ Males	84	164	8,102	14,337	2,479	85	9	155	25,415	203	25,618
	{ Females	24	41	23	89	2	...	2	4	185	1	186
High Stage	{ Males	543	471	26,034	53,614	22,996	429	20	92	110,199	1,633	111,832
	{ Females	365	142	69	307	12	1	...	...	896	...	896
Middle Stage	{ Males	899	332	19,626	50,176	24,270	360	19	78	95,760	2,376	98,136
	{ Females	721	257	119	410	41	6	16	3	1,573	27	1,600
Upper Primary Stage.	{ Males	1,055	413	18,373	59,796	22,364	381	14	112	102,508	3,186	105,694
	{ Females	960	403	529	1,011	126	5	20	5	3,059	126	3,185
Lower Primary Stage.	{ Males	2,335	4,237	56,672	437,409	588,443	3,226	33	501	1,092,856	71,366	1,164,222
	{ Females	2,180	4,395	27,347	109,083	149,052	957	29	134	293,177	9,928	303,105
Special Schools	{ Males	237	560	7,561	6,999	28,782	54	3	90	44,286	321	44,607
	{ Females	174	468	148	479	1,814	108	...	1	3,192	53	3,245
Private Institutions.	{ Males	...	99	2,431	11,199	40,011	748	1	209	54,698	839	55,537
	{ Females	3	433	716	2,376	10,068	16	...	31	13,643	29	13,672
Total	{ Males	5,153	6,276	138,799	639,530	729,345	5,283	99	1,237	1,525,722	79,924	1,605,646
	{ Females	4,427	6,139	28,951	113,755	161,115	1,093	67	178	315,725	10,164	325,889
GRAND TOTAL		9,580	12,415	167,750	753,285	890,460	6,376	166	1,415	1,841,447	(a) 90,088	1,931,535

(a) Includes :—
Indian Christians ... 272
Non-Brahmins ... 74,618
Muhammadians ... 728
Buddhists ... 2,524
Others ... 11,946
Total .. 90,088

EDUCATION—GENERAL TABLE VI.

EDUCATION—GENERAL

Results of the prescribed examinations in the

Nature of examination.	NUMBER OF INSTITUTIONS SENDING EXAMINEES.				NUMBER OF EXAMINEES.				
	Institutions under public management.	Aided institutions.	Other institutions.	Total.	Institutions under public management.	Aided institutions.	Other institutions.	Private students.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
I.—ARTS COLLEGES.									
Doctor of Philosophy	Males	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2
	Females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Doctor of Science ...	Males	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	3
	Females	...	...	...	...	...	...	(a)	...
Master of Arts ...	Males	2	1	...	3	113	12	...	591
	Females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	716
Master of Science ...	Males	2	...	...	2	53	...	...	131
	Females	...	...	...	...	...	...	(c)	184
Bachelor of Arts (Honours).	Males	7	5	5	17	165	105	110	21
	Females	1	1	...	2	1	2	...	6
Bachelor of Arts (Pass).	Males	7	8	6	21	404	624	1,433	194
	Females	1	1	...	2	9	2	...	9
Bachelor of Science (Honours).	Males	4	2	3	9	72	33	20	...
	Females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bachelor of Science (Pass).	Males	6	2	5	13	125	78	166	8
	Females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Intermediate in Arts	Males	8	12	13	33	627	1,774	2,800	352
	Females	1	1	1	3	26	3	8	31
Intermediate in Science.	Males	7	5	6	18	323	338	765	78
	Females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
II.—COLLEGES FOR PROFESSIONAL TRAINING.									
LAW—									
Doctor of Law ...	Males	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Master of Law ...	Males	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
	Females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
Bachelor of Law ...	Males	2	...	1	3	1,030	...	88	13
	Females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1131
MEDICINE—									
Doctor of Medicine or Surgery.	Males	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7
	Females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Second M. B. (Honours).	Males	1	...	...	1	12	...	...	...
	Females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12
Second M. B. (Pass)	Males	1	...	...	1	218	...	...	...
	Females	...	...	...	...	(e)6	...	...	218
First M. B. (Honours)	Males	1	1	...	2	18	3	...	...
	Females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
First M. B. (Pass)	Males	1	1	...	2	268	42	...	...
	Females	...	...	...	...	(e)3	(f)1	...	310

(a) Includes 334
(b) " 200
(c) " 85
(d) " 43
(e) These female
(f) This female

TABLE VI.

Presidency of Bengal for the official year 1918-19.

NUMBER PASSED.					RACE OR CREED OF PASSED SCHOLARS.							
Institutions under Public management.	Aided institutions.	Other institutions.	Private students.	Total.	Europeans and Anglo-Indians.	Indian Christians.	HINDUS—		Muhammadians.	Buddhists.	Parsis.	Others.
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	Brahmans.	Non-Brahmans.	20	21	22	23
...	...	...	2	2	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
...
...	...	...	3	3	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	(b)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
66	8	...	322	396	1	3	121	244	21	...	...	6
...	...	...	(d)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
31	...	...	65	96	...	...	31	65	...	...	...	...
...
110	65	63	9	247	...	5	103	121	17	1	...	...
1	2	...	6	9	2	4	2	1	...	...	...	...
208	344	609	44	1,205	3	5	438	632	113	...	...	14
8	2	...	4	14	3	1	...	9	...	...	...	1
43	17	8	...	68	...	...	27	39	2	...	...	...
...
97	46	90	2	235	...	...	72	155	6	1	...	1
...
482	1,310	1,729	100	3,621	24	22	1,224	1,915	423	6	4	3
22	3	8	21	54	16	13	4	20	1	...	...	...
266	264	481	45	1,056	2	5	335	658	44	...	...	12
...
...
...
...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
453	...	36	4	493	1	2	202	273	15	...	...	...
...
...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...
...
4	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...
113	...	...	...	113	...	1	40	70	1	...	1	...
(e)5	...	...	...	5	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	1	...	...	10	...	...	2	8	...	...	...	...
...
128	22	...	...	150	1	...	38	103	6	1	1	...
(e)3	(f)1	...	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

University students,

" "

" "

" "

candidates appeared and passed from the Medical College, Calcutta.

candidate appeared and passed from the Carmichael College at Belgachia.

EDUCATION—GENERAL

Results of the prescribed examinations in the

Nature of examination.	NUMBER OF INSTITUTIONS SENDING EXAMINEES.				NUMBER OF EXAMINEES.				
	Institutions under public management.	Aided institutions.	Other institutions.	Total.	Institutions under public management.	Aided institutions.	Other institutions.	Private students.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
II.—COLLEGES FOR PROFESSIONAL TRAINING—concl'd.									
MEDICINE—concl'd.									
Final Membership ... { Males Females	1 ...	... ...	... ...	1 ...	17 ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	17 ...
ENGINEERING—Master of Civil Engineering. Engineering. { Males Females	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Bachelor of Civil Engineering. { Males Females	1 ...	... ...	... ...	1 ...	18 ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	18 ...
Intermediate Examinations in Civil Engineering. { Males Females	1 ...	... ...	... ...	1 ...	33 ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	33 ...
TEACHING—									
Post-graduate degrees or licenses (B. T. Examination.) { Males Females	2 ...	... 1	... ...	2 1	51 ...	... 5	... ...	4 1	55 6
Under-Graduate licenses or diplomas (L. T. Examination.) { Males Females	2 ...	... 1	... 1	2 2	42 ...	... 1	... 1	5 ...	47 2
Veterinary Examinations. { Males Females	1 ...	... ...	... ...	1 ...	51 ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	51 ...
Commercial Examinations. { Males Females	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
SCHOOLS FOR GENERAL EDUCATION.									
Matriculation ... { Males Females	44 4	252 6	318 ...	614 10	1,557 21	4,921 57	7,771 ...	381 26	14,630 104
" B " Final Examination { Males Females	6 ...	... ...	... ...	6 ...	44 ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	44 ...
Cambridge Higher Local Examination. { Males Females	... 1	1 5	... ...	1 6	... 8	1 18	... ...	... ...	1 26
Cambridge Senior Local Examination. { Males Females	1 1	6 8	2 ...	9 9	4 2	54 43	39 ...	1 ...	98 45
Cambridge Junior Local Examination. { Males Females	1 ...	7 10	... ...	8 10	9 ...	75 65	... ...	... ...	84 65
Anglo-verna cular Higher Standard Examination. { Males Females	1 ...	5 ...	2 ...	8 ...	6 ...	48 ...	45 ...	... ...	99 ...

TABLE VI—*contd.*

Presidency of Bengal for the official year 1918-19.

NUMBER PASSED.					RACE OR CREED OF PASSED SCHOLARS.							
Institutions under Public management.	Aided Institutions.	Other Institutions.	Private students.	Total.	Europeans and Anglo-Indians.	Indian Christians.	Hindus—		Muhammadans.	Buddhists.	Parsis.	Others.
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	Brahmans.	Non-Brahmans.	20	21	22	23
6	...	...	...	6	...	...	3	2	1	...	...	...
...
...
...
13	..	...	...	13	1	...	2	9	1	...	...	...
...
29	...	...	...	29	2	...	5	21	1	...	...	...
...
39	...	...	3	42	...	2	13	22	5	...	...	...
...	5	...	1	6	1	2	...	3	...	...	...	...
31	...	...	4	35	...	...	8	17	9	...	...	1
...	1	1	...	2	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	..
33	...	...	...	33	...	1	3	20	8	1	...	...
...
...
...
1,248	3,189	4,718	171	9,326	2	126	2,933	4,733	1,469	33	7	23
19	42	...	22	83	2	16	9	55	1	...	...	..
24	...	...	...	24	...	...	9	15	...	...	...	..
...
...	1	...	...	1	1	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	11	...	...	18	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
3	39	34	1	77	71	...	1	2	1	...	2	..
...	25	...	...	25	22	...	1	...	...	...	1	1
4	59	...	...	63	59	...	...	1	...	...	3	..
...	49	...	...	49	44	...	...	...	...	...	1	..
5	17	16	...	38	29	...	1	2	1	...	3	2
...

EDUCATION—GENERAL

Results of the prescribed examinations in the

Nature of examination.	NUMBER OF INSTITUTIONS SENDING EXAMINEES.				NUMBER OF EXAMINEES.				
	Institutions under Public management.	Aided institutions.	Other institutions.	Total.	Institutions under Public management.	Aided institutions.	Other institutions.	Private students.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
SCHOOLS FOR GENERAL EDUCATION—concl'd.									
Anglo-vernacular { Males	1	6	...	7	9	63	...	...	72
Lower Standard Examination. { Females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Anglo-vernacular { Males	89	1,150	992	2,231	2,106	15,229	17,041	...	34,376
Middle Examination. { Females	5	28	...	33	46	168	...	...	214
Vernacular Final or { Males	37	212	24	273	154	1,028	157	...	1,339
Middle Examination. { Females	2	15	...	17	5	30	...	1	36
Supplementary class { Males	...	3	...	3	...	4	...	...	4
Final Examination for Europeans. { Females	...	6	...	6	...	16	...	...	16
Elementary School { Males	...	8	1	9	...	112	1	...	113
Certificate Examination for Europeans. { Females	...	11	3	14	...	84	8	...	92
Upper Primary Examination. { Males	334	3,773	1,021	5,128	2,883	29,636	20,176	...	52,695
{ Females	20	186	1	207	91	614	2	1	708
Lower Primary Examination. { Males	2,695	19,704	2,101	24,500	10,647	74,938	15,264	...	1,00,849
{ Females	67	2,061	130	2,258	286	4,406	166	...	4,858
SCHOOLS FOR SPECIAL INSTRUCTION.									
Training School { Second-	5	1	...	6	189	4	...	...	193
Examinations for { ary.									
Masters. { Primary	110	4	...	114	1,250	36	...	66	1,352
Training School { Second-	2	...	...	2	70	...	...	...	70
Examinations for { ary.									
Mistresses. { Primary	2	5	...	7	40	39	...	...	79
Teachers' Examination for those who are not students of a Training School. { Males	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	(a) 60	60
{ Females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
School of Art Examinations. { Males	1	...	...	1	26	...	...	...	26
{ Females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
ENGINEERING SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS.									
Overseer Examination. { Males	2	...	...	2	55	...	...	...	55
{ Females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sub-Overseer Examination. { Males	5	...	...	5	124	...	...	...	124
{ Females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Examination in Surveying. { Males	4	...	...	4	48	...	...	...	48
{ Females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

(a) These are teachers who appeared and passed in the art of teaching examination from different schools.

TABLE VI—contd.

Presidency of Bengal for the official year 1918-19.

NUMBER PASSED.					RACE OR CREED OF PASSED SCHOLARS.							
Institutions under Public management.	Aided institutions.	Other institutions.	Private students.	Total.	Europeans and Anglo-Indians.	Indian Christians.	HINDU—		Muhammadans.	Buddhists.	Parsees.	Others.
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	Brahmins.	Non-Brahmins.	20	21	22	23
9	34	...	...	43	41	...	..	1	...	...	1	...
...
1,656	12,637	11,981	...	26,274	...	103	6,033	14,454	5,606	56	...	22
41	140	...	...	181	...	65	18	58	7	...	...	33
116	760	105	...	981	...	16	120	417	420	3	...	5
1	22	...	1	24	...	8	4	8	4	...	...	...
...	3	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	13	...	...	13	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	84	...	...	84	84	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	47	6	...	53	53	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2,287	22,790	16,655	...	41,732	...	180	7,489	22,377	11,530	72	...	84
75	498	1	1	575	...	152	108	230	52	1	...	32
8,267	53,746	12,261	...	74,274	...	295	8,427	37,043	27,795	390	...	324
213	3,371	108	...	3,692	1	276	562	1,722	1,074	23	...	34
130	4	...	...	134	...	4	11	72	47	...	...	...
893	31	...	30	954	...	28	79	321	507	14	...	5
65	...	...	...	65	...	11	5	38	11	...	...	...
35	31	...	...	66	...	57	7	2	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	(a) 29	29	...	...	8	15	6	...	...	...
...
22	...	...	...	22	...	2	8	8	2	...	...	2
...
43	...	...	...	43	6	...	10	24	3	...	...	...
...
60	...	...	...	60	...	...	18	38	4	...	...	...
...
44	...	...	...	44	...	...	11	25	8	...	...	...
...

EDUCATION—GENERAL

Results of the prescribed examinations in the

NATURE OF EXAMINATION.	NUMBER OF INSTITUTIONS SENDIN: EXAMINEES.				NUMBER OF EXAMINEES.						
	Institutions under Public management.	Aided institutions.	Other institutions.	Total.	Institutions under Public management.	Aided institutions.	Other institutions.	Private students.	Total.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		
ENGINEERING SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS— <i>concl'd.</i>											
Industrial School ex- amination.	Males ...	5	...	...	5	41	...	...	...	41
	Females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Commercial School examination (Final.)	Males ...	1	...	...	1	10	...	...	...	10
	Females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Commercial School ex- amination (Special.)	Males ...	1	...	1	2	79	...	104	...	183	
	Females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agricultural School examination.	Males ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Title or other exami- nations conducted by author- ities other than Universities or taken by students in in- stitutions of non-collegiate grade.	Sanskrit	Males ...	269		269	602				602	
		Females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Arabic	Males ...	1	1	3	3
		Females
	Persian	Males
		Females
	Pali ...	Males
		Females
	Other School examinations—										
	Sanskrit Second Ex- amination.	Males ...	475		475	1,368				1,368	
		Females	...		...	1				1
	Sanskrit First ex- amination.	Males ...	673		673	1,913				1,913	
Females		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madrassah Examina- tion.	Higher Standard	4	...	8	12	153	...	109	9	271	
	Lower Standard	4	...	8	12	130	...	246	19	395	

TABLE VI—concl'd.

Presidency of Bengal for the official year 1918-19.

NUMBER PASSED.							RACE OR CREED OF PASSED SCHOLARS.					
Institutions under Public management.	Aided Institutions.	Other Institutions.	Private students.	Total.	Europeans and Anglo-Indians.	Indian Christians.	HINDUS —		Muhammadians.	Buddhists.	Parsis.	Others.
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	Brahmans.	Non-Brahmans.	20	21	22	23
37	37	2	1	1	19	13	...	...	1
...
4	4	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...
...
38	...	45	...	83	9	...	33	37	3	...	1	...
...
...
...
322				322	...	...	301	21	...	...	...	...
...
3	3	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...
...
...
...
...
...
805				805	...	...	753	52	...	...	...	...
1				1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
851				851	...	...	790	61	...	...	...	...
...
103	...	51	7	161	...	...	...	...	161	...	...	...
96	...	144	16	256	...	...	...	...	256	...	...	...

EDUCATION—GENERAL

Return showing the Distribution of Local Board and Municipal

Objects of Expenditure.	EXPENDITURE OF LOCAL					
	IN INSTITUTIONS MANAGED					
	Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Provincial grants.	Local funds.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
UNIVERSITY EDUCATION.						
						Rs.
						Rs.
Art Colleges—						
English ... { For males ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
English ... { „ females...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Colleges or Departments of Colleges for Professional Training—						
Law ... { For males ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Law ... { „ females...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
SCHOOL EDUCATION—GENERAL.						
Secondary Schools.						
High Schools for males ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Middle Schools for males { English ...	41	3,460	3,432	2,635	349	24,474
Middle Schools for males { Vernacular ...	42	2,240	2,292	1,748	...	24,139
High Schools for females ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Middle Schools for females. { English ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Middle Schools for females. { Vernacular ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	83	5,700	5,724	4,383	349	48,613
Primary Schools.						
For males ...	2,839	116,565	112,955	86,720	3,08,393	55,366
„ females ...	26	844	822	618	4,097	1,036
Total ...	2,865	117,409	113,777	87,338	3,12,490	56,402
SCHOOL EDUCATION—SPECIAL.						
Training Schools ... { For males ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Training Schools ... { „ females...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Schools of Art ... { For males ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Schools of Art ... { „ females...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Law Schools ... { For males ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Law Schools ... { „ females...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Medical Schools ... { For males ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Medical Schools ... { „ females...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Engineering and Surveying Schools. { For males ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Engineering and Surveying Schools. { „ females...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Technical and Industrial Schools. { For males ...	6	376	372	301	6,280	33,236
Technical and Industrial Schools. { „ females...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Commercial Schools ... { For males ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Commercial Schools ... { „ females...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agricultural Schools ... { For males ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agricultural Schools ... { „ females...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other schools ... { For males ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other schools ... { „ females...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	6	376	372	301	6,280	33,236
Total direct expenditure	2,954	123,485	119,873	92,022	3,19,119	1,38,251

DIRECT EXPENDITURE.

TABLE VII.

Expenditure on Public Instruction in the Bengal Presidency for the official year 1918-19.

BOARDS ON PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

BY LOCAL BOARDS.					IN INSTITUTIONS MANAGED BY—			Total Local Boards expenditure on Public Instruction.
Municipal grants.	Fees.	Endowments.	Subscriptions and other sources.	Total.	Government.	Municipal Boards.	Private persons or Associations.	
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
...
...
...
...
...
...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,233	5,233
...	29,124	...	1,944	55,891	...	...	1,57,743	1,82,217
...	10,291	...	921	35,351	...	...	13,982	38,121
...
...
...
...	39,415	...	2,865	91,242	...	...	1,76,958	2,25,571
...	1,54,379	30	12,478	5,30,646	...	...	5,47,164	6,02,530
...	...	...	...	5,133	358	...	1,47,751	1,49,145
...	1,54,379	30	12,478	5,35,779	358	...	6,94,915	7,51,675
...
...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	300	300
...
...
...
...
...
...
...
135	4,724	1,377	11,315	57,067	2,650	...	...	35,886
...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	1,000
...
...
...
...
...
...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	34,412	34,412
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,348	1,348
135	4,724	1,377	11,315	57,067	3,650	...	36,060	72,946
135	1,98,518	1,407	26,658	6,84,088	4,008	...	9,07,933	10,50,192

EDUCATION—GENERAL

Return showing the Distribution of Local Board and Municipal

Objects of Expenditure.		EXPENDITURE OF MUNICIPAL					
		IN INSTITUTIONS MANAGED BY					
		Number of Institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Provincial grants.	Municipal rates.
		17	18	19	20	21	22
UNIVERSITY EDUCATION.— <i>concl'd.</i>						Rs.	Rs.
Arts Colleges— English ... Colleges or Departments of Colleges for Professional Training— Law ... Total ...	For males ...	1	223	219	207	7,848	54
	„ females	..	...	...	...	...	...
	For males ...	1	9	10	9	...	...
	„ females	...	...	...	...	...	...
		2	232	229	216	7,848	54
SCHOOL EDUCATION—GENERAL.							
Secondary Schools.							
High Schools for males	English	4	2,228	2,065	1,717	15,725	1,702
Middle Schools for males	Vernacular	5	827	762	638	...	1,825
High Schools for females	English	...	...	...	...	...	...
Middle Schools for females	Vernacular	1	87	68	48	1,432	1,282
		1	70	75	58	371	778
Total		11	3,212	2,970	2,461	17,528	5,587
Primary Schools.							
For males		7	459	434	350	39	1,865
„ females		2	85	74	54	...	484
Total		9	544	508	404	39	2,349
SCHOOL EDUCATION—SPECIAL.							
Training Schools	For males	...	...	...	...	...	...
	„ females	...	...	...	...	...	...
Schools of Art	For males	...	...	...	...	...	...
	„ females	...	...	...	...	...	...
Law Schools	For males	...	...	...	...	...	...
	„ females	...	...	...	...	...	...
Medical Schools	For males	...	...	...	...	...	...
	„ females	...	...	...	...	...	...
Engineering and Surveying Schools.	For males	...	...	...	...	...	...
	„ females	...	...	...	...	...	...
Technical and Industrial Schools.	For males	...	...	...	...	...	...
	„ females	...	...	...	...	...	...
Commercial Schools	For males	...	...	...	...	...	...
	„ females	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agricultural Schools	For males	...	...	...	...	...	...
	„ females	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other Schools	For males	...	...	...	...	...	...
	„ females	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total		...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Direct Expenditure		22	3,988	3,707	3,081	25,415	7,990

DIRECT EXPENDITURE.

Expenditure in Public Instruction in the Bengal Presidency for the official year 1918-19.

10

EDUCATION—GENERAL

Return showing the Distribution of Local Board and Municipal

Objects of expenditure.				EXPENDITURE OF LOCAL		
				IN INSTITUTIONS MANAGED		
				Number of institutions.	Number of schools on the rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
INDIRECT EXPENDITURE.					Rs.	Rs.
Buildings, furniture and apparatus	...	...	...	...	1,15,198	59,462
University	...	...	...	...	...	...
Inspection	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scholarships held in—	Arts Colleges	...	...	...	...	...
	Medical Colleges	...	...	...	...	...
	Other Professional Colleges	...	...	...	...	...
	Secondary Schools	...	...	...	...	...
	Primary Schools	...	...	...	...	...
	Medical Schools	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical and Industrial Schools.	...	...	...	...	...
Other Special Schools				...	...	...
Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Indirect Expenditure				...	1,15,198	59,462
Grand Total				2,954	123,485	119,873
				92,022	4,34,317	1,97,713

TABLE VII—*concl'd.*

Expenditure on Public Instruction in the Bengal Presidency for the official year 1918-19.

BOARDS ON PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

BY LOCAL BOARDS.					IN INSTITUTIONS MANAGED BY—			Total Local Boards expenditure on Public Instruction.
Municipal grants.	Fees.	Endowments.	Subscriptions and other sources.	Total.	Government.	Municipal Boards.	Private persons or Associations.	
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
...	2,716	...	16,591	1,93,967	267	...	74,385	1,34,114
...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	52,542
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	394
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	817
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14,844
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22,593
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,053
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	130
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,315
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,094
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	42,119
...	2,716	...	16,591	1,93,967	267	...	74,385	2,86,015
135	2,01,234	1,407	43,249	8,78,055	4,275	...	9,82,318	13,36,207

EDUCATION—GENERAL

Return showing the Distribution of Local Boards and Municipa

Objects of Expenditure.				EXPENDITURE OF MUNICIPAL					
				IN INSTITUTIONS MANAGED					
				Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Provincial grants.	Municipal funds.
				17	18	19	20	21	22
INDIRECT EXPENDITURE—concl.								Rs.	Rs.
Buildings, furniture and apparatus	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30	4,951
University...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Inspection ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scholarships held in—	Arts Colleges	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Medical Colleges	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Other Professional Colleges	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Secondary Schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Primary Schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Medical Schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Technical and Industrial Schools.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other Schools				...	...	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Indirect Expenditure				...	...	...	...	30	4,951
Grand Total				22	3,988	3,707	3,081	25,445	12,941

TABLE VII—concl'd.

Expenditure on Public Instruction in the Bengal Presidency for the official year 1918-19.

BOARDS ON PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

BY MUNICIPAL BOARDS.					IN INSTITUTIONS MANAGED BY—				Total expenditure of Local and Municipal Boards on Public Instruction.
Local Boards' grants.	Fees.	Endowments.	Subscriptions and other sources.	Total.	Government.	Local Boards.	Private persons or Associations.	Total Municipal expenditure of Public Instruction.	
23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
...	4,981	...	...	6,974	11,925	1,46,039
...
...	1,308	53,850
...	394
...	817
...	131	14,975
...	1,448	24,041
...	225	6,278
...	130
...	445	6,760
...	230	6,324
...	8,656	50,775
...	4,981	...	...	6,974	24,368	3,10,383
...	58,963	1,847	864	1,00,060	24	135	1,69,160	1,94,705	15,30,910

EDUCATION—GENERAL TABLE VIII.

Attendance and expenditure in hostels or boarding houses in the Presidency of Bengal for 1918-19.

Class of Hostels and Boarding Houses.	NUMBER OF—		NUMBER OF BOARDERS WHO ARE STUDENTS OF—						CAPITAL EXPENDITURE FROM—				
	Hostels or boarding houses.	Boarders.	Arts Colleges.	Colleges for professional training.	Secondary schools.	Primary schools.	Special schools.	Provincial revenues.	Local or Municipal funds.	Endowments.	Subscriptions and other sources.	Fees.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Managed by Government—													
Males	237	6,268	1,251	814	1,580	...	2,623	49,301	...	...	452	2,545	52,298
Females	9	321	18	28	233	...	42	25,121	...	...	...	...	25,121
Managed by Local or Municipal Boards—													
Males	2	75	...	1	35	...	39	...	50	...	...	...	50
Females	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Aided by Government or by Local or Municipal Boards—													
Males	216	8,186	1,947	...	5,828	234	177	90,560	...	17,590	1,51,209	2,27,154	4,86,513
Females	32	2,711	40	6	2,419	162	84	77,812	...	12,325	93,342	1,60,153	3,43,632
Unaided—													
Males	354	8,367	1,286	97	6,195	207	582	9,539	30,150	52,884	7,480	65,564	1,65,617
Females	29	1,562	18	...	792	513	239	...	...	...	9,092	...	9,092
Total													
Males	809	22,896	4,484	912	13,638	441	3,421	1,49,400	30,200	70,474	1,59,141	2,95,263	7,04,478
Females	70	4,594	76	34	3,444	675	365	1,02,933	...	12,325	1,02,434	1,60,153	3,77,845
Grand Total													
	879	27,490	4,560	946	17,082	1,116	3,786	2,52,333	30,200	82,799	2,61,575	4,55,416	10,82,323

EDUCATION—GENERAL TABLE IX.

Number and qualification of teachers in the Presidency of Bengal for the official year 1918-19.

IN PRIMARY SCHOOLS.										IN MIDDLE SCHOOLS.					IN HIGH SCHOOLS.					IN COLLEGES.					GRAND TOTAL.
1°	Government.	Board.	Municipal.	Aided.	Unaided.	Total.	Government.	Board.	Municipal.	Aided.	Unaided.	Total.	Government.	Board.	Municipal.	Aided.	Unaided.	Total.	Government.	Board.	Municipal.	Aided.	Unaided.	Total.	
TEACHERS OF VERNACULAR.																									
Trained	131	2,330	6	6,314	463	9,264	16	155	11	1,789	821	2,792	62	...	6	369	509	946	...	...	...	...	...	...	13,002
Untrained	166	2,498	14	34,988	5,104	42,780	29	151	16	1,999	1,173	3,359	58	...	6	424	750	1,218	2	...	...	6	3	11	47,398
Total	317	4,828	20	41,312	5,567	52,044	36	306	27	3,788	1,994	6,151	120	...	12	793	1,269	2,164	2	...	...	6	3	11	60,400
ANGLO-VERNACULAR TEACHERS AND TEACHERS OF CLASSICAL LANGUAGES.																									
Trained	...	...	...	1	...	1	3	...	3	20	...	26	128	...	1	69	27	223	5	...	...	17	2	24	274
Untrained	1	35	1	313	12	362	23	98	16	2,450	1,623	4,210	465	...	79	3,004	5,491	9,042	184	...	8	213	260	674	14,288
Total	1	35	1	314	12	363	26	98	19	2,470	1,623	4,236	591	...	80	3,073	5,521	9,255	189	...	8	230	271	698	14,562
Possessing a degree	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	44	16	65	250	...	24	394	1,673	2,041	182	...	6	194	236	638	3,644
Possessing no degree	1	35	1	314	12	363	21	98	19	2,426	1,607	4,171	341	...	56	2,079	3,818	6,324	7	...	2	36	15	60	10,918
Total	1	35	1	314	12	363	26	98	19	2,470	1,623	4,236	591	...	80	3,073	5,521	9,255	189	...	8	230	271	698	14,562
Trained	...	...	...	6	...	6	...	...	...	102	...	102	11	...	...	144	22	177	...	...	...	...	...	...	285
Untrained	...	...	...	48	...	48	...	...	...	133	...	133	15	...	...	128	17	160	...	...	...	...	...	...	341
Total	...	...	...	54	...	54	...	...	...	235	...	235	26	...	...	272	39	337	...	...	...	...	...	...	626
Possessing a degree	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	7	...	7	7	...	...	41	...	48	...	...	...	...	...	...	56
Possessing no degree	...	...	...	53	...	53	...	...	...	238	...	238	19	...	...	231	39	289	...	...	...	...	...	...	570
Total	...	...	...	54	...	54	...	...	...	235	...	235	26	...	...	272	39	337	...	...	...	...	...	...	626
IN SCHOOLS FOR EUROPEANS.																									
Trained	318	4,863	21	41,680	5,579	52,461	62	404	46	6,493	3,617	10,622	737	...	92	4,138	6,829	11,796	191	...	8	236	274	709	75,388
Untrained	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	318	4,863	21	41,680	5,579	52,461	62	404	46	6,493	3,617	10,622	737	...	92	4,138	6,829	11,796	191	...	8	236	274	709	75,388
GRAND TOTAL OF ALL TEACHERS.																									

EDUCATION—GENERAL TABLE X.
Classification of pupils in the Presidency of Bengal for 1918-19.

SCHOOLS FOR GENERAL EDUCATION.														ARTS COLLEGES.							GRAND TOTAL.
	Infants.		I.	II.	III.	IV.	V.	VI.	VII.	VIII.	IX.	X.	Total.	1st year.	2nd year.	3rd year.	4th year.	5th year.	6th year or Post Graduate class.	Total.	
	A	B																			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	539,133	370,241	253,699	207,014	129,981	76,128	53,866	45,870	35,550	29,983	24,206	22,990	1,788,670	6,108	7,510	3,077	3,799	119	167	20,780	1,809,450

Statement showing particulars of Maktabas, Tols, Pathshalas, Kyaung and Mulla Schools in the Presidency of Bengal for 1918-19.

PARTICULARS.		Classed in General Table III as "Primary Schools."	Classed in General Table III as "Other Schools."	Classed in General Table III as "Private Institutions "	Total.
1		2	3	4	5
MAKTABS.					
1. Institutions	{ Males	6,892	139	1,281	8,312
	{ Females	2,484	62	262	2,808
2. Pupils ...	{ Males	207,673	3,325	25,810	236,808
	{ Females	63,427	1,727	8,082	73,236
3. Expenditure from—	{ Provincial funds Rs.	246,359	4,569	1,000	251,928
	{ District or Local funds. "	138,052	4,382	96	142,530
	{ Municipal funds "	20,852	432	.....	21,284
	{ Fees "	278,724	958	3,903	283,585
	{ Other sources "	74,489	8,997	8,316	91,802
Total expenditure		758,476	19,338	13,315	791,129
TOLS.					
1. Institutions	{ Males ... ..	.....	596	22	618
	{ Females ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
2. Pupils ...	{ Males ... ..	.....	7,224	209	7,433
	{ Females ... ..	.....	19	.....	19
3. Expenditure from—	{ Provincial funds Rs.	.....	37,943	.....	37,943
	{ District or Local funds. "	.....	17,263	.....	17,263
	{ Municipal funds "	.....	7,546	60	7,606
	{ Fees "	.....	77	994	1,071
	{ Other sources "	.....	99,646	420	100,066
Total expenditure		.....	162,475	1,474	163,949
PATHSHALAS.					
1. Institutions	{ Males ... ..	.....	.....	76	76
	{ Females ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
2. Pupils ...	{ Males ... ..	.....	.....	831	831
	{ Females ... ..	.....	.....	298	298

Statement showing particulars of Maktabas, Tōls, Pathshalas, Kyaung and Mulla Schools in the Presidency of Bengal for 1918-19—concl'd.

PARTICULARS.		Classed in General Table III as "Primary Schools."	Classed in General Table III as "Other Schools."	Classed in General Table III as "Private Institutions".	Total.
1		2	3	4	5
PATHSHALAS—concl'd.					
3. Expenditure from—	{ Provincial funds Rs.	.....	.....	.....	.....
	{ District or Local funds.	.....	.....	.....	.....
	{ Municipal funds	.....	.....	.....	.....
	{ Fees ...	.....	.....	1,431	1,431
	{ Other sources	.....	.....	172	172
Total expenditure		.....	.....	1,603	1,603
KYAUNG SCHOOLS.					
1. Institutions	{ Males ...	.....	.....	67	67
	{ Females ...	.....	.....	.....	.....
2. Pupils ...	{ Males ...	.....	.....	905	905
	{ Females ...	.....	.....	.....	.....
3. Expenditure from—	{ Provincial funds Rs.	.....	.....	.....	.....
	{ District or Local funds.	.....	.....	.....	.....
	{ Municipal funds	.....	.....	.....	.....
	{ Fees ...	.....	.....	.....	.....
	{ Other sources	.....	.....	610	610
Total expenditure		.....	.....	610	610
MULLA SCHOOLS					
1. Institutions	{ Males ...	.....	.....	.....	.....
	{ Females ...	.....	.....	.....	.....
2. Pupils ...	{ Males ...	.....	.....	.....	.....
	{ Females ...	.....	.....	.....	.....
3. Expenditure from—	{ Provincial Re- venues. Rs.	.....	.....	.....	.....
	{ District or Local funds.	.....	.....	.....	.....
	{ Municipal funds	.....	.....	.....	.....
	{ Fees ...	.....	.....	.....	.....
	{ Other sources	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total expenditure		.....	.....	.....	.....

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Education Branch.

CALCUTTA, THE 12TH JANUARY 1921.

RESOLUTION—No. 72Edn.

READ—

The Report on Public Instruction in Bengal for the year 1918-19.

1. During the year 1918-19 the total number of educational institutions, both public and private, rose from 50,887 to 51,701, but the pupils attending them decreased by 33,738, viz., from 1,965,273 to 1,931,535. a result attributed by the Director of Public Instruction to adverse economic conditions, failure of crops and the prevalence of influenza and other diseases.

The total expenditure rose by 22 $\frac{2}{3}$ lakhs and aggregated 277 $\frac{1}{2}$ lakhs, of which 86 lakhs were granted from Provincial revenues, 15 $\frac{1}{3}$ lakhs were contributed by local bodies (mainly from grants placed at their disposal by Government), 126 $\frac{1}{2}$ lakhs were realized from fees and 49 $\frac{1}{3}$ lakhs were obtained from private sources, such as subscriptions, donations, etc.

2. **Controlling Agency.**—There was no change in the Indian Educational Service cadre, but 10 posts were added to the Provincial Educational Service cadre and 92 posts to that of the Subordinate Educational Service. Seven officers joined the Indian Army Reserve of Officers and 11 returned from military duty.

3. **Collegiate Education.**—Two new arts colleges, teaching up to the intermediate standard, were established, one at Faridpur and the other at Bagerhat, the number of arts colleges for Indian male students consequently rising from 31 to 33. Of these, seven were under Government management, one was under municipal management, 12 were aided and 13 unaided. The number of students rose from 20,318 to 20,616 and the expenditure increased by Rs. 1,02,754, bringing up the total to 19 $\frac{1}{3}$ lakhs, of which nearly a third was derived from provincial revenues. The new system of post-graduate teaching undertaken by the University of Calcutta led to a considerable decrease in the number of post-graduate students in the Presidency College.

4. **Secondary Education.**—While the number of high schools for boys showed an increase of 81, the number of middle schools fell by 46, owing mainly to the conversion of a number of those institutions to high schools. The middle vernacular schools are steadily losing popularity and, as the Director of Public Instruction observes, there is now little demand for them. On the other hand, there has been a steady increase of high schools, the number of which has arisen by 114, or 16 per cent., in the last two years. The increase of pupils has, however, been scarcely commensurate, the total of those under instruction rising in the same period by only 14,406, or 6.6 per cent.; there is reason to believe that in some places this disproportionate growth of schools and pupils is due to rival high schools springing up with consequent overlapping. The manual instruction classes which were opened in 1915-16 as an experimental measure in selected secondary schools having proved successful, Government sanctioned their permanent retention during the year under review. The question of improving the secondary schools in

the Presidency has long been engaging the attention of Government, and a scheme for their improvement involving a cost of Rs. 4,47,000 has recently been sanctioned.

5. Primary Education.—The number of primary schools for boys increased by no less than 1,486 in 1917-18, but during the year under review there was an addition of only 197 schools, while enrolment fell by 38,277 (8,063 in upper primary schools and 30,209 in lower primary schools). The decrease in the number of pupils is shared by all the divisions in the Presidency and is ascribed by the Director of Public Instruction to economic stress and the ravages of epidemic diseases. The number of Hindu pupils in primary schools for boys fell by 4·3 per cent. and that of Muhammadan pupils by 2·3 per cent.

During the year the Government of India sanctioned a recurring grant of 5½ lakhs for the improvement of primary education, and with the help of this grant the Education Department was able to resume the panchayati union scheme which was started some years ago in Eastern Bengal with the object of providing each union with a decent primary school, but had to be suspended owing to financial stringency. Under this scheme 119 primary schools for boys and 30 for girls were established during the year, and the grant will ensure similar progress each year, so that in course of time every union will have a primary school conducted on improved lines. Owing to this and other Imperial grants the proportion of the expenditure on primary education met from public funds has risen, with a corresponding lessening of the ratio borne by fees. On the creation of the Presidency public funds contributed under 30 per cent., but in the year under review they contributed nearly half of the expenditure. Large additional resources are required for further expansion. The number of schools is still inadequate, the provision for the training of teachers is insufficient, while the housing and equipment of the schools are poor.

6. Training of male teachers for Indian schools.—There were 125 institutions for the training of teachers for Indian schools at the end of the year, viz., 2 training colleges, 6 normal schools and 117 *guru*, *muallim* and special training schools. A number of improvements were effected in the David Hare Training College, viz., the opening of L.T. classes, the appointment of an additional professor, the creation of a number of stipends for the training of intending teachers and the provision of allowances for teachers under training from aided high schools. The college is still accommodated in a hired house, and a scheme has been drawn up for its re-establishment on improved lines in a building of its own. Altogether 134 trained teachers were turned out from the training schools for vernacular teachers, while 954 trained teachers passed successfully from the *guru*-training schools and special training schools. An important scheme designed to secure an increased outturn of trained teachers for primary schools received the assent of the Secretary of State after the close of the year.

7. Professional and Technical Education.—The study of law continues to maintain popularity, the number of students rising from 3,054 to 3,149. Out of 1,131 candidates who appeared at the B.L. final examination, 493 passed during the year. Owing to the demand for trained artisans consequent on the industrial development of the country, the number of students in technical and industrial schools increased. With the object of improving the training of mechanical engineers a committee was appointed by Government to work out a scheme for recruiting students for the mechanical engineering classes of the Civil Engineering College at Sibpur from among apprentices trained at the Eastern Bengal Railway workshops at Kanchrapara. A system by which visiting lecturers deliver courses of lectures in special subjects, such as municipal engineering, river engineering and structural engineering, has been instituted in the college. Proposals for the improvement of the Dacca School of Engineering, which have since been sanctioned, were submitted to Government during the year under review; a three years' course for the overseer department was introduced in the school as an experimental measure. Owing to the rise in the price of cloth, there was a demand for the development of hand-loom weaving, and six peripatetic

centres of instruction were established. A scheme for giving practical training in mine surveying at the collieries to passed students of the survey school at Mainamati has been brought into effect.

8. **Education of Indian girls and women.**—There was noticeable expansion of female education during the year under review, the number of institutions for Indian girls increasing by 622 and the number of scholars by 8,215. The number of Hindu girls declined by 1,635, while that of the Muhammadan girls increased by 9,918. Progress is still hampered by the inadequate salaries paid to female teachers and by want of facilities for training them, while the female inspecting agency is not sufficiently strong and the school buildings are generally poor. With the help, however, of the Imperial recurring grants of 9 lakhs and 5½ lakhs some improvements have been effected, such as the enhancement of the pay of teachers in certain classes of primary schools, the extension of the scheme of panchayati union schools for girls, the appointment of two additional assistant inspectresses of schools, the improvement of the buildings of model primary schools for girls, etc. The work of *zanana* teachers is reported to have been unsatisfactory owing to the prevalence of epidemics, in consequence of which many teachers were absent on medical leave and a number of centres were closed for want of teachers. Peripatetic needlework teachers have done useful work which is appreciated by the Indian community, while the industrial and technical schools for girls and women, of which the most important are those at Kalimpong, Baranagar and Berhampore, are working satisfactorily.

On the creation of the Presidency the Hindu girls under instruction outnumbered the Muhammadan girls by 40,000; but since then the Moslem community has shown an increasing readiness to take advantage of the opportunities offered them for the education of the girls, while the Hindus have lagged behind. Since 1912-13 the number of the latter has risen by only 21,000 or 17 per cent.—during the year under review there was actually a small decrease—whereas the enrolment of Muhammadan girls in the same period has risen by 63,000, or a little over 70 per cent.

9. **Education of Europeans.**—There were altogether 10,005 European and Anglo-Indian pupils under instruction in schools working under the code for European schools. A munificent donation of 10 lakhs, intended mainly for the progress of education among the domiciled community, was received from a European citizen of Calcutta, and a trust fund was created for which a scheme of management was drawn up during the year. The trust provides, *inter alia*, for the creation of a number of scholarships for European and Anglo-Indian boys and girls for both general and professional education, either in India or in the United Kingdom.

10. **Muhammadan education.**—The total number of Muhammadan pupils in institutions of all kinds decreased by 8,561, the net result of an addition of 9,455 female scholars and a loss of 18,016 male scholars; but the falling off, which represents under 1 per cent., was less than among the Hindus, who lost 24,853 scholars or 2½ per cent. There was a regrettable decrease of 5,642 Moslem students in secondary schools, but there was no falling off either in professional colleges or in medical, engineering, technical and industrial schools, while in madrasahs the number increased by 1,571, or a little over 7 per cent. Additional grants were sanctioned during the year to enable District Boards to aid maktabas at a higher rate, and the number of those institutions rose by 1,600 and their enrolment by 36,000.

Sanction was given to the establishment of Islamic intermediate classes attached to the Dacca Madrasah and regulations were approved for Islamic Matriculation and Intermediate examinations, in conducting which the Education Department will be assisted by an Advisory Board.

11. The report of the Director is published for general information.

By order of the Governor in Council,

L. S. S. O'MALLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 73Edn.

COPY forwarded to the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, for information. He is now authorized to publish the report.

Nos. 74—78Edn.

COPY forwarded to all Commissioners of Divisions for information.

No. 79Edn.

COPY forwarded to the Municipal Department for information.

By order of the Governor in Council,

A. H. C. JACKSON,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CALCUTTA:

GENL. DEPT.—*Education Branch.*

The 12th January 1920.

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ON

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SUPPLEMENTARY TABLES.

No. 1.

Comparative Statement of expenditure on education for 1917-18 and 1918-19.

HEADS OF CHARGES.	1917-18.				1918-19.			
	NET EXPENDITURE AFTER DEDUCTING RECEIPTS.			Total expenditure.	NET EXPENDITURE AFTER DEDUCTING RECEIPTS.			Total Expenditure.
	From Provincial revenues.	From District funds.	From Municipal funds.		From Provincial revenues.	From District funds.	From Municipal funds.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
University	1,95,239	...	...	15,84,493	1,38,571	...	...	18,37,065
Collegiate	13,04,861	...	209	29,70,211	13,53,198	...	54	31,75,981
Secondary	9,27,108	2,12,815	27,952	82,61,505	9,44,670	2,25,571	28,537	86,89,704
Primary	11,89,968	5,73,671	62,850	40,11,615	12,35,071	6,02,530	72,087	40,63,090
Female	7,16,334	1,43,640	54,475	16,41,499	7,89,051	1,49,145	49,065	17,54,280
Special	8,80,491	60,136	15,546	15,93,455	9,20,914	72,946	20,592	17,44,023
Scholarships	2,77,912	53,524	2,375	4,04,368	3,89,436	57,240	2,479	4,24,455
Buildings and Furniture	10,76,373	1,19,140	8,986	25,44,238	10,76,418	1,34,114	11,925	28,07,421
Miscellaneous	6,47,964	34,155	6,462	13,97,238	7,56,484	42,119	8,656	21,83,925
Superintendence	10,30,652	52,740	1,227	10,85,004	10,23,448	52,542	1,368	10,77,691
Total	82,46,905	12,49,821	1,87,082	2,64,93,539	88,27,261	13,36,207	1,94,703	2,77,57,635

No. 2.

Statement showing the variations in the results of the University Examinations for the past six years.

YEAR.	MATRICULATION EXAMINATION.			INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATION.						B.A. EXAMINATION.			B.SC. EXAMINATION.		
	Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Percentage of success.	Intermediate in Arts or F.A.			Intermediate in Science.			Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Percentage of success.	Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Percentage of success.
				Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Percentage of success.	Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Percentage of success.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1913-14	8,116	4,937	60.8	4,223	1,929	45.6	838	508	60.7	2,171	1,134	52.2	404	218	53.9
1914-15	9,053	5,555	61.02	4,686	2,451	52.3	873	487	55.7	2,478	1,143	46.3	467	226	48.3
1915-16	10,046	6,006	59.8	4,799	2,269	47.2	1,095	564	51.5	2,817	1,458	51.8	466	334	68.7
1916-17	11,515	8,414	73.07	5,214	2,414	46.3	1,269	665	52.4	3,171	1,577	49.7	426	261	61.2
1917-18	13,315	7,758	58.2	5,216	2,821	54.08	1,368	837	61.1	3,308	1,593	48.3	456	282	61.8
1918-19	14,734	9,409	63.8	5,621	3,675	65.4	1,504	1,056	70.2	3,035	1,475	47.9	502	303	60.3

YEAR.	M.A. EXAMINATION.			M.SC. EXAMINATION.			B.L. EXAMINATION.			B.E. EXAMINATION.		
	Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Percentage of success.	Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Percentage of success.	Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Percentage of success.	Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Percentage of success.
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
1913-14	406	219	53.9	81	47	58.02	524	316	60.3	16	10	62.5
1914-15	523	317	60.6	94	55	58.5	475	367	56.2	25	19	40.0
1915-16	590	261	42.5	127	57	44.9	642	365	56.9	26	22	84.6
1916-17	652	307	47.08	165	83	50.3	819	496	59.3	11	6	54.5
1917-18	716	396	55.3	183	96	52.4	964	512	53.1	18	13	72.2
1918-19	716	396	55.3	184	96	52.2	1,131	493	43.6	19	13	72.2

No. 3.

Comparative statement showing the number of pupils attending different classes of institutions, division by division, for the years 1917-18 and 1918-19.

DIVISION.	NUMBER OF PUPILS IN PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.									
	Colleges.		Secondary schools.		Primary schools.		Special schools.		Total.	
	1917-18.	1918-19.	1917-18.	1918-19.	1917-18.	1918-19.	1917-18.	1918-19.	1917-18.	1918-19.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Burdwan ..	1,841	1,946	70,424	69,725	299,590	281,752	4,708	4,618	376,563	358,041
Presidency	2,072	2,200	69,776	66,886	255,094	250,633	5,552	5,334	332,494	325,053
Calcutta ...	15,466	15,510	34,164	34,314	24,389	24,141	5,639	5,582	79,658	79,547
Dacca ...	3,388	3,457	115,712	113,832	377,168	374,114	9,240	10,159	505,508	501,562
Rajshahi ...	1,568	1,668	54,188	53,297	245,095	244,471	11,625	11,331	312,476	310,767
Chittagong	930	1,023	60,166	57,815	207,045	208,136	8,065	10,377	276,206	277,351
European Institution.	...	...	8,732	8,600	935	954	379	451	10,046	10,005
Total ...	25,265	25,804	413,162	404,469	1,409,316	1,384,201	45,208	47,852	1,892,951	1,862,326

DIVISION.	NUMBER OF PUPILS IN PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS.										GRAND TOTAL.	
	Advanced.		Teaching the Vernacular.		Teaching the Quran.		Other schools.		Total.			
	1917-18.	1918-19.	1917-18.	1918-19.	1917-18.	1918-19.	1917-18.	1918-19.	1917-18.	1918-19.	1917-18.	1918-19.
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Burdwan ...	156	353	910	395	36	...	3,249	4,180	4,351	4,928	380,914	362,969
Presidency	68	...	219	96	133	8	781	682	1,201	786	333,695	325,839
Calcutta ...	...	...	...	...	37	...	5,857	8,548	5,894	8,548	85,552	88,095
Dacca ...	1,615	1,323	2,375	1,434	16,352	15,292	8,037	6,503	28,379	24,552	533,887	526,114
Rajshahi ...	338	50	3,010	1,184	974	1,445	3,978	2,288	8,300	4,967	320,776	315,734
Chittagong	5,288	5,727	603	1,129	16,047	17,147	2,259	1,425	24,197	25,428	300,403	302,779
European Institution.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10,046	10,005
Total ...	7,465	7,453	7,117	4,238	33,579	33,892	24,161	23,626	72,322	69,209	1,965,273	1,931,535

No. 4.

Statement showing the statistics of Government, Municipal, Aided and Unaided Arts Colleges during the year 1918-19.

NAMES OF ARTS COLLEGES.	Number of pupils on the rolls on the 31st March 1919.	Average monthly roll number.	Average daily attendance.	EXPENDITURE IN 1918-19.					COST PER ANNUM OF EACH STUDENT.		
				From public funds.		From private funds.		Total.	From public funds.	From private funds.	Total.
				Provincial Revenues.	District or Municipal fund.	Fees.	Endowments and other sources.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
<i>Government (8).</i>				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1. Presidency College	927	955	874	2,15,487	...	1,33,691	2,653	3,51,831	225 10 3	142 12 4	368 6 7
2. Hooghly „	249	235	230	34,800	...	19,133	...	53,933	149 1 4	81 6 8	229 8 0
3. Krishnagar „	264	250	234	42,932	...	20,565	3,590	67,487	171 11 8	98 3 6	269 15 2
4. Sanskrit „	168	191	133	15,772	...	12,444	...	28,216	82 9 3	65 2 5	147 11 8
5. Dacca „	800	883	784	1,33,452	...	57,819	...	1,91,262	151 2 2	65 7 6	216 9 8
6. Chittazong „	370	351	248	13,130	...	30,122	116	43,368	37 6 6	36 2 4	123 8 10
7. Rajshahi „	760	743	595	27,233	...	57,876	10,247	95,361	36 10 7	91 11 0	128 5 7
8. Bethune „	85	87	78	41,750	...	4,913	...	46,663	479 14 2	56 7 6	536 5 8
Total for 1918-19	3,623	3,695	3,176	5,24,561	...	30,36,954	16,606	9,78,121	141 15 5	95 11 0	237 10 5
<i>Municipal (1).</i>											
1. Midnapore College	223	219	207	7,848	54	8,849	2,107	18,858	36 1 4	50 0 5	86 1 9
<i>Aided (13).</i>											
1. St. Xavier's College	762	730	696	12,600	...	57,402	8,735	78,737	17 4 2	90 9 6	107 13 8
2. Scottish Churches College	1,114	1,127	1,096	24,000	...	36,519	92,230	1,52,749	21 4 9	114 3 9	135 8 7
3. Daulatpore Hindu Academy	460	477	393	8,444	...	22,011	...	30,455	17 11 3	46 2 4	63 13 7
4. Wesleyan Mission College	395	338	329	8,400	...	22,427	4,459	35,286	21 1 8	67 8 10	88 10 6
5. Narail Victoria College	130	145	122	1,140	...	6,467	...	7,607	7 13 10	44 9 7	52 7 5
6. Jagannath College	785	716	612	12,000	...	37,670	1,482	51,152	16 12 2	54 10 11	71 7 1
7. Brojo Mohan College	671	710	588	14,400	...	25,371	...	39,771	20 4 6	35 11 9	56 0 3
8. A. M. College	612	588	536	10,200	...	43,665	...	53,865	17 5 6	74 4 2	91 9 8
9. Comilla Victoria College	631	645	551	4,260	...	26,820	1,680	32,700	6 8 2	44 3 0	50 11 2
10. St. Paul's Cathedral Mission College	206	200	198	11,000	...	14,734	9,007	34,741	55 0 0	68 11 3	123 11 3
11. Serampore College	281	264	237	12,000	...	18,860	12,636	43,496	45 7 3	119 4 10	164 12 1
12. Pabna Edward College	330	358	297	6,843	...	14,400	...	21,243	19 1 10	40 3 7	59 5 5
13. Diocesan College	68	68	63	7,200	...	4,644	6,130	17,974	105 14 1	158 7 1	264 5 2
Total for 1918-19	6,480	6,426	5,722	1,32,427	...	3,30,990	1,46,359	6,09,776	20 9 6	74 4 6	94 14 2
<i>Unaided (14).</i>											
1. City College	1,670	1,675	1,340	...	...	93,167	...	93,167	...	58 9 9	58 9 9
2. Ripon College	1,759	1,779	1,563	...	...	91,790	...	91,790	...	51 9 7	51 9 7
3. Burdawan Raj College	172	193	159	...	...	7,426	3,390	10,816	...	56 0 8	56 0 8
4. Krishnath College	1,150	1,100	1,093	...	...	70,911	10,435	81,346	...	73 15 2	73 15 2
5. Central College	741	771	641	...	...	15,600	...	15,600	...	20 3 9	20 3 9
6. Uttarpara College	149	126	102	...	...	7,309	...	7,309	...	58 0 2	58 0 2
7. Hetampore College	82	84	55	...	...	3,991	4,743	8,734	...	103 15 7	103 15 7
8. Bangabasi College	1,527	1,467	1,413	...	...	76,067	...	76,067	...	51 13 7	51 13 7
9. Vidyasagar College	1,574	1,569	1,349	...	...	1,09,770	...	1,09,770	...	69 15 5	69 15 5
10. South Suburban College	642	674	555	...	...	43,900	...	43,900	...	65 2 2	65 2 2
11. Carmichael College	568	576	461	...	...	30,622	17,579	48,201	...	83 10 11	83 10 11
12. Rajendra College	241	262	218	...	...	6,782	...	6,782	...	25 14 2	25 14 2
13. Bagerhat College	168	178	135	...	...	5,739	1,305	7,044	...	39 9 2	39 9 2
14. Loreto House	11	13	12	...	...	1,260	2,880	4,140	...	318 7 5	318 7 5
Total for 1918-19	10,454	10,467	9,096	...	...	5,69,334	40,332	6,09,666	...	58 3 11	58 3 11
Total of all Colleges for 1918-19	20,780	20,807	18,201	6,64,836	54	12,46,127	2,05,404	21,16,431	31 15 3	69 12 2	101 11 5
Indirect expenditure for all Colleges for 1918-19.	...	...	...	2,09,070	31,398	3,80,992	4,46,369	10,67,829	...	...	...
GRAND TOTAL FOR 1918-19	20,780	20,807	18,201	8,73,906	31,452	16,27,119	6,51,773	31,84,250	...	...	...

No. 5.

Statement showing the results of the Intermediate Examinations held in 1918-19.

NAMES OF COLLEGES.		IN ARTS.						IN SCIENCE.					
		Num-ber of candi- dates.	NUMBER PASSED.				Percent- age of success.	Number of candi- dates.	NUMBER PASSED.				Percent- age of success.
			First Division.	Second Division.	Third Division.	Total.			First Division.	Second Division.	Third Division.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
GOVERNMENT COLLEGES.													
1. Presidency College	73	55	11	...	66	90.4	88	61	10	1	72	82.7	
2. Hughli	43	19	15	1	35	83.3	31	23	5	...	28	90.3	
3. Krishnagar	51	17	18	6	41	82.0	18	13	5	...	18	100.0	
4. Sanskrit	41	6	20	3	29	72.5	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Dacca	131	55	42	5	102	77.8	45	31	8	1	40	90.9	
6. Chittagong	73	32	19	7	58	80.5	33	21	6	...	27	81.8	
7. Rajshahi	150	35	56	14	105	71.4	88	36	30	1	67	77.01	
8. Bethune	26	9	11	2	22	84.6	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total for 1918-19	588	228	192	38	458	78.8	303	185	64	3	252	84.0	
MUNICIPAL COLLEGE.													
1. Midnapore College	74	25	21	4	50	68.4	19	11	4	...	15	83.3	
AIDED COLLEGES.													
1. St. Xavier's College	98	22	36	10	68	73.6	128	67	35	3	105	84.0	
2. Scottish Churches College	156	72	45	4	121	84.02	103	62	22	3	87	85.2	
3. Daulatpur Hindu Academy	130	26	57	17	100	78.1	49	16	16	1	33	68.7	
4. Wesleyan Mission College	109	33	27	6	66	62.8	31	12	2	1	15	51.7	
5. Comilla Victoria	285	54	106	30	190	67.6	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Jagannath	178	75	54	8	137	80.5	28	15	8	1	24	85.7	
7. Brajamohan	260	82	90	22	194	77.9	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Anandamohan	185	54	71	22	147	79.8	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Narail Victoria	79	19	21	9	49	62.8	...	...	...	...	...	...
10. St. Paul's Cathedral Mission College.	67	28	18	7	53	79.1	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Serampore College	79	20	24	6	50	66.6	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Pabna Edward College	164	35	71	14	120	73.1	...	...	...	...	...	...
13. Diocesan	21	14	3	3	20	95.2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total for 1918-19	1,799	534	623	168	1,315	74.9	338	172	83	9	264	79.7	
UNAIDED COLLEGES.													
1. City College	353	81	116	45	242	68.7	132	51	32	7	90	70.3	
2. Ripon College	382	84	148	39	271	73.2	134	41	35	2	78	60.4	
3. Bardwan Raj College	71	25	19	5	49	70.0	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Krishnath	292	62	84	17	163	60.5	85	40	17	...	57	67.07	
5. Central	417	62	115	43	210	53.1	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Uttarpara	48	10	15	4	29	61.7	41	17	8	1	26	65.0	
7. Hetampore K. O.	45	12	9	5	26	57.7	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Bangabasi	382	30	108	61	199	57.5	249	84	78	10	172	71.07	
9. Vidyasagar	301	53	96	35	184	47.1	128	27	28	1	56	45.9	
10. South Suburban College	281	52	86	47	185	67.6	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Loreto	8	6	2	...	8	100.0	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Rangpur Carmichael College	193	32	62	20	114	62.9	...	...	...	...	...	...
13. Rajendra College, Faridpur	51	13	20	6	39	82.9	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Bagerhat	38	12	6	7	25	65.7	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total for 1918-19	2,872	524	886	334	1,744	63.8	769	260	198	21	479	64.2	

Shows the percentage of passes on the actual number of candidates who appeared, excluding those who were absent or who appeared in one or two subjects only.

No. 6.

Statement showing the results of the B.A. and B. Sc. Examinations held in 1918-19.

NAME OF COLLEGES.	B. A.						B. Sc.						TOTAL.						
	Candidates.		Honours First Divi- sion.	Second Division.	Pass.	Total passed.	Candidates.		Honours First Divi- sion.	Honours Division.	Pass.	Total passed.	Candidates.		Honours First Divi- sion.	Honours Division.	Pass.	Total passed.	Percentage of success.
	Honours.	Pass.					Honours.	Pass.					Honours.	Pass.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
GOVERNMENT COLLEGES.																			
1. Presidency College ...	78	48	18	42	37	97	53	43	6	23	41	70	131	91	24	65	78	167	76.2
2. Hughli " ...	2	17	1	...	13	14	2	9	1	...	7	8	4	26	2	...	20	22	73.3
3. Krishnagar " ...	2	24	...	2	14	16	...	10	...	...	7	7	2	34	...	2	21	23	63.8
4. Sanskrit " ...	7	52	1	4	34	39	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	52	1	4	34	39	66.1
5. Dacca " ...	53	115	1	29	56	86	11	23	1	6	17	24	64	138	2	35	73	110	54.4
6. Chittagong " ...	4	52	1	1	20	22	...	6	...	...	3	3	4	58	1	1	23	25	40.3
7. Rajshahi " ...	18	105	...	10	58	68	8	32	2	4	24	30	26	157	2	14	82	98	60.1
8. Bethune " ...	3	7	...	1	8	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	7	...	1	8	9	90.0
Total ...	167	420	22	89	240	351	74	123	10	33	99	142	241	543	32	122	339	493	62.8
AIDED COLLEGES.																			
1. St. Xavier's College ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	37	...	4	19	23	9	37	...	4	19	23	50.0
2. Scottish Churches " ...	71	142	2	45	91	138	24	42	2	11	27	40	95	184	4	56	118	178	63.7
3. Daulatpur Hindu Academy.	...	45	...	...	25	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	45	...	...	25	25	55.5
4. Wesleyan Mission College.	2	45	1	1	23	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	45	1	1	23	25	53.1
5. Jagannath College ...	18	112	1	12	68	81	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	112	1	12	68	81	62.3
6. Brajamohan " ...	...	88	...	...	51	51	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	88	...	...	51	51	57.9
7. Anaudamohan " ...	...	66	...	...	41	41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	66	...	...	41	41	62.1
8. St. Paul's C. M. " ...	12	50	1	9	22	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	50	1	9	22	32	51.6
9. Serampore " ...	3	37	...	3	21	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	37	...	3	21	24	60.0
10. Diocesan " ...	7	3	...	6	3	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	3	...	6	3	9	90.0
Total ...	113	588	5	76	345	426	33	79	2	15	46	63	146	667	7	91	391	489	60.1
UNAIDED COLLEGES.																			
1. City College ...	27	342	1	16	153	170	6	31	...	3	16	19	33	373	1	19	169	189	46.5
2. Ripon " ...	31	338	...	21	169	190	...	26	...	...	17	17	31	364	...	21	186	207	52.4
3. Bangabasi " ...	8	121	...	3	46	49	4	48	...	...	16	16	12	169	...	3	62	65	35.9
4. Krishnath " ...	21	173	...	6	69	75	10	29	...	5	20	25	31	202	...	11	89	100	42.8
5. Vidyasagar " ...	25	376	2	13	148	163	...	30	...	...	17	17	25	406	2	13	165	180	41.7
6. Rangpur Carmichael College.	4	88	...	4	29	33	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	88	...	4	29	33	35.8
7. South Suburban College	...	67	...	...	49	49	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	67	...	...	49	49	73.1
Total ...	116	1,505	3	63	663	729	20	164	...	8	86	94	136	1,669	3	71	749	823	45.5
GRAND TOTAL ...	396	2,513	30	228	1,248	1,506	127	366	12	56	231	299	523	2,879	42	284	1,479	1,805	53.05
Non-collegiate Students ...	21	167	...	5	77	8	1	7	...	...	2	2	22	174	...	5	79	84	42.8
GREAT GRAND TOTAL ...	417	2,680	30	233	1,325	1,588	128	373	12	56	233	301	545	3,053	42	289	1,558	1,889	52.5

No. 7.

Statement showing the results of the M. A. and M. Sc. Examinations held in 1918-19.

COLLEGES.	ENGLISH.				SANSKRIT.															
	GROUP A.		GROUP B.		GROUP A.		GROUP B.		GROUP C.		GROUP D.		GROUP E.		GROUP G.		GROUP H.		GROUP I.	
	Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Number of candidates.	Number passed.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
M. A.																				
University students ...	112	49	9	9	5	4	1	1	2	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	1	1	3	3
(Presidency College) ...	32	24	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca College ...	11	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scottish Churches college ...	6	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Non-collegiate students ...	107	36	4	...	4	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
Total ...	268	119	14	10	9	6	1	1	2	2	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3
M. Sc.																				
University students ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(Presidency College) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca College ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Non-Collegiate students ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

COLLEGES.	PALI.				ARABIC.		PERSIAN.		COMPARATIVE PHILOLOGY.		HISTORY.		PHILOSOPHY.		ECONOMICS.			
	GROUP A.		GROUP C.												GROUP A.		GROUP B.	
	Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Number of candidates.	Number passed.
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	
M. A.																		
University students...	1	1	1	...	4	4	1	1	2	2	49	33	56	36	23	17	9	7
(Presidency College)	13	7	4	3	11	8	4	4
Dacca College	5	3	2	1	5	2	...	...
Scottish Churches College	5	5	2	1	...	...
Non-collegiate students	1	1	...	...	2	1	...	...	41	16	42	19	15	11	18	15
Total ...	1	1	2	1	4	4	3	2	2	2	108	59	109	64	56	30	31	36
M. Sc.																		
University students
(Presidency College)
Dacca College
Non-collegiate students
Total

COLLEGES.	MATHEMATICS.				PHYSICS.		CHEMISTRY.		BOTANY.		EXPERIMENTAL PSYCHOLOGY.		PHYSIOLOGY.		GEOLOGY.		TOTAL.	
	PURE.		MIXED.															
	Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Number of candidates.	Number passed.	Number of candidates.	Number passed.
40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	
M. A.																		
University students ...	38	15	5	3	1	...	...	...	...	5	5	...	...	...	...	330	195	
(Presidency College) ...	4	3	5	3	1	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	76	55	
Dacca College ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	12	
Scottish Churches College ...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	17	13	
Non-collegiate students ...	22	11	5	3	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	266	118	
Total ...	67	31	15	9	3	2	1	...	1	1	6	6	...	...	...	712	393	
M. Sc.																		
University students ...	27	10	8	5	10	8	7	6	4	2	1	1	4	1	...	61	33	
(Presidency College) ...	3	3	7	4	18	15	8	3	3	1	...	...	...	2	...	41	27	
Dacca College ...	...	...	...	...	5	3	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	4	
Non-collegiate students ...	31	7	7	3	7	6	9	4	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	56	21	
Total ...	61	20	22	12	40	31	28	14	7	3	1	1	6	3	2	167	85	

No. 8.

Statement showing in detail the attendance and expenditure in different classes of Secondary schools for Indian boys and girls during the year 1918-19.

CLASS OF SCHOOLS.				Number of schools.	Number of pupils on the rolls on the 31st March.	Average monthly number on the rolls during the year.	EXPENDITURE.						Total.
							FROM PUBLIC FUNDS.				FROM PRIVATE FUNDS.		
							Provincial revenues.	District funds.	Municipal funds.	Native State revenues.	Fees.	Other sources.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11			
							Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
FOR BOYS.													
Government	High English ...	41	14,016	13,031	2,61,812	...	...	...	2,35,406	2,746	5,99,764
	Middle English ...	6	697	680	15,582	...	...	...	4,458	2	20,042
	Middle Vernacular	1	46	49	2,239	...	...	...	2	4	2,245
District or Municipal funds.	High English ...	4	2,228	2,065	15,725	...	1,702	...	40,021	...	57,448		
	Middle English ...	46	4,287	4,194	349	24,474	1,825	...	36,498	1,944	65,090		
	Middle Vernacular	42	2,240	2,292	...	24,139	...	...	10,291	921	35,351
Aided	High English ...	271	75,292	73,698	2,84,627	4,493	10,772	...	15,50,127	1,65,969	20,15,978		
	Middle English ...	902	80,578	80,624	1,01,119	1,57,743	8,796	...	7,52,854	2,58,653	12,79,165		
	Middle Vernacular	226	12,093	12,250	35,882	13,982	48	...	51,614	25,354	1,26,880		
Unaided	High English ...	496	140,940	136,002	...	740	...	...	28,15,565	3,79,993	31,96,293
	Middle English ...	648	54,128	52,216	...	...	...	...	4,27,906	2,03,513	6,31,419
	Middle Vernacular	25	1,493	1,444	...	...	...	...	6,555	6,556	13,151
Total for 1918-19	High English ...	812	232,476	224,796	5,61,964	5,233	12,474	...	47,41,119	5,48,698	58,69,458		
	Middle English ...	1,602	139,690	137,714	1,17,050	1,82,217	10,709	...	12,21,716	4,64,024	19,95,716		
	Middle Vernacular	294	15,572	16,035	38,121	38,121	48	...	68,462	32,875	1,77,627		
Total for 1917-18	High English ...	731	223,944	213,086	5,40,902	4,536	12,329	...	44,04,668	4,71,426	54,33,861		
	Middle English ...	1,628	153,934	149,756	1,21,932	1,72,281	8,873	...	13,02,308	4,32,089	20,37,463		
	Middle Vernacular	314	18,587	18,217	40,213	35,998	205	...	76,862	29,793	1,83,071		
FOR GIRLS.													
Government	High English ...	4	885	814	68,303	...	...	...	15,032	600	83,935
	Middle English ...	2	272	242	10,433	...	...	...	1,374	160	11,967
	Middle Vernacular	1	124	121	4,378	...	...	...	412	143	4,933
District or Municipal funds.	High English ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Middle English ...	1	87	68	1,432	...	1,282	...	159	397	3,270		
	Middle Vernacular	1	70	75	371	...	778	...	497	50	1,696		
Aided	High English ...	9	1,471	1,419	52,060	...	3,111	...	58,329	41,182	1,54,682		
	Middle English ...	21	2,766	2,561	41,571	...	6,547	...	15,637	31,689	95,344		
	Middle Vernacular	22	2,156	1,996	17,804	...	2,178	...	5,930	28,335	54,247		
Unaided	High English ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Middle English ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Middle Vernacular	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total for 1918-19	High English ...	13	2,356	2,233	1,20,363	...	3,111	...	73,361	41,782	2,38,617		
	Middle English ...	24	3,125	2,871	53,436	...	7,829	...	17,070	32,246	1,10,381		
	Middle Vernacular	24	2,350	2,192	22,553	...	2,956	...	6,839	28,528	60,876		
Total for 1917-18	High English ...	14	2,339	2,154	1,20,073	...	2,786	...	57,154	49,702	2,29,805		
	Middle English ...	20	2,400	2,341	49,259	...	6,096	...	12,222	37,344	94,921		
	Middle Vernacular	34	3,226	3,108	25,643	...	4,470	...	12,415	39,874	82,402		
GRAND TOTAL OF SECONDARY SCHOOLS FOR 1918-19.				2,769	395,869	385,841	9,13,487	2,25,571	37,127	...	61,38,567	11,48,153	84,52,905
GRAND TOTAL OF SECONDARY SCHOOLS FOR 1917-18.				2,741	404,430	388,702	8,98,022	2,12,815	34,759	...	58,65,629	10,50,318	80,61,543

No. 9.

Qualification statement of Teachers in Government, Aided and Unaided Schools for
Indians during the year 1918-19.

A.—Boys.

CLASS OF SCHOOL.	Number of schools.	Number of teachers employed.	TEACHERS PASSING EXAMINATIONS.															Passing no examination.	Number of vacancies which occurred during the year.
			M. A. or M. Sc.	B. A. or B. Sc.	F. A. or I. A. or I. Sc.	Entrance or Matriculation.	Vernacular Mastership.		Guru Training School.	Middle English Standard VI.	Middle Vernacular or Standard VI.	Upper Primary Standard IV.	Lower Primary Standard II.	Sanskrit Title Examination.	Madrasa examination.	Other examinations.			
							Passed final examination.	Lower grade examination.											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
High English.																			
Government	45	754	47	212	145	106	60	...	2	2	4	...	...	52	51	47	26	18
Aided	271	3,752	110	854	763	758	266	39	34	96	69	6	...	279	185	41	244	297	
Unaided	496	6,790	211	1,462	1,195	1,725	386	48	75	190	140	7	...	581	361	53	356	454	
Total	812	11,296	368	2,528	2,103	2,587	712	87	111	288	213	13	...	912	597	141	626	769	
Middle English.																			
Government	52	314	...	5	33	80	67	8	19	31	32	1	...	2	7	8	26	19	
Aided	902	5,219	...	37	421	1,508	896	133	364	761	484	88	11	16	111	34	355	444	
Unaided	648	3,515	...	17	159	1,087	415	109	262	562	343	83	7	8	70	26	247	269	
Total	1,602	9,048	...	59	643	2,675	1,378	250	645	1,444	859	172	18	26	188	63	628	732	
Middle Vernacular.																			
Government	43	171	...	...	1	8	42	10	24	16	23	41	...	...	...	1	5	3
Aided	226	769	...	1	8	50	184	30	97	111	206	37	2	1	4	...	33	35	
Unaided	25	102	...	...	2	7	19	10	6	12	31	9	1	1	...	...	4	3
Total	294	1,042	...	1	11	65	245	50	127	139	260	87	3	2	4	1	47	41	
Upper Primary.																			
Government	265	520	...	...	1	8	22	12	247	52	68	67	6	...	...	...	27	39
Aided	2,799	5,875	...	...	...	78	36	56	1,574	1,314	1,075	1,299	116	3	17	5	282	513
Unaided	74	163	...	...	...	3	1	2	22	59	24	38	8	1	...	...	10	10
Total	3,138	6,558	...	...	1	89	59	70	1,863	1,425	1,167	1,404	125	4	17	5	329	562
Lower Primary.																			
Government	2,704	4,540	...	...	...	5	4	11	2,145	512	446	994	266	...	46	18	93	24
Aided	24,803	27,649	...	...	...	38	27	45	3,494	4,902	4,236	8,335	2,636	...	548	153	3,035	2,031
Unaided	3,626	3,769	...	...	...	8	4	6	245	668	529	1,295	455	...	41	25	493	162
Total	31,133	35,958	...	...	...	51	35	62	5,884	6,082	5,211	10,624	3,557	...	635	196	3,621	2,397
GRAND TOTAL	36,979	63,902	368	2,588	2,758	5,467	3,329	519	8,630	9,378	7,710	12,300	3,703	944	1,441	406	5,251	4,105	

B.—Girls.

<i>High English.</i>																		
Government	4	49	3	11	4	11	2	3	...	...	3	...	...	2	...	7	3	2
Aided	9	114	4	25	13	19	17	13	...	1	...	...	...	3	...	15	4	...
Unaided	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	13	163	7	36	17	30	19	16	...	1	3	...	...	5	...	22	7	2
<i>Middle English.</i>																		
Government	3	17	...	...	1	2	...	1	...	5	3	1	1	...	...	3	...	...
Aided	21	156	2	4	6	30	15	19	6	18	17	10	5	2	...	4	18	4
Unaided	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	24	173	2	4	7	32	15	20	6	23	20	11	6	2	...	7	18	4
<i>Middle Vernacular.</i>																		
Government	2	10	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...
Aided	22	114	...	...	1	6	9	6	22	11	15	8	3	1	...	12	20	8
Unaided	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	24	124	...	...	1	7	9	8	22	11	18	10	3	1	...	12	22	8
<i>Upper Primary.</i>																		
Government	28	57	...	...	...	3	4	6	10	4	13	2	1	...	...	5	9	2
Aided	186	491	...	...	...	16	23	31	78	56	90	85	33	2	...	12	66	7
Unaided	6	16	...	...	...	1	2	...	1	4	...	...	1	...	...	...	6	...
Total	220	564	...	...	...	20	29	37	89	61	107	87	34	2	...	17	81	9
<i>Lower Primary.</i>																		
Government	63	85	...	...	...	2	2	3	15	16	13	16	4	...	2	4	8	1
Aided	8,448	7,611	...	...	...	23	46	45	825	1,200	1,204	2,236	989	5	68	80	890	241
Unaided	1,900	1,631	...	...	...	5	4	4	170	248	254	509	224	...	12	34	167	58
Total	10,416	9,327	...	...	...	30	52	52	1,010	1,464	1,471	2,761	1,217	5	82	118	1,045	283
GRAND TOTAL	10,697	10,351	9	40	25	119	124	133	1,127	1,560	1,619	2,869	1,260	15	82	176	1,193	306

No. 10.

**Statement showing attendance and expenditure in Primary Schools and cost of
Primary Education for Indian boys and girls during the year 1918-19.**

CLASS OF SCHOOLS.	Number of schools.	Number of pupils on the roll during the year.	Average monthly number on the rolls.	EXPENDITURE.						Total.
				Public funds.				Private funds.		
				Provincial revenue.	District funds.	Municipal funds.	Native States revenues.	Fees.	Other sources.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
DIRECT.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Boys.										
Government ... { Upper Primary ...	160	3,579	3,698	59,489	...	...	...	2,738	14	62,241
District and { Lower " ...	23	747	672	8,993	...	...	...	209	44	9,236
Municipal { Upper " ...	165	7,402	7,378	37,347	6,123	538	...	15,056	985	50,049
Boards. { Lower " ...	2,681	109,622	106,011	2,81,035	49,243	1,327	...	1,40,790	11,680	4,84,125
Native States ... { Upper " ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lower " ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Aided ... { Upper " ...	2,799	134,166	132,876	1,93,446	1,48,499	11,704	...	2,92,017	51,729	6,97,395
Lower " ...	24,803	783,439	756,327	7,43,996	3,98,665	88,052	...	11,60,250	1,95,327	95,56,290
Unaided ... { Upper " ...	74	3,787	3,636	...	...	...	...	7,658	3,999	11,657
Lower " ...	3,626	101,661	93,019	...	...	...	...	1,22,141	31,692	1,53,833
Total for 1918-19 { Upper " ...	3,138	148,914	147,588	2,80,232	1,54,622	12,242	...	3,17,469	56,727	8,21,342
Lower " ...	34,133	995,469	956,029	10,33,964	4,47,908	59,379	...	14,23,390	2,38,843	32,03,484
Total for 1917-18 { Upper " ...	3,174	156,982	154,357	2,76,070	1,51,361	12,031	...	3,41,169	57,450	8,38,081
Lower " ...	30,900	1,025,678	969,869	8,90,044	4,22,310	57,709	...	15,32,403	2,28,013	31,30,479
Girls.										
Government ... { Upper Primary ...	25	1,216	1,150	14,090	178	...	...	561	243	15,072
District and { Lower " ...	43	1,564	1,427	11,745	180	24	...	280	636	12,865
Municipal { Upper " ...	3	133	122	88	462	484	...	...	...	1,034
Boards. { Lower " ...	25	796	774	4,009	574	...	...	...	...	4,583
Native States ... { Upper " ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lower " ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Aided ... { Upper " ...	186	11,420	10,735	49,965	4,845	9,219	...	16,681	68,235	1,48,945
Lower " ...	8,448	185,835	177,431	2,24,096	1,42,906	18,754	...	23,716	80,238	4,89,710
Unaided ... { Upper " ...	6	437	384	...	...	...	...	280	5,256	5,536
Lower " ...	1,900	37,413	34,459	...	...	...	...	3,289	10,076	13,365
Total for 1918-19 { Upper " ...	220	12,206	12,391	64,143	5,485	9,703	...	17,522	73,734	1,70,587
Lower " ...	10,416	225,658	214,091	2,39,850	1,43,660	18,778	...	27,285	90,950	5,20,523
Total for 1917-18 { Upper " ...	241	14,133	13,491	66,579	6,672	9,643	...	17,317	72,295	1,72,506
Lower " ...	9,779	211,588	200,185	1,77,905	1,36,968	19,054	...	26,005	89,797	4,49,729
Other School teaching the Primary Standard.	54	1,268	1,239	34,656	...	58	...	1,316	708	36,738
GRAND TOTAL OF DIRECT EXPEN- DITURE FOR 1918-19.				16,52,895	7,51,675	1,00,160	...	17,86,982	4,50,962	47,52,674
GRAND TOTAL OF DIRECT EXPEN- DITURE FOR 1917-18.				14,43,990	7,17,311	98,496	...	19,17,784	4,47,587	46,25,368
INDIRECT EXPENDITURE.										
Charges for abolished schools ...	...	...	...	9,390	11,767	497	...	312	...	21,966
for buildings, etc. ...	...	...	...	1,60,940	81,554	6,547	...	...	47,389	2,96,230
for scholarship ...	...	...	...	8,748	28,861	1,447	...	...	321	37,377
for conducting examination ...	...	...	...	51	178	...	...	226	...	455
for Assistant Sub-Inspectors ...	...	...	...	21,974	8,090	...	...	...	...	30,064
for Inspecting Pandits and Maulvis.	...	...	...	6,772	44,452	1,308	...	...	380	51,912
for Sub-Inspectors and 90 per cent. of the actual charges for Deputy and Additional Deputy Inspectors of Schools.	...	...	...	4,25,696	...	...	...	...	22	4,25,708
for Inspectresses ...	...	...	...	10,270	...	...	...	...	...	10,270
Miscellaneous charges ...	...	...	...	4,849	21,053	612	...	8	1,173	27,695
Total indirect expenditure for 1918-19.	...	...	...	6,43,690	1,93,755	10,411	...	546	49,275	9,02,677
Total indirect expenditure for 1917-18.	...	...	...	6,12,236	1,59,597	7,392	...	933	86,912	8,67,070
GRAND TOTAL FOR 1918-19	...	...	...	23,01,585	9,45,430	1,10,571	...	17,87,528	5,10,237	56,55,351
DITTO FOR 1917-18	...	...	...	20,56,226	8,76,908	1,05,888	...	19,18,917	5,34,499	54,92,438
Proportionate expenditure of primary departments of secondary schools for Indian pupils—										
for 1918-19 ...	...	...	...	3,47,103	1,13,732	22,403	...	19,47,172	4,94,655	29,25,065
for 1917-18 ...	...	...	...	3,34,228	1,06,602	21,640	...	19,15,967	4,95,897	28,74,344
GRAND TOTAL FOR 1918-19	...	...	...	26,48,688	10,59,162	1,32,974	...	37,34,700	10,04,892	85,80,416
DITTO FOR 1917-18	...	...	...	23,90,464	9,83,510	1,27,528	...	38,34,784	10,30,396	83,66,782

No. 11.

Statement showing the attendance and expenditure in Professional Colleges during the year 1918-19.

PROFESSIONAL COLLEGES.	Number of pupils on the rolls on the 31st March 1919.	Average monthly number.	EXPENDITURE IN 1918-19.					COST PER ANNUM OF EDUCATING EACH STUDENT.		
			From public funds.		From private funds.		Total.	From public funds.	From private funds.	Total.
			Provincial revenues.	District or municipal funds.	Fees.	Endowments and other sources.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
(A) LAW.			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Government—										
1. University Law College.	2,124	134	30,000	...	1,90,925	...	2,20,925	14 0 0	89 4 7	103 4 7
2. Dacca Law College	292	920	...	...	16,536	...	16,536	.....	57 0 4	57 0 4
3. Rajshahi Law Classes	10	14	...	...	1,186	...	1,186	.....	84 11 5	84 11 5
4. Chittagong „	19	19	...	...	1,922	...	1,922	.....	101 2 6	101 2 6
5. Krishnagar „	5	5	...	...	372	...	372	.....	74 6 5	74 6 5
6. Hooghly „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....
Municipal—										
1. Midnapore „	9	10	...	...	596	...	596	.....	59 9 7	59 9 7
Unaided—										
1. Ripon „	666	605	...	...	30,189	...	30,189	.....	49 14 5	49 14 5
2. Berhampore „	23	23	...	...	1,980	...	1,280	.....	55 10 5	55 10 5
Total for Law Colleges	3,148	3,105	30,000	...	2,43,006	...	2,73,006	9 10 7	78 4 3	87 14 10
(B) Medicine—										
Government—Medical College, Calcutta.	953	1,038	2,15,767	...	1,21,838	...	3,37,605	207 13 10	117 6 0	325 3 10
Aided—Belgachia Medical College	267	272	34,370	...	21,526	...	55,896	126 5 9	79 2 3	205 8 0
(C) Engineering—										
Government—Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.	386	325	2,02,561	...	27,833	2,702	2,30,096	623 4 2	84 11 6	707 15 9
(D) Teaching—										
Government—										
1. David Hare Training College, Calcutta.	42	42	37,741	...	...	...	37,741	898 9 6	.....	998 9 6
2. Dacca Training College.	56	59	59,199	...	...	1,350	60,549	1,003 5 11	22 14 1	1,026 3 0
Aided—										
1. Diocesan Training Class.	6	6	7,200	...	322	...	7,522	1,200 0 0	53 10 8	1,253 10 8
Unaided—										
1. Loreto House Training Class.	1	1	...	...	120	480	600	.....	600 0 0	600 0 0
Total of Training Colleges	105	108	1,04,140	...	442	1,830	1,06,412	964 4 1	21 0 7	985 4 8
Government—Veterinary College, Bengal.	165	171	1,42,091	...	170	...	1,42,261	830 15 1	0 15 11	831 15 0
Total for Professional Colleges for 1918-19.	5,024	5,019	7,28,929	...	3,11,817	4,532	11,45,276	145 3 9	63 0 6	208 4 3

No. 12.

Statement showing the attendance and expenditure in Training Schools for 1917-18 and 1918-19.

CLASS OF SCHOOLS.	NUMBER OF SCHOOLS.		NUMBER OF PUPILS.		EXPENDITURE IN 1918-19.						TOTAL.
	1917-18.	1918-19.	1917-18.	1918-19.	Public funds.				Private funds.		
					Provincial revenues.	District funds.	Municipal funds.	Native States.	Fees and fines.	Other sources.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
FOR MASTERS.											
FIRST GRADE.											
					Rs.						Rs.
Government--											
Calcutta Training School	1	1	86	89	19,321	...	...	...	9	...	19,330
Hoghly "	1	1	94	94	15,402	...	...	...	4	...	15,406
Dacca "	1	1	117	119	20,850	...	...	...	124	22	20,996
Chittagong "	1	1	98	104	13,556	...	...	...	11	30	13,597
Rangpur "	1	1	81	71	10,596	...	...	...	82	...	10,678
Total	5	5	478	477	79,725	...	...	...	230	52	80,007
Aided--											
Krishnagar Christian Missionary Society's Training School.	1	1	35	32	2,400	...	...	...	...	4,644	7,044
Grand Total for first grade training Schools.	6	6	513	509	82,125	...	...	...	230	4,696	87,051
GURU-TRAINING SCHOOLS.											
Government--											
Burdwan Division	32	32	498	496	53,151	...	...	...	2,134	...	55,285
Presidency "	40	39	606	562	60,845	...	...	...	2,976	18	63,839
Calcutta "	1	1	10	13	1,542	...	...	...	...	...	1,542
Dacca Division	16	16	310	333	32,980	...	...	...	1,567	10	34,557
Chittagong "	7	7	141	141	15,335	...	...	...	492	12	15,839
Rajshahi "	15	15	317	315	32,640	...	...	...	1,190	...	33,830
Total	111	110	1,882	1,860	1,96,493	...	...	...	8,339	40	2,04,892
Aided--											
Presidency Division	1	1	16	19	1,911	...	...	...	...	697	2,608
Burdwan "	1	1	10	10	1,596	...	...	...	...	...	1,596
Rajshahi "	1	1	44	45	8,262	...	...	...	...	13,334	21,596
Total	3	3	70	74	11,769	...	...	...	...	14,031	25,800
Unaided--											
Calcutta	1	1	5	5	300	...	...	...	167	500	967
Grand Total of Guru-training Schools.	115	114	1,957	1,939	2,08,562	...	...	...	8,526	14,571	2,31,659
SPECIAL TRAINING CLASSES.											
Government--											
Dacca Division	1	...	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chittagong "	2	2	20	9	1,897	...	...	...	...	...	1,897
Total	3	2	45	9	1,897	...	...	...	...	...	1,897
Aided--											
Chittagong Division	1	1	12	8	414	...	...	...	...	1,530	1,944
Grand Total of all training schools for masters.	...	123	...	2,465	2,92,998	...	...	...	8,756	20,797	3,22,551
Total for 1917-18	125	...	2,527	...	2,98,023	...	...	...	9,094	14,218	3,21,335
FOR MISTRESSES.											
Government--											
Burdwan Division	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Presidency "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	1	1	15	15	8,947	...	...	...	...	...	8,947
Dacca Division	1	1	29	31	14,659	...	...	...	95	...	14,754
Chittagong "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rajshahi "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	2	2	44	46	23,616	...	...	...	95	...	23,711
Aided--											
Burdwan Division	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Presidency "	1	1	24	21	3,195	...	...	...	...	6,099	9,294
Calcutta	5	5	79	60	13,065	...	400	...	4,264	6,670	24,399
Dacca Division	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chittagong "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rajshahi "	1	1	12	12	1,200	...	...	...	...	...	1,200
Total	7	7	115	93	17,460	...	400	...	4,264	12,769	34,893
Grand Total of all training schools for mistresses.	...	9	...	139	41,076	...	400	...	4,359	12,769	58,604
Total for 1917-18	9	...	159	...	36,121	...	300	...	4,484	8,295	49,200

No. 13.

Statement showing the results of Training Schools for the year 1918-19.

NAME OF SCHOOLS.	FIRST GRADE CERTIFICATE.					SECOND GRADE CERTIFICATE.					TOTAL.		Percentage of success to the total candidates.
	Candidates examined.	Number passed.				Candidates examined.	Number passed.				Candidates examined.	Candidates passed.	
		High.	Medium.	Low.	Total.		High.	Medium.	Low.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
FIRST GRADE TRAINING SCHOOL.													
Government—													
1. Calcutta Training School	30	7	14	7	28	25	3	14	7	24	55	52	94.5
2. Hooghly „ „ „	30	3	17	9	29	31	2	12	3	17	51	46	90.2
3. Dacca „ „ „	56	5	15	21	41	...	...	...	...	...	56	41	73.2
4. Chittagong „ „ „	40	13	12	...	25	...	...	...	...	...	40	25	62.5
5. Raugpur „ „ „	38	...	12	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	38	12	31.6
Aided—													
1. Krishnagar Christian Missionary Society's Training School.	4	...	3	1	4	13	...	5	6	11	17	15	88.2
Total	198	28	73	38	139	59	5	31	16	52	257	121	74.3
GURU AND MUALLIM TRAINING SCHOOLS.													
Burdwan Division	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	237	126	53.2
Presidency „ „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26	17	65.4
Calcutta „ „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	3	33.3
Dacca „ „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	332	167	80.4
Chittagong „ „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	146	120	82.2
Rajshahi „ „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	324	276	85.2
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,074	809	76.3

No. 14.

Statement showing the attendance and expenditure of schools teaching Engineering and Surveying for the year 1918-19.

NAME OF INSTITUTION.	Number of institutions.	Number of pupils on the rolls on the 31st March 1919.	Average monthly roll number.	DIRECT EXPENDITURE.					Total.	AVERAGE ANNUAL COST OF EDUCATING A PUPIL.	
				From public funds.			From private funds.			Cost of public fund.	Total cost.
				Provincial revenues.	District funds.	Municipal funds.	Fees and fines.	Other sources.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1. ENGINEERING SCHOOL.											
<i>Government.</i>											
Dacca School of Engineering ...	1	275	292	47,717	...	...	7,444	3,596	58,757	163 6 7	201 3 7
2. SURVEYING SCHOOL.											
<i>Government.</i>											
Bengal Land Surveying School at Mainamati.	1	52	38	6,709	...	...	1,528	...	8,237	176 8 10	216 12 3
Total for the year ...	2	327	330	54,426	...	...	8,972	3,596	66,994	164 14 10	203 0 2

No. 15.

**Statement showing attendance and expenditure of the Institutions for Indian Pupils
teaching Art, Industry and Commerce for 1918-19.**

NAME OF INSTITUTION.	Number of institutions.	Number of pupils on the rolls on the 31st March 1919.	Average monthly number on the rolls.	EXPENDITURE FROM—					Total.	AVERAGE COST PER PUPIL.	
				Public funds.			Private funds.			Cost of public funds.	Total cost.
				Provincial revenues.	District funds.	Municipal funds.	Fees and fines.	Other sources.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1. ART.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta Government	1	246	244	28,232	...	...	4,548	...	32,780	115 11 3	134 5 6
Aided	1	84	72	1,800	...	500	1,368	6,471	10,139	31 15 1	140 13 11
Unaided	1	6	8	...	...	...	120	2,124	2,244	...	280 8 0
Presidency Aided	1	48	44	...	300	...	...	...	300	6 13 1	6 13 1
Total	4	384	368	30,032	300	500	6,036	8,595	45,463	63 12 6	123 8 8
Total for 1917-18	5	646	599	35,578	300	450	11,239	7,250	54,817	60 10 4	91 9 10
2. INDUSTRY.											
(a) Government.											
Burdwan Division	2	112	105	28,009	283	...	464	...	28,756	269 7 2	273 13 10
Dacca "	2	59	60	9,318	931	...	...	6,014	16,263	170 13 1	271 0 10
Rajshahi "	5	133	147	23,807	1,436	...	826	6,496	32,565	171 11 6	221 8 8
Chittagong "	1	10	10	1,269	1,000	...	...	...	2,269	226 14 5	226 14 5
Total	10	314	322	62,403	3,650	...	1,290	12,510	79,853	205 2 2	247 15 10
Total for 1917-18	10	327	322	60,772	3,837	...	1,666	16,941	83,216	200 10 4	258 6 11
(b) District Board.											
Burdwan Division	1	44	44	960	1,168	...	1,286	355	3,769	48 5 10	85 10 7
Presidency "	1	30	32	330	3,715	48	...	485	4,578	127 14 6	143 1 0
Dacca "	1	15	15	...	7,676	...	...	8,000	15,676	511 11 9	1,045 1 1
Chittagong "	1	69	70	1,500	7,793	...	...	1,055	9,848	125 9 10	140 10 11
Rajshahi "	2	218	211	3,990	12,884	87	3,438	2,797	23,196	80 6 2	109 14 11
Total	6	376	372	6,280	33,286	135	4,724	12,692	57,067	106 9 5	153 6 6
Total for 1917-18	6	393	369	1,520	23,354	135	5,067	16,297	46,373	67 12 4	125 10 3
(c) Aided.											
Burdwan Division "	7	196	190	2,833	...	...	812	3,842	7,487	14 14 4	39 6 6
Presidency "	6	256	241	4,940	...	...	5	43,251	48,196	20 8 0	199 15 9
Calcutta "	11	627	647	4,860	...	5,742	3,467	32,524	46,593	16 6 2	72 0 3
Dacca Division "	3	100	87	2,734	...	...	...	5,758	8,492	32 9 2	97 9 9
Rajshahi "	8	454	389	6,515	...	227	...	11,386	18,138	17 5 4	46 10 0
Chittagong "	2	68	54	440	...	...	...	1,000	1,440	8 2 4	26 10 8
Total	37	1,701	1,608	22,322	...	5,969	4,284	97,771	1,30,346	17 9 6	81 1 0
Total for 1917-18	32	1,412	1,350	21,173	...	2,656	2,230	72,422	98,301	17 10 5	72 13 0
(d) Unaided.											
Burdwan Division "	2	148	168	...	...	...	...	1,450	1,450	...	8 10 1
Presidency "	1	6	6	...	...	...	...	307	807	...	51 2 8
Calcutta "	1	96	94	...	...	...	...	2,503	2,500	...	26 9 6
Chittagong Division "	1	23	20	...	...	...	...	91	91	...	4 8 10
Rajshahi "	11	152	151	...	...	...	...	1,052	1,052	...	6 15 6
Total	16	425	439	...	...	...	...	5,400	5,400	...	12 4 10
Total for 1917-18	12	532	504	...	...	...	5,059	10,958	16,017	...	31 12 6
Grand total of Industrial Schools for 1918-19.	69	2,816	2,741	91,005	36,886	6,104	10,298	1,28,373	2,72,666	48 14 2	99 7 8
Grand total of Industrial Schools for 1917-18.	60	2,664	2,545	83,465	27,191	2,791	14,022	1,16,438	2,43,907	44 9 2	95 13 5
3. COMMERCE.											
(a) Government.											
Calcutta	1	160	192	19,845	...	...	4,475	...	24,320	103 5 9	126 9 0
(b) Unaided.											
Burdwan Division "	2	36	35	...	...	...	782	156	938	...	26 12 10
Calcutta "	5	487	404	...	...	...	11,609	2,092	13,701	...	33 14 7
Dacca Division "	4	236	222	...	...	...	4,255	...	4,255	...	19 2 10
Chittagong "	1	15	12	...	...	...	1,100	...	1,100	...	91 10 8
Grand total of Commerce Schools for 1918-19.	13	934	865	19,845	...	...	22,221	2,248	44,314	22 15 1	51 3 8
Grand total of Commerce Schools for 1917-18.	11	663	588	19,258	...	...	19,911	255	39,424	32 12 0	67 0 9

No. 16.

Statement showing the number of Girls attending different classes of schools for Indian pupils for the last five years.

CLASS OF SCHOOLS.	1914-15.			1915-16.			1916-17.			1917-18.			1918-19.		
	Hindus.	Muhammadians.	Others.	Hindus.	Muhammadians.	Others.	Hindus.	Muhammadians.	Others.	Hindus.	Muhammadians.	Others.	Hindus.	Muhammadians.	Others.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
High English	1,298	47	769	1,290	37	671	1,326	36	572	1,280	51	889	1,552	45	657
Middle English	1,247	38	436	1,925	139	552	1,819	138	740	1,658	277	550	2,251	269	606
.. Vernacular	1,989	131	459	1,910	122	566	2,322	67	616	2,466	155	613	1,538	101	622
Primary	126,007	93,112	5,799	134,610	119,627	5,038	140,117	129,341	5,317	144,406	138,747	5,163	142,771	148,853	5,243
Training	32	6	125	25	4	109	29	1	92	28	3	131	31	3	106
Other Special	530	15,045	327	464	1,038	399	519	1,795	375	552	1,902	497	316	1,755	37
Total	131,103	108,377	7,915	140,224	120,968	7,335	146,132	131,378	7,813	150,389	141,135	7,843	148,459	151,029	7,271
Private Institutions	1,333	9,126	127	1,612	8,941	10,963	1,894	9,099	102	2,473	10,561	166	3,121	10,068	483
GRAND TOTAL	132,936	117,503	8,042	141,836	129,909	18,298	148,026	140,477	7,915	152,862	151,696	8,009	151,580	161,097	7,754

No. 17.

Qualifications statement of teachers in European Schools, Government, aided, unaided during the year 1918-19.

A.—Boys' Schools.

CLASS OF SCHOOLS.	Number of Schools.	Number of teachers employed.	TEACHERS PASSING EXAMINATIONS OR BELONGING TO RELIGIOUS ORDERS.																											
			M. A.	B. A.	M. Sc.	B. Sc.	L. Sc.	B. T.	L. T.	F. A. or I. A.	Entrance.	Matriculation.	High School.	Middle School.	Higher Local.	Senior Local.	Junior Local.	Other examinations.	No examinations.	Sanawar Training class of examinations.	TRAINING EX MINATION OF						NUMBER OF RELIGIOUS ORDER.			
																					Dow Hill.	Simla.	Nainital.	Lucknow.	Madras.	Bombay.	Other places.	Roman Catholic.	Protestant.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	
HIGHER SECONDARY AND JUNIOR SECONDARY.																														
High School—																														
Government	...	1	12	2	3	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Aided	...	6	84	7	7	...	3	...	...	3	1	1	...	...	1	1	...	4	17	...	1	...	2	...	...	1	6	31	...
Unaided	...	3	33	...	1	...	...	...	...	2	1	1	1	...	...	1	1	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26	...
Total	...	10	127	9	11	...	3	...	...	6	2	2	1	...	1	2	1	6	25	...	2	...	2	...	...	1	6	57	...
HIGHER ELEMENTARY AND ELEMENTARY.																														
Middle School—																														
Government	
Aided	...	9	103	1	2	...	...	...	2	...	1	2	1	7	6	2	2	3	...	34	...	...	1	1	...	...	17	21	...
Unaided	
Total	...	9	13	1	2	...	...	...	2	...	1	2	1	7	6	2	2	3	...	34	...	...	1	1	...	...	17	21	...
INCOMPLETE ELEMENTARY.																														
Upper Primary—																														
Government	
Aided	...	6	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	2	...	...	2	2	1	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...
Unaided	
Total	...	6	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	2	...	...	2	2	1	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...
Lower Primary—																														
Government	
Aided	...	1	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Unaided	
Total	...	1	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
GRAND TOTAL	...	26	267	13	13	...	3	...	2	...	8	4	5	11	8	4	6	6	7	71	...	2	1	3	1	23	79	...

B.—Girls' Schools.

HIGHER SECONDARY AND SECONDARY.																													
High School—																													
Government ...	1	14	2							1	1		4					6											
Aided ...	11	186	2	11		2				4	1		13	1	9	12		17	40		6		1			1	21	45	
Unaided ...																													
Total ...	12	200	4	11		2				5	2		17	1	9	12		23	40		6		1			1	21	45	
HIGHER ELEMENTARY AND ELEMENTARY.																													
Middle School—																													
Government ...																													
Aided ...	13	132						1		5		2	9	8	2	5	5	7	23		5					1	8	41	
Unaided ...																													
Total ...	13	132						1		5		2	9	8	2	5	5	7	23		5					1	8	41	
INCOMPLETE ELEMENTARY.																													
Upper Primary—																													
Government ...																													
Aided ...	6	16								1			3	2		2		1	6									1	
Unaided ...																													
Total ...	6	16								1			3	2		2		1	6									1	
Lower Primary—																													
Government ...																													
Aided ...	5	11		1										1					6		1		1				1		
Unaided ...																													
Total ...	5	11		1										1					6		1		1				1		
GRAND TOTAL	36	350	4	12		2		1		11	2	2	29	12	11	19	5	31	85		12		2			1	1	30	87

No. 18.

European schools classified according to control.

CONTROL.	31ST MARCH 1918.			31ST MARCH 1919.		
	Number of schools of all kinds.	Number of scholars.	Percentage of the number of scholars.	Number of schools of all kinds.	Number of scholars.	Percentage of the number of scholars.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Government ...	5	315	3.14	4	301	3.01
Church of England ...	14	1,786	17.78	14	1,770	17.70
Church of Rome ...	37	5,377	53.52	36	5,315	53.15
Non-Conformist ...	4	645	6.42	4	668	6.63
Undenominational ...	19	1,646	16.39	21	1,675	16.75
Jewish ...	1	130	1.29	1	113	1.13
Armenian ...	1	147	1.46	1	163	1.63
Total ...	81	10,046	100.00	81	10,005	100.00

No. 19A.

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY SENIOR LOCAL EXAMINATION.																					
1917.											1918.										
1	Number of competing schools.	Number of candidates.	Number of absentees.	SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATES.					Percentage of passes.	Number of scholarships awarded.	Number of competing schools.	Number of candidates.	Number of absentees.	SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATES.					Percentage of passes.	Number of scholarships awarded.	
				First class honours.	Second class honours.	Third class honours.	Satisfied the examiners.	Total.						First class honours.	Second class honours.	Third class honours.	Satisfied the examiners.	Total.			
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21		
Candidates under 18 years of age.	Boys ...	6	36	...	2	3	9	15	29	80.55	4	6	74	..	1	3	7	50	61	82.43	4
	Girls ...	10	34	...	...	...	...	17	17	50.00	2	10	42	..	...	...	3	21	24	56.66	1
	Total ...	16	70	...	2	3	9	32	46	65.71	6	16	116	...	1	3	10	71	85	73.27	5
Candidates over 18 years of age.	Boys ...	6	21	...	...	...	...	15	15	62.5	...	6	24	...	...	...	...	16	16	66.67	...
	Girls ...	7	14	...	...	...	...	8	8	57.14	...	7	3	...	...	...	...	1	1	33.33	...
	Total ...	13	35	...	...	...	...	23	23	60.63	...	13	27	...	...	...	...	17	17	62.96	...
Both classes	...	29	105	...	2	3	9	55	69	63.89	6	24	143	...	1	3	10	88	102	71.33	5

17

No. 19B.

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY JUNIOR LOCAL EXAMINATION.																					
1917.											1918.										
Number of competing schools.	Number of candidates.	Number of absentees.	SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATES.					Percentage of passes.	Number of scholarships awarded.	Number of competing schools.	Number of candidates.	Number of absentees.	SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATES.					Percentage of passes.	Number of scholarships awarded.		
			First class honours.	Second class honours.	Third class honours.	Satisfied the examiners.	Total.						First class honours.	Second class honours.	Third class honours.	Satisfied the examiners.	Total.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	
Candidates under 16 years of age.	Boys	9	61	...	3	1	5	23	42	68'85	3	6	42	...	1	5	2	23	34	80'95	3
	Girls	10	47	...	...	4	...	30	34	72'34	1	8	44	...	...	...	2	32	34	77'27	1
Total	...	19	108	...	3	5	5	63	76	70'37	4	14	86	...	1	5	4	58	68	79'07	4
Candidates over 16 years of age.	Boys	7	36	...	...	...	...	23	28	77'78	...	6	42	...	...	...	...	31	31	73'81	...
	Girls	8	23	...	...	...	...	18	18	64'29	...	7	21	...	...	...	...	15	15	71'43	...
Total	...	15	64	...	...	...	...	46	46	71'87	...	13	63	...	...	...	...	46	46	73'01	...
Both classes	...	34	172	...	3	5	5	109	122	70'83	4	27	149	...	1	5	4	104	114	76'51	4

No. 20.

SUPPLEMENTARY CLASS FINAL EXAMINATION.																			
1917.										1918.									
1	Number of competing schools.	Number of candidates.	Number of absentees.	SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATES.				Percentage of passes.	Number of scholarships awarded.	Number of competing schools.	Number of candidates.	Number of absentees.	SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATES.				Percentage of passes.	Number of scholarships awarded.	
				First class honours.	Second honours.	Satisfied the examiners.	Total.						First class honours.	Second honours.	Satisfied the examiners.	Total.			
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19		
Candidates under 17 years of age.	Boys ...	3	4	1	...	...	2	3	56'00	2	2	3	...	...	...	2	2	66'67	2
	Girls ...	1	1	...	...	...	1	1	100'00	1	5	7	...	...	...	6	6	95'71	4
	Total ...	4	5	1	...	...	3	4	60'00	3	7	10	...	...	...	8	8	80'00	6
Candidates over 17 years of age.	Boys ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	100'00	...	
	Girls ...	6	10	...	...	1	6	7	70'00	...	4	9	...	...	7	7	77'78	...	
	Total ...	6	10	...	...	1	6	7	70'00	...	5	10	...	...	8	8	80'00	...	
Both Classes ...	10	15	1	...	1	9	10	66'67	3	12	20	...	...	...	16	16	80'00	6	

No. 21.

ELEMENTARY SCHOOL CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION.																			
1917.											1918.								
	Number of competing schools.	Number of candidates	Number of absentees.	Successful candidates.				Percentage of passes.	Number of scholarships awarded.	Number of competing schools.	Number of candidates.	Number of absentees.	Successful candidates.				Percentage of passes.	Number of scholarships awarded.	
				First class honours.	Second class honours.	Satisfied the examiners.	Total.						First class honours	Second class honours.	Satisfied the examiners.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
Candidates under 15 years of age.	Boys ..	7	24	1	...	...	13	13	54.17	7	8	37	1	...	...	26	26	70.27	8
	Girls ...	7	22	3	...	...	14	14	63.64	5	13	29	3	...	...	23	23	79.31	4
	Total ...	14	46	4	...	...	27	27	58.69	12	21	66	4	...	...	49	49	74.24	12
Candidates over 15 years of age.	Boys ...	7	72	3	...	1	37	38	52.28	...	8	76	1	...	...	53	58	76.31	...
	Girls ...	10	65	5	...	...	23	28	43.08	...	13	63	7	...	...	30	30	47.30	...
	Total ...	17	137	8	...	1	65	66	48.18	...	21	139	8	...	...	88	88	63.31	...
Both classes	...	31	183	12	...	1	92	93	58.19	12	42	205	12	...	...	137	137	66.83	12

No. 22.

Statement showing the progress of the several schemes for Zanana Education for 1918-19.

DIVISIONS.	ZANANA EDUCATION BY CENTRAL GATHERINGS.								HOUSE TO HOUSE VISITATION.							
	PUBLIC MANAGEMENT.				PRIVATE MANAGEMENT.				PUBLIC MANAGEMENT.				PRIVATE MANAGEMENT.			
			Expenditure.				Expenditure.				Expenditure.				Expenditure.	
	Teachers.	Pupils.	Public funds.	Private funds.	Teachers.	Pupils.	Public funds.	Private funds.	Teachers.	Pupils.	Public funds.	Private funds.	Teachers.	Pupils.	Public funds.	Private funds.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
1918-19.			Rs.	Rs.			Rs.	Rs.			Rs.	Rs.			Rs.	Rs.
Burdwan Division ...	...	...	...	...	1	38	342	...	...	...	...	...	6	99	1,955	...
Presidency ,, ...	...	...	...	...	5	54	1,800	840	...	...	...	...	15	250	4,762	...
Calcutta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	127	2,646	...
Dacca Division ...	...	...	...	...	18	481	9,457	615	...	...	...	...	5	70	292	292
Chittagong Division ...	...	...	...	...	3	107	2,596	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rajshahi ,, ...	...	...	...	...	4	122	3,464	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total for 1918-19	...	...	...	...	21	802	17,659	1,455	...	...	...	...	33	546	9,655	292
1917-18.																
Burdwan Division ...	1	53	360	...	...	...	...	...	6	109	2,228	...	...	...	...	...
Presidency ,, ...	1	21	378	...	4	43	840	1,440	14	257	5,103	...	2	27	...	360
Calcutta ...	1	43	378	...	...	...	...	...	6	103	2,257	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca Division ...	...	...	...	...	21	570	9,322	852	...	...	...	...	2	36	84	89
Chittagong Division ...	...	...	...	...	4	145	2,978	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rajshahi ,, ...	...	...	...	...	3	116	2,480	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total for 1917-18	3	117	1,116	...	32	874	15,620	2,292	26	469	9,588	...	4	63	84	449

No. 23.

Progress of Muhammadans as compared with Hindus.

Progress of Muhammadans as

CLASS OF INSTITUTIONS.	Number of Institutions for Indians.		Number of pupils on the rolls on the 31st March		NUMBER OF HINDU THE ROLLS ON 31st March 1918.	
	1917-18.	1918-19.	1918.	1919.	Boys.	Girls.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
UNIVERSITY EDUCATION.						
COLLEGES—GENERAL.						
Arts Colleges	34	36	20,479	23,780	17,836	103
COLLEGES—PROFESSIONAL.						
Law	9	9	3,054	3,148	2,820	...
Medicine	2	2	1,107	1,220	991	1
Engineering	1	1	353	386	282	...
Teaching	5	4	113	105	83	3
Veterinary	1	1	137	165	100	...
Total for Profession 1 Colleges ...	18	17	4,786	5,034	4,276	4
Total for Colleges ...	52	53	25,265	25,804	22,172	107
SCHOOL EDUCATION—GENERAL.						
SECONDARY SCHOOLS.						
High Schools for males	731	812	223,244	232,476	176,144	1
Middle English Schools for males	1,628	1,602	153,934	139,690	102,422	116
„ Vernacular Schools for males	314	294	18,587	17,872	10,590	87
Total ...	2,673	2,708	395,465	398,038	289,156	201
High Schools for females	14	13	2,339	2,356	98	1,279
Middle English Schools for females	20	24	2,400	3,123	45	1,542
„ Vernacular Schools for females	31	24	3,226	2,350	78	2,378
Total ...	65	61	7,965	7,831	221	5,199
Total of Secondary Schools ...	2,741	2,769	404,430	395,869	289,377	5,403
Primary Schools for Boys—						
Upper	3,174	3,138	156,932	148,914	98,744	4,192
Lower	30,900	31,133	1,025,678	993,469	426,739	33,784
Total ...	34,074	34,271	1,182,610	1,144,383	525,483	37,976
Primary Schools for Girls—						
Upper	241	220	14,133	13,206	280	11,968
Lower	9,779	10,416	211,598	225,638	1,031	94,460
Total ...	10,020	10,636	225,731	238,844	1,311	106,428
Total of Primary Schools ...	44,094	44,907	1,408,341	1,383,227	526,994	144,404
SCHOOL EDUCATION—SPECIAL.						
Training Schools—						
For Masters	125	123	2,527	2,485	1,270	...
„ Mistresses	9	9	159	139	...	28
Total of Training Schools ...	134	132	2,686	2,624	1,270	28
School of Art	5	4	646	334	579	39
Medicine Schools	6	7	1,003	1,177	916	3
Engineering and Surveying Schools	3	3	305	402	253	...
Technical and Industrial Schools	60	69	2,664	2,866	1,130	227
Commercial Schools	11	13	663	434	550	...
Agricultural Schools ... ..	...	1	...	4	...	...
Madrasahs	117	1,185	36,862	39,080	9,294	283
Miscellaneous Schools						
Total for Special Schools ...	1,336	1,414	44,829	47,411	13,992	580
Total of Colleges and Schools for Public Instruction	48,223	49,143	1,882,905	1,852,321	832,335	150,494
Private Institutions	2,584	2,478	72,322	89,209	15,012	2,473
GRAND TOTAL ...	50,807	51,621	1,955,227	1,941,530	867,347	152,967
					1,020,314	

23.

compared with Hindus.

PUPILS ON ON—		NUMBER OF MUHAMMADAN PUPILS ON THE ROLLS ON—				Percentage of Hindus to total pupils on 31st March		Percentage of Muham- madans to total pupils on 31st March	
31st March 1919.		31st March 1918.		31st March 1919.		19 8.		1918.	
Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	19 8.	1919.	1918.	1919.
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18,158	109	2,031	1	2,076	2	87.9	87.9	10.0	10.0
2,578	...	224	...	257	...	92.3	91.4	7.3	8.1
1,108	1	42	...	53	...	89.6	90.9	3.8	4.3
310	...	14	...	20	...	79.9	80.3	3.9	5.2
68	2	23	...	27	...	74.8	66.6	20.0	23.7
109	...	46	...	46	...	63.7	66.1	29.3	27.9
4,473	3	349	...	403	...	89.4	89.9	7.2	8.0
22,631	112	2,400	1	2,479	2	88.2	88.1	9.5	9.6
1,83,003	1	45,752	...	47,203	...	78.7	78.7	20.4	20.3
94,616	112	49,487	24	43,408	13	66.6	67.6	32.2	31.1
8,029	56	7,315	2	6,352	...	57.4	56.6	39.4	40.0
283,548	169	102,554	26	96,169	13	72.9	73.9	25.9	25.0
76	1,551	...	51	2	45	58.8	69.1	2.2	2.0
106	2,138	1	253	4	256	66.1	71.8	10.6	8.3
63	1,482	...	153	6	101	76.1	65.7	4.7	4.5
245	5,171	1	457	12	402	70.4	63.1	5.9	5.3
286,793	5,340	102,555	483	96,981	415	72.8	71.9	25.5	24.5
94,228	3,787	51,346	737	48,396	671	65.6	65.8	33.2	33.0
402,762	31,387	520,637	23,723	511,664	24,186	44.0	44.3	53.3	53.8
503,990	33,174	571,983	26,460	560,060	248,501	47.6	47.1	50.6	51.1
271	11,204	44	872	28	690	86.6	87.6	6.5	5.4
1,035	96,293	11,501	111,415	1,612	123,306	45.1	43.1	52.3	55.4
1,336	107,597	1,545	112,387	1,610	123,596	47.7	45.6	50.4	52.6
505,326	142,771	573,528	138,747	561,700	148,854	47.6	46.9	50.6	51.4
1,238	...	1,136	...	1,106	...	50.2	54.3	44.9	44.1
...	31	...	3	...	3	17.6	22.3	1.9	2.2
1,238	31	1,136	3	1,106	3	48.3	52.6	42.4	42.6
269	...	17	...	23	...	25.6	70.1	2.6	6.0
1,025	3	66	...	53	...	91.6	93.2	6.5	4.9
332	...	47	...	49	...	82.9	87.6	15.4	12.2
1,152	286	527	43	507	53	50.9	52.1	21.4	19.9
813	...	70	...	97	...	82.9	68.9	10.5	10.4
4	...	...	...	...	...	...	100.0	...	...
9,774	316	25,093	1,859	26,950	1,758	25.9	25.8	73.1	73.5
14,727	636	26,936	1,905	28,790	1,814	32.5	32.6	64.4	64.6
829,477	148,869	705,439	141,136	689,950	151,084	53.2	52.9	44.9	45.4
14,004	3,121	42,543	10,561	40,018	10,068	24.1	19.2	73.4	56.1
843,481	151,960	747,982	161,697	729,966	161,152	52.2	51.3	46.0	46.4
995,461		899,679		891,118					

No. 24.

Statement showing the Progress of Muhammadan pupils (as compared with Hindus and others) in different stages of instruction in the Secondary and Primary Schools for Indians at the end of the official year 1918-19.

CLASS OF SCHOOL.	HIGH STAGE.				MIDDLE STAGE.			
	Hindu.	Muhammadans.	Others.	Total.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Others.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
COLLEGE STAGE.								
Secondary Schools for boys	87,234	22,988	1,023	111,245	72,032	24,251	862	97,145
Ditto for girls	376	12	147	535	507	26	263	796
Total Secondary Schools for boys and girls.	87,610	23,000	1,170	111,780	72,539	24,277	1,125	97,941
Primary Schools for boys	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	2
Ditto for girls	...	...	...	...	36	15	1	52
Total Primary Schools for boys and girls.	...	...	...	...	38	15	1	54
GRAND TOTAL OF SECONDARY AND PRIMARY SCHOOLS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.	87,610	23,000	1,170	111,780	72,577	24,292	1,126	97,995

CLASS OF SCHOOLS.	PRIMARY STAGE.				Grand Total of pupils.	Percentage of Hindus pupils to the total pupils in the high stage.	Percentage of Muhammadan pupils to the total pupils in the high stage.	Percentage of Hindus pupils to the total pupils in the middle stage.	Percentage of Muhammadan pupils to the total pupils in the middle stage.	Percentage of Hindu pupils to the total pupils in the primary stage.	Percentage of Muhammadan pupils to the total pupils in the primary stage.
	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Others.	Total.							
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
COLLEGE STAGE.											
Secondary Schools for boys	127,460	12,735	2,453	179,648	388,038	78.4	20.6	74.9	25.0	70.9	27.8
Ditto for girls	4,525	388	1,587	6,500	7,831	70.5	2.2	63.6	3.3	72.2	6.0
Total Secondary Schools for boys and girls.	131,985	50,123	4,040	186,148	395,869	78.4	20.6	74.1	24.8	70.9	26.9
Primary Schools for boys	539,162	584,897	20,322	1,144,381	1,144,383	...	...	100.0	...	47.1	51.1
Ditto for girls	108,897	125,622	4,394	238,912	238,964	...	...	69.2	28.8	49.7	49.9
Total Primary Schools for boys and girls.	648,058	710,519	24,716	1,383,293	1,383,347	...	...	70.4	27.8	47.7	51.0
GRAND TOTAL OF SECONDARY AND PRIMARY SCHOOLS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.	780,043	760,642	28,756	1,569,441	1,779,216	78.4	20.6	74.1	24.7	49.7	48.5

No. 25.

Statement showing the success attained by Muhammadan candidates (as compared with Hindus) at the different University and Departmental Examinations in 1917-18 and 1918-19.

EXAMINATIONS.	Total number of examinees.		NUMBER OF PASSES.						PERCENTAGE OF HINDUS AND MUHAMMADANS PASSES TO THE TOTAL NUMBER OF PASSED CANDIDATES.			
			Total.		Hindus.		Muhammadans.		Hindus.		Muhammadans.	
	1917-18.	1918-19.	1917-18.	1918-19.	1917-18.	1918-19.	1917-18.	1918-19.	1917-18.	1918-19.	1917-18.	1918-19.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Ph. D.	3	2	2	2	2	1	...	...	100.0	50.0	...	...
M. A.	716	716	396	396	371	365	19	21	93.7	92.2	4.8	5.3
M. Sc.	183	184	96	96	95	96	...	...	99.0	100.0	...	...
B. L.	964	1,131	512	493	488	475	24	15	95.3	96.3	4.7	3.0
B. A.	3,308	3,085	1,598	1,475	1,417	1,306	136	130	88.7	89.5	8.5	8.8
B. Sc.	456	302	282	303	273	293	7	8	96.8	96.7	2.5	2.6
B. T.	85	61	57	48	43	38	9	5	75.4	79.2	15.8	10.4
B. E.	18	18	13	13	11	11	1	1	84.6	84.6	7.7	7.7
I. E.	33	33	29	29	26	26	1	1	89.7	89.7	3.4	3.4
I. A.	5,216	5,621	1	3,675	2,441	3,163	311	424	86.5	86.1	11.0	11.6
I. Sc.	1,368	1,504	837	1,056	791	993	33	44	94.5	94.0	3.9	4.2
L. T.	36	49	24	37	19	26	4	9	79.1	70.3	16.7	24.3
First M. B.	248	335	131	164	122	151	5	6	93.1	92.1	3.8	3.7
Second M. B.	228	236	93	122	89	114	1	1	96.7	93.4	1.1	0.8
Honours in Medicine	18	33	7	14	6	14	...	...	85.7	100.0	...	...
Doctors in Medicine	4	7	2	3	2	3	...	...	100.0	100.0	...	...
Matriculation { Boys ...	13,222	14,630	7,639	9,326	6,558	7,666	1,091	1,469	85.3	82.2	14.2	15.3
Matriculation { Girls ...	93	104	69	83	32	64	2	1	46.4	77.1	2.9	1.2
Middle School { Boys ...	36,721	35,715	28,258	27,255	21,303	21,024	6,028	6,036	75.4	77.1	21.3	22.1
Middle School { Girls ...	363	250	217	205	101	88	10	11	46.5	42.9	4.6	5.4
Upper Primary { Boys ...	56,675	52,695	45,304	41,732	32,445	29,866	12,422	11,530	71.6	71.6	27.4	27.6
Upper Primary { Girls ...	753	708	608	575	371	333	55	52	61.0	58.7	9.0	9.0
Lower Primary { Boys ...	103,339	1,00,849	80,994	74,274	50,098	45,470	30,110	27,795	61.9	61.2	37.2	37.4
Lower Primary { Girls ...	4,902	4,858	3,799	3,692	2,476	2,284	964	1,074	65.2	61.9	25.4	29.9
"B" classes	52	44	34	24	31	24	3	...	91.2	100.0	8.8	...
Overseer	58	55	46	43	41	34	3	3	89.1	79.1	6.5	7.0
Sub-overseer	99	124	51	60	46	56	3	4	90.2	93.3	5.9	6.6
Veterinary	50	51	31	33	19	23	7	8	61.3	69.6	32.6	24.2
Training Schools	1,715	1,694	1,205	1,219	559	535	566	565	46.4	43.9	47.0	46.3
Teachers' examination for those who are not student of a Training School.	46	60	23	29	18	23	5	6	78.3	79.3	21.7	20.7
School of Art	28	26	26	23	24	16	1	2	92.3	72.7	3.8	9.1
Examination in surveying	73	48	59	44	48	36	10	8	81.4	81.8	16.9	18.1
Industrial School	46	41	37	37	22	20	13	13	59.5	54.1	35.1	35.1

No. 26.

Statement showing the Progress of Maktab Education for 1918-19.

PARTICULARS.	RECOGNISED.						UNRECOGNISED.		
	Government.	District Funds.	Municipal Funds.	Aided.	Unaided.	Total.	Aided.	Unaided.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
BOYS' MAKTABS.									
1918-19.									
Institutions ...	12	2	...	6,066	951	7,031	...	1,281	1,281
Pupils { Boys ...	488	82	...	1,83,879	25,200	2,09,649	...	25,309	25,309
Girls ...	8	...	...	11,682	3,846	15,536	...	4,513	4,513
Provincial revenues Rs.	6,755	228	...	2,03,464	...	2,10,447	...	1,000	1,000
District funds ...	...	24	...	1,02,419	...	1,02,443	...	96	96
Municipal funds ...	...	...	...	16,144	...	16,144	...	...	...
Fees ...	202	116	...	2,45,762	24,626	2,70,706	...	3,112	3,112
Other sources ...	...	12	...	64,367	9,038	73,417	...	6,251	6,251
Total expenditure	6,957	380	...	6,32,156	33,664	6,73,157	...	10,459	10,459
1917-18.									
Institutions ...	12	2	...	5,137	994	6,145	15	1,241	1,256
Pupils { Boys ...	47	98	...	1,60,635	27,765	1,88,935	321	24,815	25,136
Girls ...	6	...	...	11,052	2,518	13,576	...	4,245	4,245
Provincial revenues Rs.	6,285	225	...	1,11,007	...	1,17,517	120	1,864	1,984
District funds ...	...	5	...	1,05,976	...	1,05,981	213	110	323
Municipal funds ...	...	...	...	16,311	...	16,311	...	...	...
Fees ...	184	84	...	2,26,327	29,833	2,56,428	...	11,862	11,862
Other sources ...	...	276	...	54,978	8,266	63,520	...	4,054	4,054
Total expenditure	6,469	590	...	5,14,599	38,099	5,59,757	333	17,890	18,223
GIRLS' MAKTABS.									
1918-19.									
Institutions ...	...	...	...	1,980	566	2,546	...	262	262
Pupils { Boys ...	...	...	...	842	507	1,349	...	501	501
Girls ...	...	...	...	40,655	8,963	49,618	...	3,569	3,569
Provincial revenues Rs.	...	...	...	40,481	...	40,481	...	...	...
District funds ...	...	...	...	39,991	...	39,991	...	...	...
Municipal funds ...	...	...	...	5,140	...	5,140	...	...	...
Fees ...	...	...	...	7,824	1,152	8,976	...	791	791
Other sources ...	...	...	...	7,694	2,375	10,069	...	2,065	2,065
Total expenditure	...	...	...	1,01,130	3,527	1,04,657	...	2,856	2,856
1917-18.									
Institutions ...	...	...	...	1,450	343	1,793	...	308	308
Pupils { Boys ...	...	...	...	731	66	797	...	338	338
Girls ...	...	...	...	31,363	5,869	37,232	...	4,008	4,008
Provincial revenues Rs.	...	...	...	18,098	...	18,098	...	46	46
District funds ...	...	...	...	32,594	...	32,594	...	...	...
Municipal funds ...	...	...	...	5,150	...	5,150	...	...	...
Fees ...	...	...	...	7,032	1,266	8,298	...	2,167	2,167
Other sources ...	...	...	...	7,879	1,632	9,511	...	1,024	1,024
Total expenditure	...	...	...	70,753	2,898	73,651	...	3,237	3,237

No. 27.

Statement showing the statistics of Madrassas for 1918-19.

	Government.	Aided.	Unaided.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5
Number of institutions ...	5	208	60	273
Pupils ...	2,347	15,793	4,672	22,812
Expenditure from Provincial revenues. ... Rs.	86,197	90,970	...	1,77,167
Expenditure from District funds ... "	...	13,923	...	13,923
Expenditure from Municipal funds ... "	...	1,625	...	1,625
Fees ... "	9,451	91,181	19,705	1,20,337
Endowments ... "	...	936	1,680	2,616
Subscriptions and other sources ... "	...	98,082	27,040	1,25,122
Total Expenditure ...	95,648	2,96,717	48,425	4,40,790

Education—Summary of the Divisional Subsidiary Tables VIII.

Statement showing the state of Education in the Presidency of Bengal and the expenditure incurred on it during the year 1918-19.

CLASS OF SCHOOLS FOR BOTH BOYS AND GIRLS AND OTHER HEADS OF CHARGE.	Number of schools for boys and girls on the 31st March 1919.	Number of pupils on the rolls on the 31st March 1919.		EXPENDITURE FROM—						Cost per head of pupil.	Number of Muhammadan pupils in each class of schools.		REMARKS.
				Provincial revenues.	District Boards' funds.	Municipal funds.	Fees.	Other sources.	Total.		Males.	Females.	
1	2	3a	3b	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11a	11b	12
High—				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Government	49	16,246	883	3,45,640	...	1,702	3,90,459	3,346	7,41,147	46'2	4,342	22	
Aided	280	75,392	1,371	3,36,897	4,493	12,833	16,03,456	2,07,141	21,70,660	28'9	14,910	13	
Unaided	436	140,940	...	...	740	...	28,15,565	3,79,993	31,96,298	23'5	27,959	...	
Total	825	232,578	2,254	6,82,327	5,233	15,585	45,14,480	5,90,480	61,08,105	26'9	47,211	35	
Middle English—													
Government	55	4,978	365	27,796	24,474	3,107	42,489	2,503	1,00,369	19'2	1,533	9	
Aided	923	80,621	2,723	1,42,690	1,67,743	15,343	7,63,391	2,90,342	13,74,509	16'5	15,560	313	
Unaided	643	54,091	37	...	...	88	4,27,906	2,03,425	6,31,419	12'1	18,235	3	
Total	1,626	139,690	3,125	1,70,486	1,82,217	18,538	12,38,786	4,93,270	20,06,297	14'2	36,328	325	
Middle Vernacular—													
Government	45	2,273	207	6,988	24,139	778	11,202	1,118	44,225	17'4	426	11	
Aided	243	12,198	2,051	53,686	13,983	2,226	57,544	53,689	1,81,127	12'7	3,900	30	
Unaided	25	1,490	3	...	...	...	6,555	6,596	13,151	9'1	235	...	
Total	318	15,961	2,261	60,674	38,121	3,004	75,301	61,403	2,38,503	13'1	4,581	41	
Upper Primary—													
Government	293	10,869	1,461	1,01,014	6,763	1,022	18,355	1,242	128,396	10'4	2,919	111	
Aided	2,985	130,268	15,318	2,43,411	1,53,344	20,923	3,08,698	1,19,964	846,340	5'9	44,645	1,243	
Unaided	80	3,646	558	...	...	...	7,938	9,255	17,193	4'2	848	7	
Total	3,358	144,783	17,337	3,44,425	1,60,107	21,945	3,34,991	1,30,461	9,91,929	6'2	48,412	1,361	
Lower Primary—													
Government	2,772	107,939	4,790	3,05,722	49,997	1,351	1,41,279	12,460	5,10,809	4'7	71,645	2,317	
Aided	33,251	738,459	230,865	9,68,092	5,41,571	76,806	11,83,966	2,76,565	30,46,000	5'1	328,813	117,723	
Unaided	5,526	95,199	43,875	...	...	...	1,25,430	41,768	1,67,198	1'3	52,819	27,452	
Total	41,549	9,41,597	279,530	12,73,814	5,91,568	78,157	14,50,675	3,39,793	37,24,007	3'2	453,277	147,492	
Special—													
Training	132	2,464	140	3,34,074	...	400	13,115	33,566	2,81,155	146'3	1,106	3	
Industrial	69	2,012	804	91,005	36,886	6,104	10,298	1,28,373	2,72,666	96'8	507	53	
Other	1,213	39,945	2,136	4,57,923	36,060	14,038	2,36,251	2,86,752	10,31,024	24'5	27,177	1,758	
Total	1,414	44,321	3,080	8,83,002	72,946	20,542	2,59,661	4,48,691	16,84,845	34'2	28,790	1,814	
Total for Public Institutions.	49,090	1,518,930	307,587	34,14,728	10,50,192	1,57,771	81,73,897	20,57,098	1,48,53,686	8'1	618,599	161,058	
Private Institutions ...	2,478	55,537	13,672	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40,016	10,068	
Inspections ... ..	...	...	...	7,16,434	52,542	1,308	...	393	7,70,677	...	...	...
Miscellaneous charges (including cost of buildings, scholarships, etc.).	...	...	...	5,60,829	1,87,751	21,752	44,097	8,17,724	16,32,153	...	...	...
GRAND TOTAL FOR 1918-19	51,568	1,574,467	321,259	46,91,991	12,90,485	1,80,831	82,17,994	28,75,215	1,72,56,516	9'1	653,615	161,126	
GRAND TOTAL FOR 1917-18	50,755	1,617,395	312,567	44,66,307	12,14,657	1,66,986	80,28,354	25,44,039	1,64,20,393	9'3	745,632	161,696	

BURDWAN DIVISION.

Subsidiary Table VIII—continued.

Statement showing the state of Education and the Expenditure incurred on it during the year 1918-19.

Male population ... 4,261,928
Female " ... 4,205,389

Total ... 8,467,317

Number of boys of school-going age (at 15 per cent. of the male population under the Census of 1911, is 6,39,289.

CLASSES OF SCHOOLS FOR BOTH BOYS AND GIRLS AND OTHER HEADS OF CHARGE.	Number of schools for boys and girls on the 31st March 1919.	Number of pupils on the rolls on the 31st March 1919.		EXPENDITURE FROM—						Cost per head of pupil.	Number of Muhammadan pupils in each class of schools.		REMARKS.
		Boys.	Girls.	Provin- cial revenue.	District Board funds.	Muni- cipal funds.	Fees.	Other sources.	Total.		Boys.	Girls.	
1	2	3	3a	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	11a	12
High—				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Government ...	8	3,054	...	44,207	...	1,002	64,863	1,000	1,11,072	39'2	322	...	
Aided ...	79	18,472	1	74,420	1,746	4,344	3,47,152	48,543	4,76,205	26'1	903	...	
Unaided ...	65	17,417	...	...	...	...	2,92,616	75,423	3,68,039	22'4	887	...	
Total ...	152	38,943	1	1,18,627	1,746	5,346	7,04,631	1,24,966	9,55,316	25'7	2,112	...	
Middle English—													
Government ...	27	2,305	93	1,432	13,425	1,907	16,579	811	34,154	14'4	226	...	
Aided ...	243	18,876	231	22,841	39,535	3,000	1,58,467	62,520	2,36,363	14'9	1,500	9	
Unaided ...	68	5,301	12	...	...	...	33,056	34,695	67,751	12'8	377	...	
Total ...	338	26,482	336	24,273	52,960	4,907	2,08,102	98,526	3,88,268	14'4	2,103	9	
Middle Vernacular—													
Government ...	5	249	1	...	1,775	...	1,291	202	3,268	11'4	24	...	
Aided ...	59	3,063	313	7,490	5,235	48	14,173	17,911	44,857	13'2	175	...	
Unaided ...	6	334	3	...	...	...	1,803	1,840	3,643	10'3	1	...	
Total ...	70	3,646	317	7,490	7,010	48	17,267	19,953	51,768	12'8	200	9	
Total Middle ...	408	30,123	653	31,763	59,970	4,955	2,25,369	1,17,979	4,40,036	14'2	2,303	...	
Upper Primary—													
Government ...	126	4,733	560	35,911	2,309	798	8,544	853	44,413	8'9	343	9	
Aided ...	980	41,195	5,112	71,613	54,782	6,538	98,400	24,572	2,55,905	5'8	3,178	176	
Unaided ...	37	1,722	245	...	...	...	3,939	5,867	9,806	5'06	95	...	
Total ...	1,143	47,650	5,917	1,07,524	57,091	7,334	1,10,883	31,292	3,14,124	5'8	3,616	185	
Lower Primary—													
Government ...	63	1,871	308	11,719	178	...	2,742	272	14,911	6'8	293	16	
Aided ...	7,249	1,66,040	33,751	1,92,300	1,12,052	15,068	3,13,203	75,638	7,08,261	3'6	27,344	6,030	
Unaided ...	1,109	21,233	4,982	...	...	...	39,256	9,324	48,580	2'0	4,373	1,235	
Total ...	8,421	189,144	39,041	2,04,019	1,12,230	15,068	3,55,201	85,234	7,71,752	3'4	32,010	7,281	
Total Primary ...	9,564	236,794	44,958	3,11,543	1,69,321	22,402	4,66,084	1,16,526	10,85,376	3'9	35,626	7,466	
Special—													
Training ...	34	600	...	70,149	...	...	2,138	...	72,287	124'8	98	...	
Industrial ...	12	424	76	31,802	1,451	...	2,562	5,647	41,462	82'9	35	...	
Other ...	251	3,509	9	27,724	2,367	3,021	6,579	44,400	84,091	24'06	1,069	9	
Total ...	297	4,533	85	1,29,675	3,818	3,021	11,279	50,047	1,97,840	45'8	1,202	9	
Total for Public In- stitutions.	10,421	310,398	45,697	5,91,608	2,34,855	35,724	14,07,363	4,09,518	6,67,068	7'6	41,243	7,484	
Private Institutions ...	175	4,528	400	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	668	94	
Inspection ...	...	...	...	1,96,793	15,150	557	...	...	2,12,500	...	...	...
Miscellaneous charges (including cost of buildings, scholar- ships, etc.)	...	...	...	74,610	34,975	4,708	435	1,16,911	2,31,639	...	...	...
GRAND TOTAL FOR 1918-19.	10,596	314,926	46,097	8,63,011	2,84,980	40,939	14,07,798	5,26,429	81,23,207	8'7	41,911	7,518	
GRAND TOTAL FOR 1917-18.	10,952	331,037	48,036	7,96,533	2,80,180	38,247	13,99,276	4,81,026	29,95,262	8'2	44,635	7,727	

PRESIDENCY DIVISION.

Subsidiary Table VIII—continued.

Statement showing the state of Education and the Expenditure incurred on it during the year 1918-19.

Male population	...	4,407,243
Female	...	4,142,011
Total	...	8,549,254

Number of boys of school-going age (at 15 per cent. of the male population under the Census of 1911) is 661,086 boys and 621,301 girls.

CLASS OF SCHOOLS FOR BOTH BOYS AND GIRLS AND OTHER HEADS OF CHARGE.	Number of schools for boys and girls on the 31st March 1919.	Number of pupils on the rolls of the 31st March 1919.		EXPENDITURE FROM—						Cost per head of pupil.	Number of Muhammadan pupils in each class of schools.		REMARKS.
		Boys.	Girls.	Provincial revenues.	District Board funds.	Municipal funds.	Fees.	Other sources.	Total.		Boys.	Girls.	
1	2	3(a)	3(b)	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11(a)	11(b)	12
High—				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Government ...	8	2,405	...	58,808	...	...	40,292	450	99,550	43'05	573	...	
Aided ...	79	19,365	52	69,807	...	5,464	3,64,582	33,011	4,72,864	25'3	2,897	...	
Unaided ...	81	17,741	...	...	740	...	3,04,284	68,010	3,73,034	21'0	2,431	...	
Total ...	168	39,511	52	1,28,615	740	5,464	7,09,158	1,01,471	9,45,448	24'6	5,901	...	
Middle English—													
Government ...	1	57	...	...	748	...	625	27	1,400	21'5	1	...	
Aided ...	211	17,793	133	24,307	36,128	1,832	1,34,970	71,588	2,68,825	14'5	3,808	...	
Unaided ...	68	5,422	12	...	...	88	30,827	29,869	60,784	11'6	1,555	...	
Total ...	280	23,272	145	24,307	36,876	1,920	1,66,422	1,01,484	3,31,009	13'9	5,364	...	
Middle Vernacular—													
Government ...	4	174	12	...	1,858	...	569	...	2,427	12'1	81	...	
Aided ...	60	3,042	502	8,988	4,044	636	12,647	21,907	48,222	13'5	793	25	
Unaided ...	3	176	...	...	...	...	573	969	1,542	9'4	51	...	
Total ...	67	3,392	514	8,988	5,902	636	13,789	22,876	52,191	13'3	925	25	
Upper Primary—													
Government ...	94	3,531	419	32,811	1,612	...	5,803	365	40,591	10'3	1,241	15	
Aided ...	606	27,205	3,553	45,198	25,006	5,408	61,783	33,667	1,71,061	5'6	9,868	316	
Unaided ...	22	1,151	91	...	...	...	2,485	1,512	3,997	3'4	278	...	
Total ...	722	31,887	4,013	78,009	26,618	5,408	70,070	35,544	2,15,649	6'03	11,387	331	
Lower Primary—													
Government ...	95	2,903	722	15,239	1,053	421	4,513	730	21,956	6'3	1,412	365	
Aided ...	5,682	1,46,248	40,177	1,52,941	1,07,620	24,817	2,17,325	62,010	5,65,713	3'1	68,615	14,505	
Unaided ...	871	18,368	6,265	...	...	...	24,350	8,962	33,312	1'5	9,488	2,108	
Total ...	6,648	1,67,519	47,164	1,69,180	1,08,673	25,238	2,46,188	71,702	6,20,981	3'01	79,515	17,578	
Special—													
Training ...	42	613	21	68,351	...	...	2,976	11,458	82,785	129'6	316	...	
Industrial ...	8	146	146	5,270	3,715	48	6	44,043	53,081	190'2	13	6	
Other ...	206	4,291	117	31,668	4,272	2,039	5,770	28,839	72,588	17'9	2,245	3	
Total ...	256	5,050	284	1,05,289	7,987	2,087	8,751	84,340	2,08,454	44'5	2,574	9	
Total for Public Institutions.	8,141	2,70,631	52,222	5,14,388	1,86,796	40,763	12,14,378	4,17,417	23,73,732	7'6	1,05,666	17,943	
Private Institutions ...	17	768	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	194	8	
Inspections ...	...	...	...	1,42,621	12,889	...	...	6	1,55,516	...	...	...
Miscellaneous charges (including cost of buildings, scholarships, etc.).	...	...	...	98,178	21,049	3,958	3,317	1,07,659	2,34,161	...	...	...
GRAND TOTAL FOR 1918-19.	8,158	2,71,399	52,240	7,55,187	2,20,734	44,711	12,17,695	5,25,082	27,63,409	...	1,05,860	17,951	
GRAND TOTAL FOR 1917-18.	8,093	2,79,749	51,874	7,01,310	2,16,322	41,448	11,94,693	4,51,748	26,05,521	...	...	...

CALCUTTA.

Subsidiary Table VIII—continued.

Statement showing the state of Education and the Expenditure incurred on it during the year 1918-19.

Male population	...	607,874
Female "	...	288,393
Total	...	896,267

Number of boys of school-going age (at 15 per cent. of the male population under the Census of 1911) is 91,161.

CLASS OF SCHOOLS FOR BOTH BOYS AND GIRLS AND OTHER HEADS OF CHARGE.	Number of schools for boys and girls on the 31st March 1919.	Number of pupils on the rolls on the 31st March 1919.		EXPENDITURE FROM—					Cost per head of pupils.	Number of Muhammadan pupils in each class of schools.		REMARKS.
		Boys.	Girls.	Provincial revenue.	Municipal funds.	Fees.	Other sources.	Total.		Boys.	Girls.	
1	2	3a	3b	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
High—				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Government	6	2,056	165	49,133	...	85,777	...	1,34,910	60·7	714	...	
Aided	17	3,709	1,281	61,840	3,305	1,41,902	62,670	2,69,717	55·05	296	13	
Unaided	43	22,111	...	...	...	6,00,121	61,528	6,61,649	31·0	1,102	...	
Total	66	27,876	1,446	1,10,973	3,305	8,27,800	1,24,198	10,66,276	36·5	2,112	13	
Middle English—												
Government	3	435	...	10,845	...	2,592	...	13,437	31·3	355	...	
Aided	24	2,129	1,464	29,136	6,271	33,194	21,289	89,890	25·8	188	202	
Unaided ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	27	2,564	1,464	39,981	6,271	35,786	21,289	1,03,327	26·3	543	202	
Middle Vernacular—												
Government ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Aided	7	92	823	6,595	1,076	3,947	5,843	17,461	15·0	2	1	
Unaided	1	49	...	...	...	...	600	600	10·3	...	...
Total	8	141	823	6,595	1,076	3,947	6,443	18,061	16·8	2	1	
Upper Primary—												
Government	1	13	81	2,236	...	...	...	2,236	24·3	...	...
Aided	53	2,166	2,922	17,845	3,785	22,213	21,331	64,674	13·2	220	31	
Unaided ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	54	2,169	3,003	19,581	3,785	22,213	21,331	66,910	13·4	220	31	
Lower Primary—												
Government	1	31	...	719	...	24	...	743	29·7	31	...	
Aided	396	14,232	3,675	32,220	15,616	50,976	15,010	1,13,822	6·3	6,896	1,946	
Unaided	39	916	115	...	...	3,000	1,141	4,141	4·4	624	108	
Total	436	15,179	3,790	32,939	15,616	54,000	16,151	1,18,706	6·3	7,551	2,054	
Special—												
Training	9	108	76	43,175	400	4,440	7,170	55,185	334·5	16	...	
Industrial	12	563	160	4,860	5,742	3,467	35,024	49,093	66·2	235	31	
Other	86	4,447	230	182,009	4,896	71,475	82,799	311,179	72·9	1,146	...	
Total	107	5,116	466	230,044	11,038	79,382	1,24,993	4,45,457	79·7	1,397	31	
Total for Public Institutions	698	53,045	10,992	4,40,113	41,091	10,23,128	3,14,405	18,18,737	28·4	11,875	2,332	
Private Institutions	99	5,909	2,639	...	...	...	...	...	...	952	95	
Inspections ... ..	...	...	...	22,848	...	...	...	22,848	...	...	...
Miscellaneous charges (including cost of buildings, scholarships, etc.).	...	...	...	47,076	4,922	36,292	74,371	1,62,661	...	...	...
GRAND TOTAL FOR 1918-19...	797	58,954	13,631	5,10,037	46,013	10,59,420	3,88,776	20,04,246	...	12,777	2,427	
GRAND TOTAL FOR 1917-18...	734	57,259	12,827	4,83,819	40,000	9,73,347	3,74,155	18,71,321	...	11,510	2,258	

DACCA DIVISION.

Subsidiary Table VIII—continued.

Statement showing the state of Education and the Expenditure Incurred on it during the year 1918-19.

Male population	6,137,087
Female	5,900,562
Total	12,037,649

Number of boys of school-going age (at 15 per cent. of the male population under the Census of 1911) is 920,563.

CLASS OF SCHOOLS FOR BOTH BOYS AND GIRLS AND OTHER HEADS OF CHARGE.	Number of schools for boys and girls on the 31st March 1919.	Number of pupils on the rolls on the 31st March 1919.		EXPENDITURE FROM—						Cost per head of pupil.	Number of Muhammadan pupils in each class of schools		REMARKS.
		Boys.	Girls.	Provin- cial revenue.	District Boards' funds.	Municipal Funds.	Fees.	Other sources.	Total.		Boys.	Girls.	
1	2	3a	3b	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
High—				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.			
Government ...	12	3,843	583	97,180	...	...	94,287	21	1,91,488	43 4 2	1,238	24	
Aided	44	16,039	...	52,656	...	...	3,87,208	28,890	4,60,754	28 11 7	4,198	...	
Unaided	163	59,913	...	...	...	...	9,88,056	85,052	10,73,108	21 1 2	11,600	...	
Total	219	70,795	583	1,49,836	...	...	14,69,551	1,05,963	17,25,350	24 2 9	17,036	24	
Middle English—													
Government ...	2	300	...	349	...	148	2,147	...	2,644	8 13 0	39	...	
Aided	160	14,981	518	34,759	25,137	540	1,88,280	41,516	2,70,232	17 6 11	6,115	12	
Unaided	259	22,314	3	...	...	...	2,04,689	62,210	2,66,899	11 15 4	7,123	3	
Total	421	27,595	521	35,108	25,137	688	3,75,116	1,03,726	5,39,775	14 2 7	13,277	15	
Middle Vernacular—													
Government ...	11	460	194	4,749	6,112	778	2,591	280	14,510	22 2 5	321	11	
Aided	78	3,528	92	16,140	2,611	96	15,136	1,847	35,930	9 14 9	1,676	2	
Unaided	2	64	...	...	...	...	347	426	673	10 8 3	3	...	
Total	91	4,052	286	20,889	8,723	874	18,074	2,553	51,113	11 12 6	2,000	13	
Upper Primary—													
Government ...	35	1,346	253	13,295	799	226	2,308	20	16,648	10 6 7	556	37	
Aided	531	24,591	1,515	40,743	26,904	2,575	45,622	13,071	1,28,915	4 15 0	11,798	245	
Unaided	8	297	158	...	...	...	612	1,197	1,809	3 15 7	144	2	
Total	574	26,234	1,926	54,038	27,703	2,801	48,542	14,288	1,47,372	5 3 8	12,498	284	
Lower Primary—													
Government ...	1,068	45,325	1,150	1,14,559	17,337	...	50,233	5,246	1,87,375	4 0 6	31,156	518	
Aided	8,831	180,768	74,235	2,16,408	1,32,194	9,005	2,71,977	55,961	6,86,945	2 11 0	123,010	42,153	
Unaided	1,790	29,249	15,227	...	...	...	33,103	11,227	44,330	0 15 2	19,672	10,154	
Total	11,689	255,342	90,612	3,30,967	1,49,531	9,005	3,55,313	72,434	9,17,250	2 10 5	173,838	53,125	
Special—													
Training	18	452	31	63,499	...	...	1,786	32	70,317	14 9 1	268	3	
Industrial	6	120	54	12,052	8,607	...	...	19,772	40,431	239 14 6	18	6	
Other	210	9,476	26	1,29,235	7,153	958	82,269	44,393	2,64,038	27 12 7	6,632	7	
Total	234	10,048	111	2,09,786	15,790	958	84,055	64,197	3,74,786	37 0 4	6,918	16	
Total Public Institu- tions.	13,228	404,066	94,039	8,00,624	2,26,884	14,326	23,50,651	3,63,161	37,55,646	7 8 8	225,567	53,477	
Private Institutions ...	1,021	20,293	4,259	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16,285	3,869	
Inspections ... ..	...	...	...	1,66,658	11,834	...	...	7	1,78,499	...	...	...
Miscellaneous charges (including cost of buildings, scholarship, etc.)	...	...	...	1,61,199	57,544	2,320	1,581	3,72,083	5,94,727	...	...	...
GRAND TOTAL FOR 1918-19.	14,249	424,359	93,298	11,28,481	2,96,262	16,646	23,52,232	7,35,251	45,28,872	...	241,852	57,364	...
GRAND TOTAL FOR 1917-18.	14,117	433,292	97,207	10,66,723	2,46,356	15,526	22,49,093	5,78,903	41,56,601	...	248,380	55,116	...

CHITTAGONG DIVISION.

Subsidiary Table VIII—continued.

Statement showing the state of Education and the Expenditure incurred on it during the year 1918-19.

Male population ...	2,719,796
Female	2,718,868
Total	5,438,664

Number of boys of school-going age (at 15 per cent. of the male population under the Census of 1911) is 407,969.

Class of schools for both boys and girls and other heads of charge.	Number of schools for boys and girls on the 31st March 1919.	Number of pupils on the rolls on the 31st March 1919.		EXPENDITURE FROM—						Cost per head of pupil.	Number of Muhammadan pupils in each class of schools.		REMARKS.
		Boys.	Girls.	Provincial Revenues.	District Boards' Funds.	Municipal Funds.	Fees.	Other sources.	Total.		Male.	Female.	
1	2	3a	3b	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11a	11b	12
High—				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Government	7	1,977	135	48,957	...	700	39,475	893	90,025	42'6	639	8	...
Aided	28	8,946	...	35,092	1,395	...	1,85,568	13,712	2,35,767	26'3	3,353	...	...
Unaided	82	19,025	...	...	...	...	3,50,768	35,365	3,86,133	20'2	6,236	...	...
Total	117	29,948	135	84,049	1,395	700	5,75,811	40,970	7,11,925	23'6	10,228	8	...
Middle English—													
Government	11	761	272	14,520	6,330	...	7,589	162	28,601	27'6	375	9	...
Aided	109	12,067	...	13,453	32,617	40	1,08,145	24,004	1,68,259	13'9	4,949	...	...
Unaided	135	12,437	...	...	...	...	86,919	28,965	1,15,884	9'3	4,469	...	...
Total	255	25,265	272	27,973	28,947	40	2,02,653	53,131	3,12,744	12'2	9,793		...
Middle Vernacular—													
Government	1	46	...	2,239	...	...	2	4	2,245	48'8	...	...	...
Aided	30	1,876	37	9,719	501	...	6,996	712	17,928	9'3	1,194	2	...
Unaided	3	236	...	...	...	...	669	254	923	3'9	200	...	...
Total	34	2,158	37	11,958	501	...	7,667	970	21,096	9'6	1,394	2	...
Upper Primary—													
Government	8	253	95	4,836	178	...	164	4	5,182	14'8	126	...	...
Aided	272	13,627	781	27,397	9,506	1,242	30,051	3,544	71,739	4'9	6,740	63	...
Unaided	2	66	...	...	...	...	17	...	17	2	12	...	...
Total	282	13,946	876	32,233	9,683	1,242	30,232	3,548	76,938	5'1	6,878	63	...
Lower Primary—													
Government	504	22,998	1,158	55,705	5,550	...	27,016	973	89,244	3'8	15,647	597	...
Aided	4,852	111,268	40,389	1,71,093	63,216	4,058	1,41,797	13,032	3,93,196	2'5	80,595	23,202	...
Unaided	614	9,620	7,881	...	...	...	19,535	1,374	11,909	6'6	7,579	5,702	...
Total	5,970	143,886	49,428	2,26,798	68,766	4,058	1,79,348	15,379	4,94,349	2'5	103,821	29,501	...
Special—													
Training	11	262	...	31,202	...	...	503	1,572	33,277	127'0	149	...	...
Industrial	5	160	10	2,709	8,793	...	...	2,146	13,648	80'2	51	...	...
Other	157	9,925	20	8,709	10,601	720	51,155	41,377	1,65,731	15'9	8,407	6	...
Total	173	10,347	30	98,789	19,394	720	51,658	45,095	2,12,656	19'7	8,607	6	...
Total for Public Institutions.	6,831	225,250	50,778	4,78,800	1,28,686	6,760	10,47,369	1,68,093	18,29,708	6'5	140,721	29,589	...
Private Institutions ...	975	20,823	4,605	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19,118	4,488	...
Inspections ... ..	...	...	...	92,269	9,993	511	...	...	1,02,773	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous charges (including cost of buildings, scholarships, etc.)	...	...	...	66,368	31,340	1,971	899	66,137	1,68,715	...	...	...	...
GRAND TOTAL FOR 1918-19.	7,806	246,373	55,383	637,437	1,70,019	9,242	10,48,268	2,34,230	20,99,196	6'9	159,839	34,077	60'4
GRAND TOTAL FOR 1917-18.	7,275	248,164	50,152	568,111	1,61,722	8,744	10,65,394	208,350	20,12,321	6'7	159,783	29,333	60'8

RAJSHAHI DIVISION.

Subsidiary Table VIII—concluded.

Statement showing the state of Education and the expenditure incurred on it during the year 1918-19.

Male population	...	...	5,256,785
Female "	...	...	4,881,517
Total	...	...	10,138,302

Number of boys of school-going age (at 15 per cent. of the male population under the Census of 1911) is 787,538.

CLASS OF SCHOOLS FOR BOTH BOYS AND GIRLS AND OTHER HEADS OF CHARGE.	Number of schools for boys and girls on the 31st March 1919.	Number of pupils on the rolls 31st March 1919.		EXPENDITURE FROM—						Cost per head of pupil.	Number of Muhammadan pupils in each class of schools.		REMARKS.
				Provincial revenues.	District Boards' funds.	Municipal funds.	Fees.	Other sources.	Total.		Boys.	Girls.	
		Boys.	Girls.										
1	2	3(a)	3(b)	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11(a)	11(b)	12
High—				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Government ...	8	2,911	...	47,355	...	...	65,765	982	1,14,102	39'3	836	...	...
Aided ...	33	8,861	37	42,872	1,352	770	1,82,044	28,315	2,55,353	28'7	3,263	...	...
Unaided ...	62	13,733	...	...	...	...	2,79,720	54,615	3,34,335	24'3	5,703	...	...
Total ...	103	25,505	37	90,227	1,352	770	5,27,529	83,912	7,03,790	27'6	9,822	...	...
Middle English—													
Government ...	11	1,120	...	650	3,971	1,052	12,957	1,503	20,133	17'9	537	...	...
Aided ...	176	14,775	377	18,194	34,326	3,660	1,65,335	69,425	2,90,940	19'2	7,084	29	...
Unaided ...	118	8,617	10	...	...	...	72,415	47,686	1,20,101	13'9	4,711	5	...
Total ...	305	24,512	387	18,844	38,297	4,712	2,50,707	1,18,614	4,31,174	17'3	12,332	34	...
Middle Vernacular—													
Government ...	24	1,344	...	...	14,394	...	6,749	632	21,775	16'2	877	...	...
Aided ...	14	597	284	4,754	1,591	370	4,545	5,469	16,729	18'9	452	60	...
Unaided ...	10	631	...	...	...	...	3,263	2,507	5,770	9'1	508	...	...
Total ...	48	2,572	284	4,754	15,985	370	14,557	8,608	44,274	15'5	1,837	60	...
Upper Primary—													
Government ...	29	993	53	11,925	1,865	...	1,536	...	15,326	14'6	653	50	...
Aided ...	543	21,494	1,435	41,115	37,147	1,375	50,330	23,779	1,54,046	6'7	12,841	412	...
Unaided ...	11	410	64	...	...	...	885	679	1,564	3'3	331	5	...
Total ...	583	22,897	1,552	63,040	39,012	1,375	53,051	24,458	1,70,936	6'9	13,825	467	...
Lower Primary—													
Government ...	1,041	34,811	1,452	1,07,781	23,879	930	56,751	5,239	1,96,580	5'4	23,106	821	...
Aided ...	6,241	119,903	38,638	2,02,130	1,26,489	8,242	1,88,688	53,914	5,79,463	3'6	82,353	29,587	...
Unaided ...	1,103	15,813	9,405	...	...	...	15,186	9,740	24,926	0'9	11,082	7,545	...
Total ...	8,385	170,527	49,495	3,09,911	1,52,368	9,172	2,60,625	68,893	8,00,969	3'6	116,541	37,953	...
Special—													
Training ...	18	431	12	52,638	...	...	1,272	13,334	67,304	151'9	259	...	...
Industrial ...	26	599	358	34,312	14,320	314	4,264	21,741	74,951	78'3	155	10	...
Other ...	303	8,197	1,734	25,409	11,637	2,404	19,003	44,944	1,03,397	10'4	7,673	1,733	...
Total ...	347	9,227	2,104	1,12,419	25,957	2,718	24,539	80,019	2,45,652	21'6	8,092	1,743	...
Total for Public Institutions.	9,771	255,240	53,859	5,89,195	2,72,971	19,117	11,31,008	3,84,504	23,98,795	7'7	162,449	40,257	...
Private Institutions ...	191	3,216	1,751	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,799	1,514	...
Inspection ...	...	...	...	1,18,093	2,676	240	...	380	1,21,389	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous charges (including cost of buildings, scholarships, etc.).	...	...	...	1,13,398	42,643	3,873	1,573	80,563	2,42,250	...	...	...	...
GRAND TOTAL FOR 1918-19.	9,962	258,456	55,610	8,20,686	3,18,490	23,230	11,32,581	4,65,447	27,60,434	8'8	165,248	41,771	...
GRAND TOTAL FOR 1917-18.	9,584	267,897	52,471	7,50,763	3,10,077	23,021	11,46,551	4,50,102	26,80,514	8'8	1,71,631	39,274	...

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